DIY Knowledge Organiser **Methods of Language Analysis**

Phonetics, phonology and prosodics

Phoneme – the basic unit of sound
Prosodics – volume, rhythm, intonation, pitch
Paralinguistic features –

Grammar

Morpheme – the smallest grammatical unit
Free morpheme – morpheme that also makes a word
Affix (or bound morpheme) –

Phrase –

Word class –

Pragmatics

Deixis – context-bound words, where meaning is dependent on who/what/when/where/why
Inference –

Implicature –

Discourse

Discourse markers –

Intertextuality –

Critical discourse analysis –

Lexis and semantics

Denotation – the literal meaning; dictionary definition
Connotation –

Synonyms –

Antonyms –

Hypernyms –

Graphology

Grapheme – smallest unit: letter or punctuation mark
Layout –

Typographical features –