

## سری دوم سوالات سایت انگو

دوستان عزیز، پاسخهای سوالات توسط هوش مصنوعی جمع آوری شده. به شدت تاکید میکنیم دقیقا همون پاسخها رو استفاده نکنید. به عنوان یک معلم زبان ازتون انتظار میره بتونید به راحتی به سوالات پاسخ بدین. این پاسخها صرفا برای دادن یک دید اولیه به شما آماده شده و هیچ تضمینی برای درست بودنشون نیست.

تو تو همیشه در کنار شماست. در صورت داشتن هر سوالی با شماره های پشتیبانی از طریق واتسایپ یا تلگرام در ارتباط باشید

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## Proficient:

**Explanation:** Being proficient means having a high level of skill or expertise in a particular activity or subject. When someone is proficient, they can perform tasks related to that skill smoothly and efficiently, often with great ease.

**Sentence:** She is proficient in playing the piano, effortlessly performing complex pieces that leave audiences in awe of her talent.

## Hit the sack:

**Explanation:** The expression "hit the sack" is an informal way of saying that someone is going to bed or going to sleep. It is often used when someone is very tired and ready to rest for the night.

**Sentence:** After a long day at work, filled with meetings and deadlines, I can't wait to hit the sack and get some much-needed sleep.

## Intense:

**Explanation:** Intense describes something that is very strong, powerful, or extreme in its nature or effect. It can refer to emotions, experiences, or even physical activities that are particularly forceful or vigorous.

**Sentence:** The competition was intense, with each team giving their best performance in a fierce battle to win the championship, leaving the audience on the edge of their seats.

## Generous:

**Explanation:** Being generous means being willing to give more of something, such as time, money, or kindness, than is strictly necessary or expected. Generous people are often seen as kind-hearted and selfless, willing to help others without expecting anything in return.

**Sentence:** He is a generous person, always ready to help those in need, whether it's by donating to charity or spending his weekends volunteering at the local shelter.

## Precise:

**Explanation:** Precise means being exact and accurate in every detail. When something is done with precision, it is performed with great care and attention to ensure that every aspect is correct and exact, leaving no room for error.

**Sentence:** The scientist's measurements were precise, ensuring that the results of the experiment were accurate and reliable, which was crucial for the success of the research project.

## Curious:

**Explanation:** Curious describes someone who has a strong desire to learn or know more about something. Curious individuals often ask questions and seek out new information because they are eager to understand the world around them.

**Sentence:** The curious child asked many questions about the stars, wanting to know how they twinkled in the night sky and what they were made of.

## Consequence:

**Explanation:** A consequence is the result or effect of an action or decision. Consequences can be positive or negative and often serve as a natural outcome of the choices we make, helping to shape future behavior.

**Sentence:** If you break the rules, there will be a consequence to face, such as losing privileges or having to complete additional tasks to make up for the mistake.

## Rock the boat:

**Explanation:** To "rock the boat" means to cause trouble or disturb a stable situation by introducing change or controversy. It often implies creating unnecessary problems or challenges in a situation that is otherwise calm and functioning well.

**Sentence:** He didn't want to rock the boat, so he kept his opinions to himself during the meeting, even though he had some strong ideas about how things could be improved.

## **Fed up:**

**Explanation:** Being fed up means feeling very tired, annoyed, or frustrated with something, especially after having endured it for a long time. It often indicates a sense of impatience or dissatisfaction with a particular situation.

**Sentence:** She was fed up with the constant noise from the construction site, which had been going on for months and disrupting her ability to concentrate on her work.

## **Keep an eye on:**

**Explanation:** To "keep an eye on" something or someone means to watch over or monitor them carefully, ensuring that they are safe or that nothing goes wrong. It implies a sense of responsibility for the well-being of the person or thing being watched.

**Sentence:** Please keep an eye on the baby while I cook dinner, making sure she doesn't get into anything dangerous or hurt herself while I'm busy in the kitchen.

## **Pollution:**

**Explanation:** Pollution refers to the introduction of harmful substances or contaminants into the environment, which can cause damage to the natural world and harm the health of living organisms. Common types of pollution include air, water, and soil pollution, all of which can have serious negative effects.

**Sentence:** The city is working to reduce pollution and improve air quality by implementing stricter regulations on factories and encouraging the use of public transportation to cut down on vehicle emissions.

## **Keep your chin up:**

**Explanation:** The idiom "keep your chin up" is used to encourage someone to stay positive and remain hopeful, even in difficult or challenging situations. It suggests maintaining a confident and optimistic attitude despite any hardships.

**Sentence:** Even though the project didn't go as planned, keep your chin up and remember that every mistake is a learning opportunity, and you'll do better next time.

## Have your hands full:

**Explanation:** When someone "has their hands full," it means they are very busy and have many tasks or responsibilities to manage. It often implies that they have so much to do that they may not have time for anything else.

**Sentence:** With three young children and a full-time job, she really has her hands full and finds it challenging to balance all her responsibilities.

## Inevitable:

**Explanation:** Inevitable means something that is certain to happen and cannot be avoided. It suggests that no matter what actions are taken, the outcome will occur because it is destined or unavoidable.

**Sentence:** Given the rapidly advancing technology, it seems inevitable that many jobs will be automated in the near future, changing the workforce landscape significantly.

## Improve:

**Explanation:** To improve means to make something better or to become better at something. It involves enhancing the quality, value, or performance of an object, skill, or situation over time.

**Sentence:** She practiced her presentation skills every day to improve her public speaking abilities, aiming to become more confident and persuasive in front of an audience.

## Put on hold:

**Explanation:** To "put on hold" means to temporarily stop or delay something, often with the intention of resuming it later. It implies a pause in progress, usually because of a need to address other priorities first.

**Sentence:** Due to budget constraints, the company had to put the new project on hold until additional funding could be secured, delaying its launch by several months.

## Call it a day:

**Explanation:** The expression "call it a day" means to stop working on something, usually because you have done enough for the day or because it is time to finish. It often suggests a sense of completion or satisfaction with the amount of work done.

**Sentence:** After finishing the final report and sending it to the client, they decided to call it a day and go out for a well-deserved dinner to celebrate their hard work.

## No pain, no gain:

**Explanation:** The phrase "no pain, no gain" means that you have to work hard and endure challenges or discomfort to achieve success or improvement. It emphasizes the idea that significant achievements require effort and perseverance.

**Sentence:** He reminded his team that no pain, no gain as they trained rigorously for the upcoming marathon, knowing that their dedication and hard work would pay off on race day.

## Cost an arm and a leg:

**Explanation:** The expression "cost an arm and a leg" means that something is very expensive. It suggests that the price is so high that it feels like a significant sacrifice or burden.

**Sentence:** The new smartphone costs an arm and a leg, but she decided to buy it anyway because of its advanced features and sleek design.

## Difference:

**Explanation:** A difference is a point or way in which people or things are not the same. It can refer to variations in opinions, characteristics, quantities, or other aspects that distinguish one thing from another.

**Sentence:** There is a noticeable difference between the two products in terms of quality and durability, which is why the more expensive one is often preferred by consumers.

## **Bite the bullet:**

**Explanation:** To "bite the bullet" means to face a difficult or unpleasant situation with courage and determination. It often involves accepting something tough or painful because it is necessary or unavoidable.

**Sentence:** Knowing that the surgery would be painful but necessary for her recovery, she decided to bite the bullet and schedule the procedure as soon as possible.

## **Suddenly:**

**Explanation:** Suddenly means happening quickly and unexpectedly, without any prior warning or indication. It often describes events or actions that occur abruptly, surprising those involved.

**Sentence:** The weather changed suddenly, with dark clouds appearing and heavy rain starting to pour down within minutes, catching everyone off guard.

## **On cloud nine:**

**Explanation:** The expression "on cloud nine" means feeling extremely happy or elated. It suggests a state of great joy and contentment, as if floating on a cloud.

**Sentence:** When she received the news that she had won the scholarship, she was on cloud nine, unable to contain her excitement and happiness.

## **Cut corners:**

**Explanation:** To "cut corners" means to do something in a cheaper, easier, or faster way by skipping important steps or ignoring rules. It often implies sacrificing quality or safety to save time or money.

**Sentence:** In an attempt to finish the project ahead of schedule, the team cut corners, which led to several errors and a final product that didn't meet the required standards.

## **Frequently:**

**Explanation:** Frequently means happening often or regularly. It indicates that an event or action occurs many times within a given period.

**Sentence:** She visits the gym frequently, making sure to work out at least three times a week to maintain her fitness and health.

## Tip of my tongue:

**Explanation:** The phrase "tip of my tongue" is used when you are trying to remember something but can't quite recall it at the moment, even though you feel it's just within reach of your memory.

**Sentence:** His name is on the tip of my tongue, but I can't remember it right now—I'll need a moment to think about it.

## Cue:

**Explanation:** A cue is a signal or prompt that indicates it is time to start or do something. It can be a word, action, or event that triggers a response or reminds someone to take a specific action.

**Sentence:** The director gave the actors their cue to enter the stage, and they began their performance right on time, following his signal precisely.

## Optimistic:

**Explanation:** Being optimistic means having a positive and hopeful outlook on life. Optimistic people expect good things to happen and focus on the bright side of situations, even when faced with challenges.

**Sentence:** Despite the setbacks, she remained optimistic about the future, believing that everything would work out for the best in the end.

## On thin ice:

**Explanation:** The expression "on thin ice" means being in a risky or precarious situation where something could go wrong. It suggests that one needs to be very careful to avoid trouble or danger.

**Sentence:** After missing several deadlines, he knew he was on thin ice with his boss and had to make sure he completed his next project on time to avoid serious consequences.



## Quietly:

**Explanation:** Quietly means doing something in a way that makes little or no noise. It can also refer to doing something without drawing attention or making a fuss.

**Sentence:** She quietly slipped out of the room so as not to disturb the meeting, closing the door gently behind her.

## Seldom:

**Explanation:** Seldom means not often or rarely. It indicates that an event or action happens infrequently or only on rare occasions.

**Sentence:** He seldom goes to the movies, preferring to watch films at home where he can relax in comfort.

## Petty:

**Explanation:** Petty means focusing on small, unimportant details or being overly concerned with trivial matters. It often suggests a lack of importance or significance in the grand scheme of things.

**Sentence:** Their argument was over something petty, like who should take out the trash, and it seemed silly to get so upset over such a minor issue.

## Significant:

**Explanation:** Significant means important or meaningful. It refers to something that has a major impact or influence and is worthy of attention or consideration.

**Sentence:** The discovery of the new species was significant for the scientific community, providing new insights into the ecosystem and its biodiversity.

## Transform:

**Explanation:** To transform means to change something completely, often in a positive way. It involves making a major alteration that results in a new form or state.

**Sentence:** The renovation project aimed to transform the old, dilapidated building into a modern, vibrant community center that everyone could enjoy.

## Sit tight:

**Explanation:** The expression "sit tight" means to wait patiently and stay in one place until something happens or until you are told what to do. It suggests remaining calm and not taking any action.

**Sentence:** The flight was delayed, so the passengers were asked to sit tight and wait for further updates from the airline staff.

## Bury the hatchet:

**Explanation:** To "bury the hatchet" means to make peace and resolve a conflict or disagreement. It involves forgiving past wrongs and moving forward without holding grudges.

**Sentence:** After years of rivalry, the two business partners decided to bury the hatchet and work together for the sake of the company's future.

## Tooth and nail:

**Explanation:** The expression "tooth and nail" means to fight or compete very fiercely and determinedly. It suggests a vigorous and relentless effort to achieve something or defend oneself.

**Sentence:** The candidates fought tooth and nail for the position, each one determined to prove they were the best choice for the job.

## Adapt:

**Explanation:** To adapt means to change or adjust in response to new conditions or environments. It involves becoming suitable for different situations by modifying behavior or actions.

**Sentence:** Moving to a new country required him to adapt to a different culture and language, but he embraced the challenge and learned quickly.

## Consistent:

**Explanation:** Being consistent means doing something in the same way over time, without significant variation. It involves maintaining a steady and reliable pattern or behavior.

**Sentence:** Her consistent effort and dedication to her studies paid off, as she graduated with top honors and received a scholarship for further education.

## Cool as a cucumber:

**Explanation:** The expression "cool as a cucumber" means being very calm and composed, especially in a stressful situation. It suggests someone who remains untroubled and relaxed, no matter what happens.

**Sentence:** Even during the intense negotiations, she remained cool as a cucumber, never showing any signs of stress or anxiety.

## Break the ice:

**Explanation:** To "break the ice" means to do something to relieve tension and start a conversation or interaction in a more relaxed and comfortable way. It often involves making the first move to help people feel at ease.

**Sentence:** He told a funny joke to break the ice at the beginning of the meeting, helping everyone to feel more comfortable and open to discussing their ideas.

## Latter:

**Explanation:** Latter refers to the second of two things or people mentioned. It is used to distinguish the second item in a pair from the first one, often indicating preference or focus on the more recent or last mentioned.

**Sentence:** Out of the two options, she preferred the latter, as it offered more flexibility and better opportunities for growth.

## Rain check:

**Explanation:** The expression "rain check" means to postpone an invitation or offer to a later date. It suggests that while you can't accept the invitation now, you would like to do so at another time.

**Sentence:** She had to take a rain check on their dinner plans because of a sudden work emergency, but she promised to reschedule as soon as possible.

## Burn bridges:

**Explanation:** To "burn bridges" means to destroy relationships or opportunities by acting in a way that makes future collaboration or reconciliation impossible. It often implies a final and irrevocable decision that cuts off any chance of going back.

**Sentence:** He decided not to burn bridges when leaving his job, ensuring he left on good terms so he could maintain professional relationships and potential future opportunities.

## Elaborate:

**Explanation:** To elaborate means to provide more details or information about something. It involves expanding on a topic to make it clearer and more comprehensive.

**Sentence:** When asked about her research, she took the time to elaborate on her findings, explaining the data and its implications in great detail.

## Swiftly:

**Explanation:** Swiftly means moving or happening quickly and smoothly. It suggests rapid action or movement without unnecessary delay.

**Sentence:** The team worked swiftly to complete the project ahead of schedule, ensuring all tasks were done efficiently and effectively.

## Hectic:

**Explanation:** Hectic describes a situation that is very busy and filled with a lot of activity or stress. It often implies a sense of urgency and a fast-paced environment.

**Sentence:** The days leading up to the event were hectic, with everyone rushing to finalize preparations and ensure everything was perfect for the big day.

## **Wrap it up:**

**Explanation:** The expression "wrap it up" means to finish or bring something to a conclusion. It suggests completing the final steps of a task or discussion.

**Sentence:** As the meeting went over time, the manager suggested they wrap it up and continue any remaining discussions in the next session.

## **Kick the bucket:**

**Explanation:** The expression "kick the bucket" is a colloquial way of saying someone has died. It is often used humorously or euphemistically to refer to death.

**Sentence:** The old man always joked about his age, saying he had a long list of things to do before he kicked the bucket.

## **Blessing in disguise:**

**Explanation:** The idiom "blessing in disguise" refers to something that seems bad or unfortunate at first but eventually turns out to be good or beneficial. It suggests that a negative situation may have a hidden positive outcome.

**Sentence:** Losing his job was a blessing in disguise because it gave him the opportunity to start his own business, which turned out to be very successful.