مرجع زبان ايرانيان

P

Frances Eales • Steve Oakes • Stephanie Dimond-Bayir

# Starter Workbook

with key









# PEARSON

ALWAYS LEARNING

# speakout 2ND EDITION

# Starter Workbook

with key



این مجموعه با لوگوی مرجع زبان ایرانیان به صورت نشر برخط و حامل به ثبت رسیده است. کپی برداری از آن خلاف قانون، شرع و اخلاق است و شامل پیگرد خواهد شد.

Frances Eales • Steve Oakes Stephanie Dimond-Bayir



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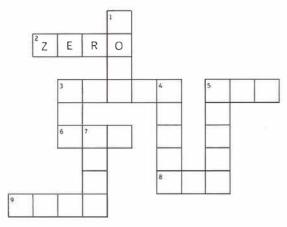
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### NUMBERS 1-10

**1** A Write the numbers in the puzzle.



Across	Down
<b>2)</b> 0	1) 4
<b>3)</b> 3	<b>3)</b> 2
<b>5)</b> 6	<b>4)</b> 8
<b>6)</b> 1	<b>5)</b> 7
<b>8)</b> 10	7)9
<b>9)</b> 5	

**B L**.1 Listen and write the next number. You hear: 1, 2 ... You write: 3

4
5
6

### INTERNATIONAL ENGLISH

**2** A Circle six words.



B What's the word stress? Complete the table with the words from Exercise 1A.

0	00	00
		hotel

C 🕞 L.2 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

### CLASSROOM LANGUAGE

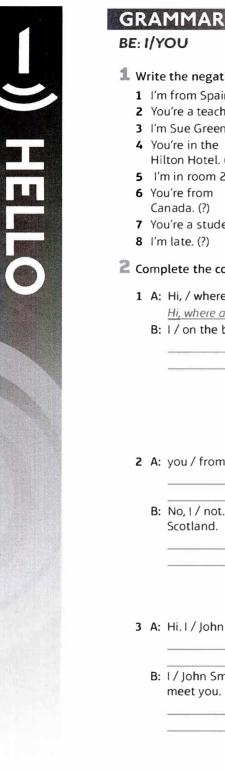
- 3 A Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
  - 1 understand. / don't / I I don't understand.
  - 2 Sorry, / page? / which
  - 3 you / Can / please? / that, / repeat
  - 4 English? / autobus / in / What's
  - 5 it, / say / you / Can / please?
  - 6 don't / I / Sorry, / know.

# **B** Complete the conversations with the sentences from Exercise 3A.

- **1** A: We don't use verbs that way in our language.**B:** I don't understand.
- 2 A:
- B: It's bus.
- 3 A:
- B: Seven.
- 4 A: I'm Marek.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_\_ A: Marek.
- 5 A: What's casa in English? B:
- 6 A: U-n-d-e-r-s-t-a-n-d.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_\_A: OK. Understand.
- C D L.3 Listen and check.

4 Add vowels (a, e, i, o, u) to complete the useful phrases.

- 1 G<u>o</u> od m<u>orni</u>ng
- 2 G\_\_dn\_ght
- 3 H\_ll\_
- 4 G\_\_d \_v\_n\_ng
- 5 G\_\_d \_ft\_rn\_\_n
- 6 H\_\_\_



# 1 Write the negative sentences (-) or questions (?). 1 I'm from Spain. (-) ,, I'm notom Spain **2** You're a teacher. (?) Are you a teacher? 3 I'm Sue Green. (-) 4 You're in the Hilton Hotel. (-) 5 l'm in room 2. (?) Canada. (?) 7 You're a student. (-) Complete the conversations using the prompts. 1 A: Hi, / where / you? Hi, where are you? B: I / on the bus. 2 A: you / from England? B: No, 1 / not. 1 / from Scotland. 3 A: Hi. I / John Smith. B: 1 / John Smith, too. Nice / meet you.

- **4** A: you / from / Australia?
  - B: Yes, / am. / I / from / Sydney.



### COUNTRIES

### **3** A Add the vowels to make countries.

- 1 (add a or e) <u>England</u> Ir\_l\_nd G\_rm\_ny
- 2 (add a or u) R\_ssi\_ \_\_str\_li\_ T\_rkey
- 3 (add a or o) J\_p\_n P\_l\_nd S\_uth \_fric\_
- 4 (add a or i) Ch\_n\_ Br\_z\_l Sp\_\_n \_t ly

# **B** What's the word stress? Complete the table with the countries in Exercise 3A.

<sup>1</sup> 0		
2 <b>00</b>		
England		
<sup>3</sup> 00		 
4 <b>0</b> 00		
⁵oOoo	_	

**C D** 1.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat.



### READING

4 A Read OpenChat and complete the information.

Who?	deni89	claudio327	vera99
Where now?	1 Mexico	3	5
Where from?	2	4	6

### B Write the name(s) of the speakers.

- 1 'Good evening.'
- 2 'Good afternoon!'
- 3 'Good coffee.'
- 4 'Are you in Europe?

OpenChat.com

- 5 'Bad pizza.'
- 6 'Hello!'

### WRITING

### CAPITAL LETTERS

W

- 5 Correct ten mistakes with capital letters in the sentences.
  - 1 I'm  $\forall$ kei Ling and i'm from beijing in China.
  - 2 I'm eva. I'm a Teacher from Germany.
  - 3 I'm maria, from Rome, and i'm a student of english.
  - 4 Good Morning. I'm Ahmet, from turkey.

deni89	claudio327	vera99
Good morning!		
	Good evening!	
Good evening? Are you in Europe?		
	No, I'm in Australia.	
Are you in Sydney?		
	No, I'm not. I'm in Perth.	
Are you from Australia?		
	No, I'm from Italy. I'm a tourist in Australia. Where are you from?	
l'm from Venezuela. But l'm in Mexico now.		
		Hello! Hello!
	Hello! Where are you?	
		I'm in Johannesburg, South Africa.
Are you from South Africa?		
		No, from Portugal.
But you're in South Africa so good afternoon!		
		Yeah. Good morning and good evening!
Are you in an internet café?		Yes, I am. And you?
l'm in a pizza restaurant.		
	Me too. I'm in a pizza restaurant!	
		Good pizza?
	No. Bad pizza. Good coffee. And you?	
		Good coffee. No pizza.



Claudio,

### JOBS

1 A Find eight jobs in the puzzle.

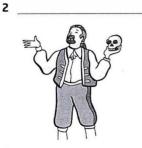


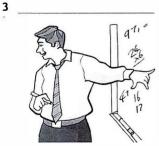
Write the jobs in the correct place under the pictures.



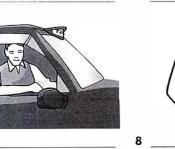


1









- **2** A Write *a* or *an* in the correct place in the sentences.
  - 1 I'm/ American student.
  - 2 You're New York taxi driver.
  - 3 Are you actor?
  - 4 I'm engineer from Madrid.
  - 5 I'm hotel waiter.
  - 6 Are you singer?
  - B 💽 1.2 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

### LISTENING

- 3 A D 1.3 Listen to the conversations. Where is each conversation? Circle the correct options.
  - 1 a) classroom
  - b) business conference
  - 2 a) hotel
    - **b)** hospital
  - Listen again and complete the information.

	Job	Country
Ed	student	
Cathy		
Misaki		
Anna		
Lynn Baker		
Jan	1	

### C Listen again and underline the correct alternatives.

- 1 Am I in the Japanese/English class?
- 2 No problem/thank you. I'm Ed.
- 3 And you, are you Spanish/English?
- 4 It's my first time/day here.
- **5** Look, here's a *doctor/nurse*.
- 6 Are you from Russia/Poland, too?

5

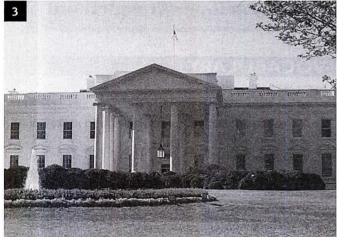
7

### GRAMMAR BE: HE/SHE/IT





STRUK N



**4** A Look at the pictures and complete the information.

- 1 <u>He's</u> in China.
- 2 <u>She's</u> from Lima.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ in the USA.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_ in France.

### Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 he / Where / is / China? / in Where is he in China?
- 2 is / Lima? / Where
- 3 it / Los Angeles / Is / in / Washington? / or
- 4 France? / she / is / Where / in

# C Look at the photos and circle the correct answers to questions 1–4 in Exercise 4B.

- 1 a) The Summer Palace b) The Great Wall
- 2 a) in Peru
- b) in Colombia
- 3 a) Los Angeles
- 4 a) Paris
- **b**) Washington
- b) Las Vegas
- 5 A Complete the conversations with the verb be. **Conversation 1** A: Good morning. I'1 \_\_m\_\_ Sylvia White. **B:** Ah, yes. Mrs White. You'<sup>2</sup> in Room 9. A: <sup>3</sup> Mr Martin here? **B:** Yes, he <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. He' <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ in Room 8. Conversation 2 A: Hi, Pat. Nice camera! B: Thanks. A: 6\_\_\_\_\_ it a Panasonic? **B:** No, it <sup>7</sup> . It's an Olympus. **Conversation 3** A: Hi, Helena! B: Oh, hello, Marcus. Marcus, this <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Jackie, from Australia. A: Hi, Jackie. Nice to meet you.<sup>9</sup> you here on holiday? C: No, l' <sup>10</sup> here on business. B 💽 1.4 Listen and check.

### THE ALPHABET

- **1** A Underline the letter with a different sound.
  - 1 S R N F
  - 2 A K J E
  - 3 G B I T
  - 4 H U W Q
  - 5 V C Y P
  - 6 X Z L D
  - B 💽 1.5 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

2 D 1.6 Listen and complete the names.

С	lass register		
	First Name	Surname	
1	Alexandra	Baecher	
2		Mancini	
3	Louise		
4		Watson	
5	Meilin		
6		Kean	

### FUNCTION

### **GIVING PERSONAL INFORMATION**

### 3 Write the questions in the conversation.

A: <sup>1</sup> What's your surname	?
B: It's Thompson.	
A: <sup>2</sup>	?
<b>B:</b> T-h-o-m-p-s-o-n.	
A: Thank you. <sup>3</sup>	?
B: Jack.	
A: And 4	?
B: l'm Irish.	
A: <sup>5</sup>	, Mr Thompson?
B: I'm a police officer.	•
A: Oh! 6	, sir?
<b>B:</b> 0782 1129 1827.	
A: Thank you, sir. One last question, sir.	
7	?
B: jthompson823@mail.net.	

A: Thank you very much.

### LEARN TO

### CHECK SPELLING

4 D 1.7 Listen to the information and correct the email addresses. There may be more than one mistake in each address.



# gorgelopez@toggle.com

### VOCABULARY

### NOUNS

### 5 A Put the letters in the correct order to make nouns.

- 1 amne name
- 2 breunm
- 3 neohp
- 4 meial
- 5 alytniianot
- 6 dsreads
- 7 mersuna

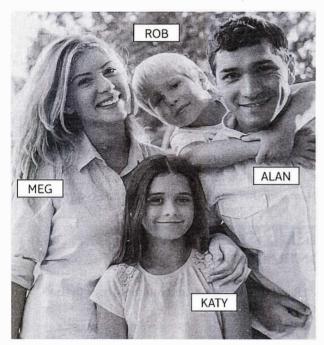
**B** Add vowels (*a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u*) to complete the sentences.

- 1 What's yo urname?
- **2** H\_ll\_.
- **3** \_'m fr\_m Sp\_\_n.
- 4 G\_\_d \_v\_n\_ng.
- **5** Th\_nk y\_\_.
- 6 Wh\_t's y\_\_r ph\_n\_ n\_mb\_r?
- **7** My s\_rn\_m\_'s Ly.
- 8 Anabella \_s \_ st\_d\_nt.

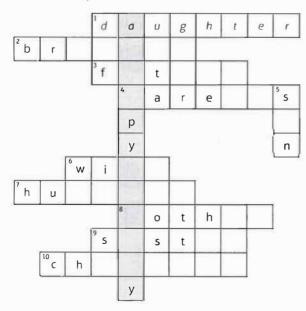
# 2.

### VOCABULARY

### FAMILY



Write the family words to complete the puzzle. In the grey boxes find the answer to the question: What's in the photo?



# **B** Look at the photo and the crossword. Write the family words.

Alan:	father	husband
Meg:		
Alan and Meg:		
Rob:		
Katy:		
Rob and Katy:		

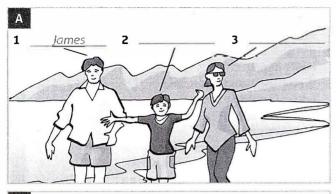
## GRAMMAR

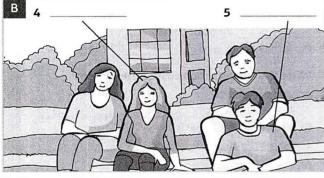
### BE: YOU/WE/THEY

- **2** A Complete the sentences with *you*, we or they.
  - 1 Magda and Wislaw are Polish, but <u>they</u> 're in England now.
  - 2 You and Sven are married, but \_\_\_\_\_\_ aren't happy.
  - **3** Yvette and I are friends, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ 're both twenty-one today.
  - 4 My friends are very nice, but \_\_\_\_\_\_ 're all on holiday.
  - 5 Chen and I are waiters in a restaurant, and 're good friends, too.
  - 6 His two brothers are in my class, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ 're good students.
  - 7 You and Toni are brother and sister, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ 're both chefs!
  - 8 My family is big, and \_\_\_\_\_ 're very close.
  - B Write the conversations using the prompts.
  - 1 A: you / students? Are you students?
    - B: No, / we /. We / teachers. No, we aren't. We're teachers.
  - 2 A: they / from France?
    - B: Yes, / they /. They / from Paris.
  - 3 A: you and Charlie / brothers?
    - B: No, / we /. We / friends.
  - 4 A: you / pilot?
    - B: No, / I /. I / actor.
  - 5 A: Jack and Diane / English?
    - B: No, / they /. They / American.
  - 6 A: your car / new?
    - B: No, / it /. It / old.

### READING

3 A Read texts 1–3 and match them with pictures A–C.







### 1

This is my mother and father, and my sister Jenny. And me, of course. We're at home in the garden. My other sister, Cindy, isn't in the photo – it's her camera! Jenny's a good sister, and a good friend. Cindy is nice, but she's never at home. (Ridy)

### 2

This is my grandfather, my grandmother, my brother Dan and me. We're in my flat in Newcastle. My grandfather's 86 in this photo. It's his birthday.

(Miranda)

### 3

This is me and my husband James. We're on holiday in Spain, on the beach. It's a good place for a holiday - it's very beautiful. This is our son, Tom. He's 12 years old.

(Sam)

Read the texts again and write the names on the pictures.

- C Write the names. Who says:
- 1 'It's a nice cake, Miranda! Thank you.' \_\_\_\_\_ Granddad\_\_\_\_
- 2 A: 'It's a beautiful beach! What do you think?'

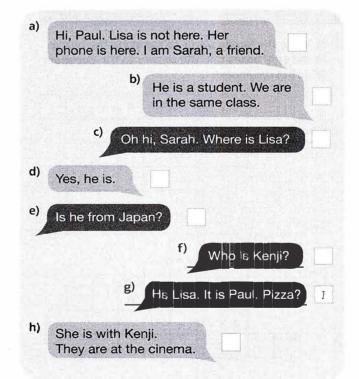
### B: 'I love it, Mum.'

- 3 'Hey, Mum. Where are Cindy and Ricky?'
- 4 'Happy Birthday, Granddad!'
- 5 A: 'I'm hot, Dad. Is the sea cold?' \_\_\_\_\_
   B: 'No, it isn't. It's nice.'
- 6 'I'm not in the photo. It's my camera!'
- Mum = mother Dad = father Granddad = grandfather

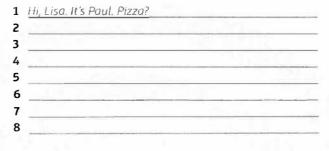
### WRITING

### CONTRACTIONS

A Read the messages and number them in the correct order.



# Rewrite the messages in the correct order using contractions.

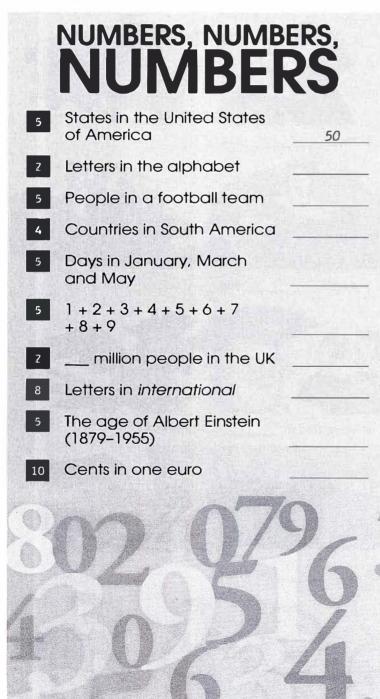


### NUMBERS 11-100

### 1 A Write the numbers.

1	64	sixty-	four	6		eleven
2		13	thirteen	7	45	
3	12			8		thirty-one
4			fifty	9	76	
5	100 _			10		twenty-six

B Complete the quiz with numbers from Exercise 1A. Use your dictionary to help you.



### LISTENING

Read the information about a radio programme. What jobs are in the information?



Today's programme is about people in families with the same job. We ask singers, actors, chefs and sportspeople, 'Your parents and family have the same job. Is it a problem?'

2.1 Listen to part of the radio programme and underline the correct alternatives.

1 a) His family are *actors/singers*.b) It *is/isn't* a problem.

1

2 a) Her family are chefs/sportspeopleb) It is/isn't a problem.

Listen again and complete the tables.

Person	Job	
Ben	actor	
His father		
His mother		
His sister		
ack		
Dave		

# PersonJobCelesteHer motherHer fatherHer sister

# GRAMMAR

### POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES

- 3 Underline the correct alternatives.
  - 1 <u>Their/They're</u> on holiday in Spain and their/they're hotel is on the beach.
  - 2 *l/My* job is in the city, but *l/my* house is in the countryside.
  - 3 *Our/We're* teacher is great, and *our/we're* very good students.
  - 4 The island? *Its/It's* small and *its/it's* beach is beautiful.
  - 5 My/l'm a taxi driver and my/l'm car is a Mercedes.
  - 6 Her/She father is American and her/she mother's Canadian.
  - 7 *Our/We're* hotel is nice, but *our/we're* in the city on business.
  - 8 My/I flat is small, but my/I'm alone.
  - 9 Its/It's my book, and its/it's a good book.

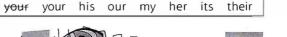
# 4 A D 2.2 Listen and circle the word you hear.

- 1 (her)/ his
- 2 she / her
- 3 she / he
- 4 He's / His
- 5 he's / his
- 6 our / their
- 7 our / their

### Listen again and write the sentences. Then listen and repeat.

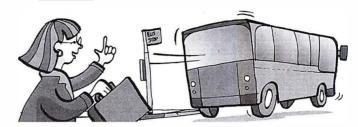
- 1 What's her job? 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_5 \_\_\_\_\_6
- 7

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. You don't need to use two of the words.





1 Is it your phone?



2 That's \_\_\_\_\_ bus!



3 It isn't \_\_\_\_\_ dog.



4 Wow! Who is

hairdresser?

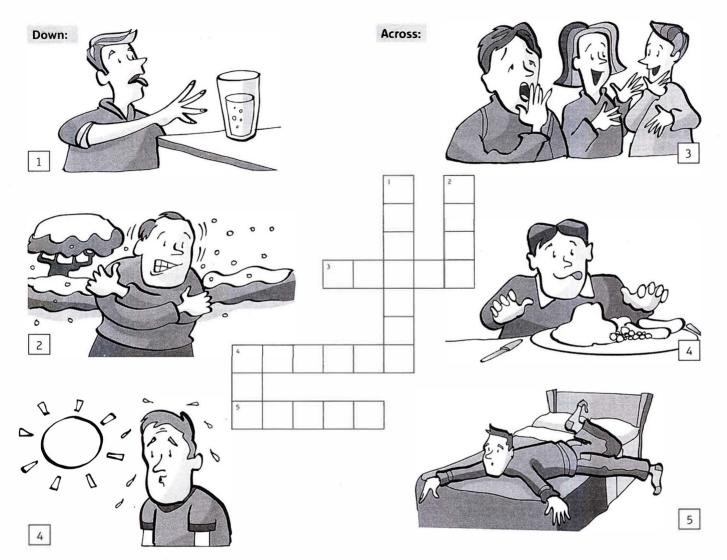


5 \_\_\_\_\_ taxi is here.



### FEELINGS

1 Look at the pictures and complete the crossword.



### FUNCTION

### MAKING SUGGESTIONS

**2** A Complete the conversation.

- A: Let's <sup>1</sup>h*ave* a break.
- B: No, let's <sup>2</sup>n\_\_\_\_\_ stop. <sup>3</sup>L\_\_\_\_\_ work.
- A: No, let's not "w\_\_\_\_\_ now.
- B: Why not? What's the <sup>5</sup>pr\_\_\_\_\_?
- A: <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_ tired!
- B: Oh. Yes, I'm tired, 't\_\_\_\_\_
- A: Let's <sup>8</sup>st\_\_\_\_\_.
- B: Good <sup>9</sup>i\_\_\_\_\_!
- **B >** 2.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

.

### **LEARN TO**

### **RESPOND TO SUGGESTIONS**

- **3** A **()** 2.4 Listen to the pairs of conversations. In which conversation, a) or b), does the person sound interested?
  - 1 b
  - 2 \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4
  - **B >** 2.5 Listen again and repeat.

### VOCABULARY REVIEW

1 Add the vowels to the words in each group.

1	
(add <b>o</b> or <b>e</b> )	
br <u>o</u> th <u>e</u> r	
tw_ntyn_	
busin_ssw_man	
b_r_d	
2	

ALC: NOT ALC	
(add e or i)	
tr_d	
ch_ldr_n	
_ng_nr	
s_v_nty	_ght
3	

2430038

(add <b>a</b> , <b>o</b> or <b>u</b> )
f_rty-fr
h_sb_nd
ctr
c_ld

(add e, i or u)
th_rsty
tax_dr_v_r
th_rty-f_v_
da_ght_r

In each group find: a job (J), a family word (F), a number (N) and an adjective (A).

brother F

C What's the word stress? Find six words with the pattern Oo.

0 0

brother

R1.1 Listen and repeat.

### GRAMMAR BE

Complete the text with the correct form of be in the positive (+) or negative (-).

# A family of pilots

Rafael Illanes<sup>1</sup> is from Brazil. He's a pilot from a family of pilots, 'My family <sup>2</sup> all over the world. My brother, Fabio, is a pilot with Aeroflot. He and his wife, Svetlana, <sup>3</sup> in Moscow, but Svetlana <sup>4</sup> Russian, she's Polish (and she isn't a pilot, she <sup>5</sup> a doctor).

My sister, Emilia, is in Korea, and she and her husband, Pehuen, <sup>6</sup> pilots, too. Their children, Luis and Antonia, 7 fifteen and seventeen.

My parents 8 from the city of Brasilia, but they<sup>9</sup> in Brazil now, they're in Greece. Their summer house <sup>10</sup> in a

village in the countryside in Greece. It's an old house and very beautiful. My parents are seventy-three years old and they're retired retired pilots!'



Where are you from?

### Write the questions for Rafael.

- 1 Where / you / from?
- 2 What / your / job?
- **3** your / brother / married?
- 4 Where / his / wife / from?
- 5 Where / Emilia and Pehuen?
- **6** How old / their children?
- 7 your parents / in Brazil?
- 8 their summer house / in the city?

### C Answer the questions in Exercise 2B.

1 I'm from Brazil. 2 3 4 \_\_\_\_\_ 5 6 7 8

## REVIEW 1: UNITS 1-2

RI

### GRAMMAR POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES

- 3 Underline the correct alternatives.
  Conversation 1
  A: Excuse me, are they 'you're/your children?
  B: Yes, they are.
  A: <sup>2</sup>They're/Their beautiful girls.
  B: <sup>3</sup>They/Their aren't girls! <sup>4</sup>They're/Their a boy and a girl.
  A: Oh, sorry.
  B: That's OK. <sup>5</sup>His/He's name's Mark and <sup>6</sup>she's/her's Jane.
  A: Well, <sup>7</sup>they're/their beautiful children!
  Conversation 2
  A: Are <sup>8</sup>you/your a tourist?
  B: No, I'm in Frankfurt on business.
  A: Oh, is <sup>9</sup>your/our business in Frankfurt?
  - **B:** <sup>10</sup>*My/lts* business is in London. <sup>11</sup>*My/lts* name is 'Compu-market'.
  - A: Is it a big business?
  - B: No, <sup>12</sup>its/it's very small.

### VOCABULARY THE ALPHABET

**4** A **N** R1.2 Listen and write the airport codes.

WORLD AIRPORTS				
1WAW	5	9		
2	6	10		
3	7	11		
4	8	12		

**B** Match the airport codes in Exercise 4A with the cities/countries in the box.

Warsaw, Poland	Ottawa, Canada	Seoul, Korea
Berlin,	Kuala Lumpur,	Ankara,
Germany	Malaysia	Turkey
Washington,	Moscow,	Beijing,
America	Russia	China
Helsinki, Finland	Rome, Italy	Amman, Jordan

C 🕞 R1.3 Listen and check.

# FUNCTION MAKING SUGGESTIONS; GIVING PERSONAL INFORMATION

# 5 A Complete the sentences with the words in the box. have restaurant go Good hours 'm 's not a) Yeah, me too. Let's <u>have</u> a drink. b) OK, OK. Let's <u>to the café</u>. c) Oh, no! Five <u>to the café</u>. c) Oh, no! Five <u>go to the café</u>. Let's go to the restaurant. e) <u>idea</u>! f) Yeah, five hours. Hey, 1 <u>thirsty</u>. g) Let <u>go to the café</u>. h) The ? No, the café.

Number the sentences in Exercise 5A in the correct order to complete the conversation.

- R1.4 Listen and check.
- **6** A Look at the information and write three questions.

# Adal Gonta 475-1672 adel237@smail.com

- 1 What's your name?
- B 💽 R1.5 Listen and check.
- C Listen again and correct the information.



### CHECK

		he correct option to complete the sentences.
1		Are you from Beijing?
		Yes,
		we're
		we are
_		we aren't
2		nry's
		singer
		a taxi
		a singer
3		l'm tired.
		Oh, stop.
		let not
		let's not
		let not's
4		Are you married?
		Yes, Mark is my
	'	brother
		father
		husband
5		Is she an actress?
	В:	No,
		isn't
		she not
		she isn't
6		nat'sname?
		it's
	b)	
		its
7	He	's from
		the USA
	b)	USA
		American
8		Am I right?
		Yes,
		you're
		your
		you are
9		's a good
		wait
	b)	waiter
		wayter
10		sit down.
	'	Let
		Let we
	c)	Let's

c) Let's

- 11 A: What's your nationality?
  - **B:** I'm
  - a) a singer
  - b) Italy
  - c) Brazilian
- 12 |\_\_\_\_\_ Scott.
  - a) 're
  - **b)** ′m
  - **c)** be
- 13 \_\_\_\_\_ engineers.
  - a) They're
  - **b)** Their
  - c) There
- 14 A: Are they your cats?
  - B: Yes. \_\_\_\_\_ names are Ralph and Wally.
  - a) Our
  - **b)** Their
  - c) Her
- 15 A: I'm hungry.
  - B: Me too. Let's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **a)** eat
  - **b)** read
  - c) have a drink
- 16 Jess \_\_\_\_\_ English.
  - **a)** is
  - b) she
  - c) aren't
- 17 Is Lynn your \_\_\_\_\_?
  - a) parents
  - b) children
  - c) daughter
- 18 What \_\_\_\_\_\_ surname?
  - a) 's your
  - **b)** 's
  - c) your
- 19 A: How old are you?
  - **B:** I'm \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) thirteen-seven
  - **b)** thirty-seven
  - $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{c}}\boldsymbol{\mathsf{)}}$  thirty and seven
- 20 A: Where are you from?
  - B: I'm from \_\_\_\_
  - a) Russian
  - b) Russia
  - c) Rusha

### THINGS

**1** A Find eight objects.



### **B** Write the plural of the words in Exercise 1A.

 1
 tablet computers
 5

 2
 6

 3
 7

 4
 8

### C Write the plural of the words.

1	phone number	phone numbers
2	country	
3	classroom	
4	businessman	
5	bus	
6	student	
7	university	
8	child	
9	hotel manager	
10	glass	

### READING

- **2** A Check *invention* in your dictionary. Which inventions 1–8 are in the pictures?
  - 1paper5pizza2email6chocolate
  - 3 pencil 7 wheelchair
  - 4 aspirin 8 margarine









**B** Where are inventions 1–8 from? Match the country and the invention.

Italy	USA	German	y France
Mexico	Spa	in Eng	land China

C Read the text and check your ideas.

# Where are they from?

Great inventions are international, but where are they from? Where is the wheelchair from? How about aspirin? And chocolate? Read and find out!



It's no surprise that pizza is from Italy, the invention of an Italian baker, Raffaele Esposito. Switzerland is famous for chocolate, but chocolate is in fact from Central America, from Mexico. And what about another food, margarine? Well, margarine is the invention of a Frenchman, Hippolyte Mège-Mouriès.

### Communications

The word 'paper' is from the Egyptian word 'papyrus', but paper is one of the great inventions of ancient China. And the pencil? That's from England. Now we don't communicate on paper very much, but by email. Email is the invention of an American, Ray Tomlinson. Tomlinson's first email was QWERTYUIOP!

# Health

Aspirin is from Germany, the invention of Felix Hoffman, for his ill father. And how about the wheelchair? The wheelchair is a Spanish invention. The first wheelchair was for King Philip II of Spain in 1554.

Cover the text and write the invention for 1–5. Then read the text again and check your answers.

pizza

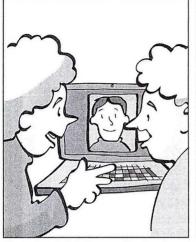
- 1 Raffaele Esposito
- 2 Felix Hoffman
- 3 Hippolyte Mège-Mouriès
- 4 King Philip II of Spain
- 5 Ray Tomlinson

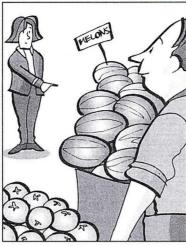
# GRAMMAR

irLanguage.com

THIS/THAT/THESE/THOSE

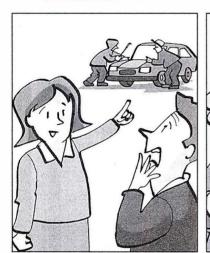
**S** Complete the conversations with *this, that, these* or *those*.





1 <u>This</u> is my friend, Dave. 2 Are Dave, is Jim.

Are \_\_\_\_\_ from Spain?



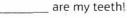


- 3 ls\_
- your car? 4

6 Are

in

**5** What's \_\_\_\_\_ English?





\_your keys?

A Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

this that these those is (x2) are (x2)
--

this

- **1** Is  $\bigwedge$  your book here on the table?
- 2 What are boxes here on my chair?
- 3 This my friend, Domingo.
- 4 These my parents, Steve and Beth.
- **5** Is a number 43 bus over there?
- **6** Are your books over there?
- 7 Who that woman with Harry?
- 8 Who those children?

Underline six examples of /s/ in the sentences in Exercise 4A.

Is this your book?

Circle nine examples of /z/ in the sentences in Exercise 4A.

Othis your book?

D 💽 3.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

- Make the sentences plural.
  - 1 This is my friend. These are my friends.
  - 2 That's her brother.
  - 3 Is that your chair?

**4** This is the new student.

- Make the sentences singular.
- 1 Are those pictures old?

2 These are my business cards.

3 Who are these students?

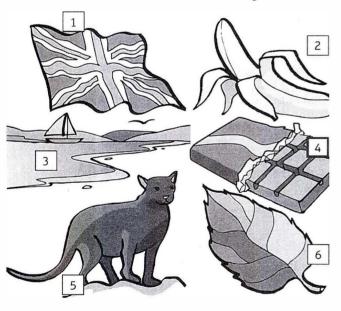
4 Those are Susan's keys.

### COLOURS AND CLOTHES

1 Find six words for colours and six words for clothes.

	1							
Т	S	W	E	Α	Т	E	R	Н
R	В	R	0	W	Ν	S	S	А
0	J	Т	G	Е	Н	А	Т	В
U	F	К	S	Q	D	U	D	L
S	W	W	Н	Ι	Т	Е	Ζ	U
Е	J	В	Ι	Ρ	γ	М	W	Е
R	Α	L	R	К	Е	R	Е	D
S	к	А	Т	S	Н		R	Т
J	A	С	К	Е	Т	Р	Х	Ν
Ν	X	К	Υ	Е	L	L	0	W

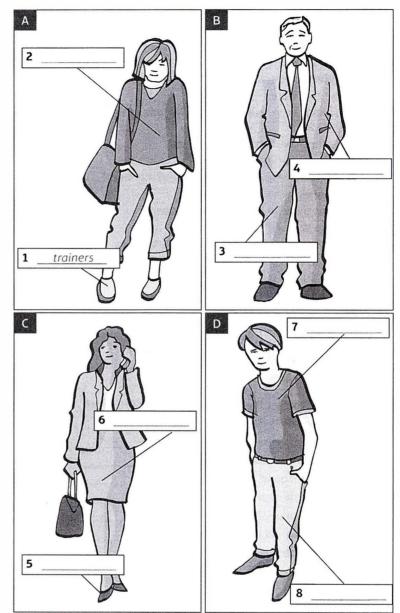
**2** Write the colour(s) of the things.



- 1 <u>red</u>, and
- 2
- 3
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_

### LISTENING

**3** A Write the names of the clothes.



**B** 3.2 Listen to the conversations. Match the speakers with three of the pictures.

Speaker 1	
Speaker 2	
Speaker 3	

C Listen again. What is the speaker's favourite colour? Underline the correct alternatives.

Speaker 1	red / green / black
Speaker 2	blue / yellow / white
<b>C</b> 1 <b>D</b>	

Speaker 3 brown / black / red

D What's your favourite colour? Why? Write two sentences.

## 3.2

### GRAMMAR

### **POSSESSIVE 'S**

4 Add one 's to each conversation.

- A: What is Lena / job?
   B: She's a teacher.
- **2** A: Where is Nasra coffee?
  - B: It's over here.
- 3 A: Is Andy room number three *four* one or three *two* one?
  - B: Let me check. It's three four one.
- **4** A: Who is that man over there?
  - B: Oh, that's Paulo. He's my husband manager.
- 5 A: How old are Kamal brothers?
  - B: Ali is thirteen and Omar is fourteen.
- 6 A: Who is Pilar?B: She's one of Maria friends from university.
- 7 A: Is this your bag, Andy?B: No, that's a woman bag!
- 8 A: What's your mother name?B: It's Olivia, Olivia Marr.
- 9 A: What's Lidia nationality?B: I think she's Argentinian.
- **10 A:** Where's my coat? **B:** It's on Felipe chair.

### **5** Look at 's in the sentences. Is it possessive (P) or is?

1	Our cat's name is Ebony.	Р
z	What's her surname?	is
3	Li's in Tokyo on business.	
4	Krystina's husband is Scottish.	
5	Sydney isn't Australia's capital city.	
6	Where's my phone?	
7	My brother's a doctor in Uruguay.	
8	A teacher's job is difficult.	

### WRITING

### LINKERS AND, BUT

- **6** Complete the replies with and or but.
  - **1** That's a nice watch.
    - a) Thanks. It's Swiss <u>and</u> it's very good.
    - b) Thanks, \_\_\_\_\_\_ it isn't my watch. It's my daughter's watch.
    - c) Thanks, it's nice, \_\_\_\_\_\_ it's not very good.
  - **2** Are you cold?
    - a) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'm tired.
    - **b)** No, \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'm tired.
    - c) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'm fine.
  - 3 Is your coat black?
    - a) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ that isn't my coat.
    - **b)** No, \_\_\_\_\_ my coat is in my car.
    - c) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ that's my coat, thanks.
  - 4 Are those sunglasses new?
    - a) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ they're good.
    - **b)** No, \_\_\_\_\_\_ they're good.
    - c) No, \_\_\_\_\_\_ they're reading glasses, not sunglasses.
  - 5 What's the homework?
    - a) Two pages in the workbook. Pages 65 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 66.
    - **b)** Pages 65 \_\_\_\_\_ 66 in the workbook.
    - c) I think it's this page, \_\_\_\_\_ please check with Dimitri.
  - 6 Hi, Chris. Is this your sister, Anne?
    - a) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ her name's not Anne. It's Anna with an 'a'.
    - **b)** Yes, this is Anne \_\_\_\_\_\_ this is her friend, Carole.
    - c) This is Anne, \_\_\_\_\_\_ she's my friend, not my sister.

### FOOD AND DRINK

Add vowels to make food and drink.

Hot drinks	Cold drinks
't <u>ea</u>	<sup>3</sup> C_1_
<sup>2</sup> c_ff	4m_n_r_l w_t_r
F	food
5	c_k_
<sup>6</sup> S_1	ndw_ch
<u> </u>	lidw_cli

### FUNCTION

### **ORDERING IN A CAFÉ**

**2** 🕑 3.3 Listen and complete the orders.

### 1

### Table 3

2 <u>egg</u> sandwiches, <u>bread</u>, 1 espresso, 1

### 2

Table 5

1 mineral water (\_\_\_\_\_\_ cakes.

### 3

Table 10

)

- **3** Put the words in the correct order to complete the conversation.
  - A: morning. / Good Good morning.
  - B: we / two / mineral / Can / waters, / have / please?
  - A: sparkling? / Still / or
  - B: please. / still, / One / one / sparkling / and
  - A: else? / Anything
  - B: you. / thank / No,
  - A: that? / is / much / How
  - B: euros / That / five / fifty. / 's

### **LEARN TO**

### SAY PRICES

4 Write the prices in dollars (\$), euros (€) or pounds (£).

1	\$15.30
	fifteen dollars thirty
2	£19.50
3	€11.25
4	€8.10
5	\$22.75
6	£1.99

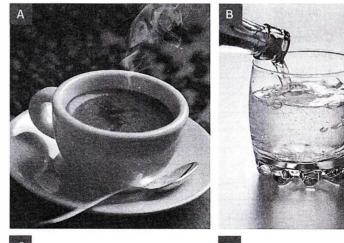
### VOCABULARY

### OBJECTS

### 5 Match 1–6 with a)–f).

1	sparkling 🚽	_	a) bread
2	egg		<b>b)</b> cake
3	chocolate		c) euros
4	white	1	d) sandwich
5	espresso	$\sim$	e) coffee
6	three	-	f) water

**6** Match the pictures with four answers from Exercise 5.







VO	CABU	LARY		READ	NG			
	BPHRAS				n forum entries	1–3 with r	photos A–C.	
co 1 2 3 4	s         t         u         d           h	n a <b>n</b> office room		Travo Where us what	el Forun are you no at's differen	n: Wh w? Send t about	at's d 1 us a ph it for yo	lîfferent? oto and tell
6 7 8	lw lte d			the c and t We'r peop	ld market are hey have bea e here on holi	very diffe utiful old day and l he big pr	erent. The jewellery like it ver oblem for	market is big and pottery. y much – the me is well,
1	a) drive	to a café <b>b)</b> go a car <b>b)</b> go	c) de	here. very the s	ame as in film	taxis are say 'Have s. That's c	black. The a nice day lifferent. l	
3 4	a) drive	English <b>b)</b> study eight hou	<b>c)</b> like rs a dav	have 3 Wha samb is on	my winter clo t's different? 1 a, lambada, b the beach. Th	othes. They have ossa nova at's differ	music, mu – it's grea rent. We d	usic everywhere: at. The city on't have
	a) do a) like	<ul> <li>b) study</li> <li>homeword</li> <li>b) have</li> <li>pizzas</li> <li>b) work</li> </ul>	<b>c)</b> live <b>c)</b> have	my fa queij		with an es ad). The o	presso an	d, too. I'm in d a hot 'pao de ıtiful, but it has
7 8	<b>a)</b> go	at univers b) study home b) go	<b>c)</b> work	A			в	
yc	ou. I like	the sentences				P		
2	I live			C				
		ork						
		- H-2						
				1	the text again a	and comple		e. e problem?

### What is one problem? a) it's very hot 1 c) b) 2 a) c) b) a) 3 c) b)

# کی میڈی (مادے ایرانیان

### GRAMMAR

### PRESENT SIMPLE: I/YOU/WE/THEY

3 Look at the information in the table. Then complete the sentences about Brenda and her friends at university in Madrid.

	Me (Brenda)	Maria and Laura
1 speak Spanish	×	1
2 read the newspaper	✓ online	×
3 drive	1	1
4 study	✓ 4 hours/day	×
5 work	×	✓ restaurant in evenings
<b>6</b> listen to music	🗸 radio	✓ smartphone
7 like football	1	1

- 1 Maria and Laura <u>speak</u> Spanish (they <u>are</u> Spanish), but they <u>speak</u> English with me. I <u>don't speak</u> Spanish.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_\_ the newspaper online. They the newspaper – they aren't interested in the news.
- 3 We all \_\_\_\_\_, but we don't have a car.
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ for four hours in the evening. They aren't very good students and they \_\_\_\_\_!
- 5 In the evening they \_\_\_\_\_\_ at a restaurant they're waitresses, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the same music. They \_\_\_\_\_\_ to music on their smartphones, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the radio.
- 7 We \_\_\_\_\_\_ the same football team, Real Madrid.

4 Write questions and short answers using the prompts.

1 A: vou / have / brother? Do you have a brother? B: (+) Yes I do. 2 A: I / write / my name here? **B:** (+) **3** A: we / work / in the evenings? ? **B:** (-) **4** A: your children / like / the countryside? ? **B:** (-) **5** A: your parents / live / in the city? ? **B:** (+) **6** A: you / study / Spanish? ? **B:** (+)

### **5 A** Complete the questions.

- A: What <sup>1</sup> 's your name?
- B: Philip, Philip Moore.
- A: Where <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_?
- **B:** I live in London and Prague.
- A: Why <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ in two cities?
- **B:** Because my job's in London and my family's in Prague.
- A: Who 4\_\_\_\_\_ with?
- **B:** I live with my wife and two children in Prague. In London I live alone.
- A: What <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_?
- B: I'm a hotel manager.
- A: Where <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?
- B: I work in an office in the hotel.
- B Listen and check.

**C** Underline the stressed words in the questions in Exercise 5A.

What's your name?

Listen again and repeat.

### WRITING

### LINKERS AND, BECAUSE

6 Read the forum entry and cross out the incorrect alternatives.

# Why are you in ... Paris?

I'm a student in Paris <sup>1</sup>and/because I study French at university. I'm in France <sup>2</sup>*and/because* my parents work here; my father's a businessman <sup>3</sup>and/because my mother's a teacher. I don't live with my parents <sup>4</sup>and/because they live in the countryside, 150 km from Paris. I live in a flat in the city <sup>5</sup>and/because I walk to the university. I don't have a computer in my flat <sup>6</sup>and/because I have a phone with internet, <sup>7</sup>and/because I write emails on my phone. I love big cities <sup>8</sup>and/because on holiday I always go to cities. I think Paris is a beautiful city <sup>9</sup>and/because it has a lot of old buildings, but I don't like the winter <sup>10</sup>and/because it's cold.

### GRAMMAR

### **PRESENT SIMPLE: HE/SHE/IT**

### **1** A Write the *he/she/it* form of the verbs.

want	wants	7	say	
do		8	read	
teach		9	know	
listen		10	watch	
ask		11	write	
stop		12	go	
	want do teach listen ask stop	do teach listen ask	do        8         teach        9         listen        10         ask        11	do        8 read         teach       9 know         listen       10 watch         ask       11 write

### **B** 3 4.2 Listen and write the verbs from Exercise 1A next to the correct sound.

/s/ wants,		
/2/		
/12/		
,,		

2 Look at the pictures and write sentences using the words in brackets ().



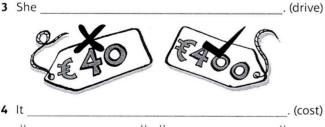
. (live) 1 She doesn't live in Rome. She lives at home



2 He



3 She







### LISTENING



**3** A **>** 4.3 Listen to the radio programme and circle the correct alternative.

The name of the company is Twin Taxi Company because:

- a) It has two taxis.
- b) The drivers are twins.
- c) The company is in Twin City.

B Listen again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Angela and Matt have one taxi.
- 2 Their taxi company is open at night.
- **3** They don't like their job.
- 4 Angela and Matt both have children.
- 5 They're husband and wife.
- 6 They don't see each other.

(play)

. (have)

### **C** Complete the sentences with the numbers in the box. You don't need two of the numbers.

11 26 6 1 17 4 36 2

- **1** Matt drives 11 hours a day.
- 2 Angela and Matt are \_\_\_\_\_ years old.
- 3 Matt has children.
- 4 Matt's daughter is \_\_\_\_\_ years old.
- **5** Angela's daughter is \_\_\_\_\_ years old.
- 6 Angela and Matt have coffee together at \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning.

D Listen again or read audio script 4.3 on page 74 and check.

6 She

### DAYS; TIME PHRASES

4 A Put the letters in the correct order to make days of the week.

🗉 Saydun

# seaduTy

<sup>3</sup> shuTyard



🗉 sandyWeed

🖻 dynaMo

# 🛽 aSadyurt

- Sunday 1 5 2 6 7 3 4

B 🕟 4.4 Listen and check.

C Listen again and underline the word stress.

5 Look at the diary and calendar. Write the time phrases.

Sunday

MAY	20th
8.00	
9.00	Dentist
10.00	
11.00 .	
12.00	
1.00	
2.00	Meet Dad
3.00	Meet Dad
4.00	
5.00	
6.00	
7.00	Theatre
8.00	
9.00	
10.00	
11.00	Taxi home
12.00	
Sec. 1	

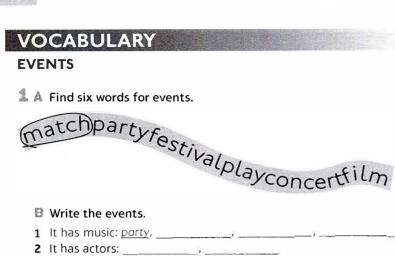
MON	TUE	WED	THUR	FRI	SAT	SUN
1 Coffee with Annick 5pm	2	3 Swim Ipm	4	5	6	7
8	9	10 Swim Ipm	11	12	13 Stay at o	14 Grandma
15	16	17 Swim <del>7</del> рт	18	19	20	21
22 Englísh class 11-12	23 Englísh class 11-12	24 English class 11-12 Swim Fpm	25 Englísh class 11-12	26 Englísh class 11-12	27	28
29	30	31 Swim 7pm				

- 1 Dentist: in the morning 2 Meet Dad: 3 Theatre: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 4 Taxi home: \_\_\_\_
- 5 Coffee with Annick: on Monday
- 6 Swimming:
- 7 Stay at Grandma's: \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 English class:

### **A** Underline the correct alternatives.

- 1 A: When are the English lessons?
  - B: We meet in/at/every Tuesday and Thursday at 7p.m.
- 2 A: See you on Friday!
  - B: OK. Let's meet in/at/every the evening for coffee.
- 3 A: Do you have work this week?
- B: Yes, I work on/at/every day, and at the weekend, too.
- 4 A: Why are you so tired?
  - B: I work in the/at/on night and go to university in the/at/on morning. I don't sleep!
- 5 A: Are you here tomorrow?
  - B: Yes, I'm here in/on/every morning, but not in/at/on the afternoon.

**B ()** 4.5 Listen and check. Then listen again and say the conversation with the speakers.

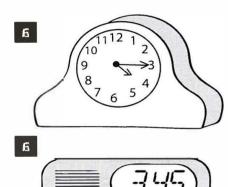


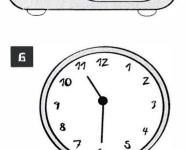
FUNCTION

3 It has a ball:

### **TELLING THE TIME**

2 Match the times to the clocks.



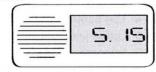


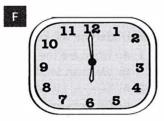


E

- 1 half past eleven
- 2 quarter past four
- 3 six o'clock
- 4 quarter to five

В	71 72 1
	$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & 2\\ 9 \leftarrow & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
	87,54
	No N







- 5 half past twelve
- 6 quarter to four
- 7 twelve o'clock
- 8 quarter past five

### Write the times in words.

- **5** 12.45
- **6** 8.00 \_\_\_\_

# € ▶ 4.6 Listen and tick (✓) the times you hear.

	an		
1	a) 1.00 🗸	<b>b)</b> 11.00	<b>c)</b> 10.00
2	<b>a)</b> 5.45	<b>b)</b> 6.15	<b>c)</b> 5.15
3	<b>a)</b> 12.45	<b>b)</b> 11.45	<b>c)</b> 11.15
4	<b>a)</b> 8.30	<b>b)</b> 5.30	<b>c)</b> 9.30
5	<b>a)</b> 6.45	<b>b)</b> 3.45	<b>c)</b> 6.15
6	<b>a)</b> 11.00	<b>b)</b> 7.00	<b>c)</b> 5.00
7	<b>a)</b> 4.15	<b>b)</b> 4.45	<b>c)</b> 2.15
8	<b>a)</b> 3.30	<b>b)</b> 2.00	<b>c)</b> 2.30

### LEARN TO

### CHECK TIMES

**3** A Put the sentences in the correct order to make conversations.

### **Conversation 1**

- a) Half past nine. OK, thanks.
- b) Half past nine.
- c) Sorry?
- d) What time's the football match?
  e) The football match? At half past
- nine. Conversation 2
- Conversation 2
- a) At seven? OK. Let's go!b) Maybe. What time does it start?
- c) Do you want to go to a party?
- d) It starts at seven.

B 2 4.7 Listen and check. Then listen again and say the conversation with the speakers.

### VOCABULARY

### **EVENTS AND TIMES**

- 4 Cross out the 'odd one out'.
  - 1 concert/ festival/work/party
  - 2 quarter past/half past/quarter to/clock
  - 3 afternoon/morning/ten o'clock/night

R2

### GRAMMAR PRESENT SIMPLE

L A Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

be say drive (x2) do have (x2) think play (x2) know live ask watch (x2)

# Actor or doctor?

Vince Chambers <sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> is an actor, not a doctor. But on TV he's Dr Jenkins, on the TV series Emergency! 'I<sup>2</sup> (not) about illnesses ; <sup>3</sup> Chambers. me questions about illnesses all the time. 'But people 4 They 5 I'm a doctor because I'm a doctor on TV.' In real life Chambers is very different from his TV character, Dr Jenkins. Dr Jenkins<sup>6</sup> a big house,<sup>7</sup> a yellow Porsche, and <sup>8</sup> golf every weekend. Chambers \_\_\_\_\_ in a big house, but 10 (not) golf, and he 11 (not) a Porsche. Dr Jenkins 12 sport every evening, and he 13 (not) TV. 'I <sup>14</sup> (not) time for sport,' says Chambers, 'but I 15 football on TV every Saturday. But I'm happy. I don't want a Porsche, I don't like golf. And I don't want to be a doctor.' \* illness: you have an illness = you are ill.

Put the words in brackets in the correct place to make questions for Vince Chambers.

- 1 Are a doctor? (you)
- 2 Do think you're a doctor? (people)
- 3 Why do think you're a doctor? (people)
- 4 Where do live? (you)
- **5** Do play golf? (you)
- 6 What do do at the weekend? (you)
- 7 Are happy? (you)
- 8 Do want a Porsche? (you)

### C Write Vince's answers to the questions in Exercise 1B.

1	No. I'm not. I'm an actor.
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

### FUNCTION TELLING THE TIME; ORDERING IN A CAFÉ

- Put the words of each line in order to make poems (lines 2 and 4 end with the same sound).
  - 1

A: it / is / time / What / now? B: three. / to / quarter / It's A: have / let's / coffee. / So / a B: I / Can / a / tea? / have What time is it now?

### 2

A: is / film / eight. / The / at B: good, / ten! / it's / Oh / at A: eight! / ten, / Not / at / it's B: again? / that / you / Can / say

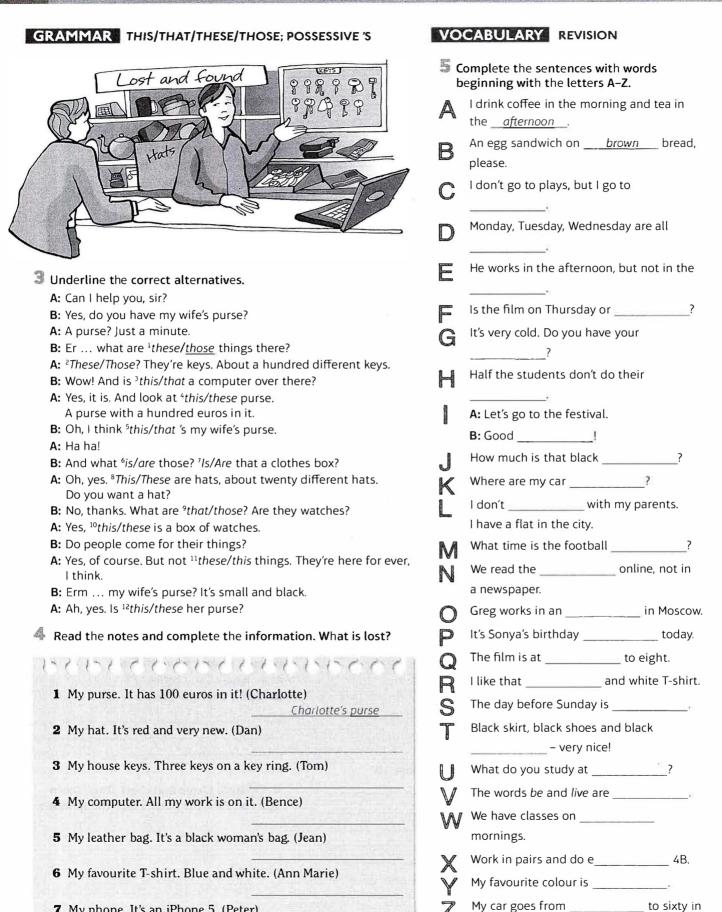
### 3

A: have / I / water? / Can
B: still? / Sparkling / or
A: want / I / I / sparkling. / think very / I / ill. / feel

### 4

A: hungry. / tired / I'm / and B: let's / break. / have / So / a A: a / have / Can / coffee? / I B: cake? / have / I / Can / a

R2.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and say the poems with the speakers.



ten seconds.

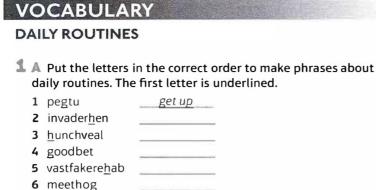
7 My phone. It's an iPhone 5. (Peter)

### CHECK

- Circle the correct option to complete the sentences.
- 1 Excuse me, is my bag.
  - a) this
  - b) that's
  - c) those
- 2 The \_\_\_\_\_\_ is hot!
  - a) business card
  - b) coffee
  - c) keys
- 3 English?
  - a) Speak you
  - b) Do you speak
  - c) Do you speak the
- 4 Let's \_\_\_\_\_ Greece.
  - a) go
  - b) go in
  - c) go to
- \_\_\_\_\_your books? 5 Are
  - a) this
  - b) those
  - c) thise
- **6 A:** What time is it?
  - B: It's eleven.
  - a) half past
  - **b)** half to
  - c) one half
- is blue. 7
  - a) Michael's hat
  - b) Michael hat's
  - c) Michael his hat
- 8 She \_\_\_\_ English.
  - a) studies not
  - **b)** doesn't study
  - c) doesn't studies
- a coffee, please? 9
  - a) Can I
  - b) I can have
  - c) Can I have
- **10** Look! The water is a beautiful colour!
  - a) brown
  - b) blue
  - c) yellow

- 11 A: I'm cold! B: Oh, here's my \_\_\_\_\_. a) sweater b) T-shirt c) trousers 12 What's phone number? a) Tesses **b)** Tess her c) Tess's 13 The is in the \_\_\_\_\_. a) printers, car b) clock, table c) picture, box 14 ls it quarter \_\_\_\_\_ or quarter \_\_\_\_ three? a) past, to b) half, to c) past, at 15 A: A mineral water, please. B: Still ? a) or sparkling **b)** or please c) and sparkling 16 They \_\_\_\_\_ in an office. a) not work b) no work c) don't work 17 The day after Monday is \_\_\_\_\_. a) Thursday b) Tuesday c) Sunday 18 We go to a café \_\_\_\_\_ morning. a) in b) at c) every
- 19 George \_\_\_\_\_\_a car.
  - a) has
  - b) haves
  - c) haz
- 20 I live a) with my family
  - b) a car
  - c) in house

RESULT /20



7 tookgrow

B Number the verbs in order of time of day.

get up 1

### READING

Read the text. Which actions are in the picture?

# An English teacher writes ... 10 things that drive me crazy

I love my job. I really like teaching English and my students are great. But sometimes they drive me crazy! I don't like it when a student:

- 1 comes to the class late every day.
- 2 talks on his or her phone or sends texts in the lesson.
- 3 doesn't finish the homework, or doesn't do it.
- 4 has food or drink in the lesson.
- 5 looks at his or her computer all the time.
- 6 listens to his or her smartphone in the lesson.
- 7 doesn't answer my question but only looks at me.
- 8 speaks his or her language and doesn't speak English.
- 9 looks in his or her dictionary twenty times in the lesson.
- 10 comes to class ill or tired.

Are you a student? Do you do these things? Maybe you drive your teacher crazy!

### B Who says these sentences? The teacher (T) or a student (S)?

### a) 'Where is your homework, Wu?' b) 'No entiendo.' c) 'Are you OK, Janine? You don't look well.' d) 'Please close that. You don't understand a word? Please ask me.' e) 'Hi, Estella. It's me. Shhh. I'm in class.'

- f) 'Chris? Chris? CHRIS! Listen to me, not your music. Thank you.'
- g) 'The lesson starts at nine o'clock, Jamal, not half past nine.'
- h) 'But I'm thirsty.'

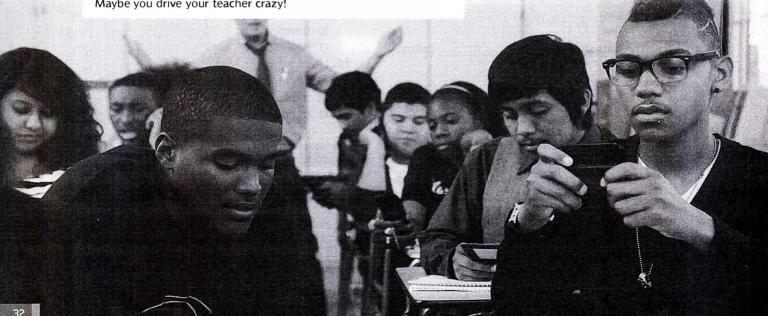
### Match the sentences in Exercise 2B with eight of sentences 1-10 in the text.

a) <u>3</u>	b)	c)
d)	e)	f)
g)	h)	

### Read the text again and complete the sentences in the positive (+) or negative (-).

A good student of English:

- 1 doesn't speak in his or her language in the class.
- 2 the homework.
- 3 to the class early.
- food in the class. 4
- 5 cola in the class.
- to the teacher and 6 not to a smartphone.
- 7 texts in class.
- the teacher 8 questions in class.



### GRAMMAR

### PRESENT SIMPLE QUESTIONS: HE/SHE/IT

3 A Look at the teacher's notes about Calvin. Is Calvin a good student, do you think?

# Calvin Cavalieri

- I comes to class on time (at nine o'clock)
- 2 asks questions in class /
- 3 listens to the answers X
- 4 speaks English in class 🗶
- 5 writes in the class blog  $\checkmark$
- 6 reads English books X
- 7 watches films in English 🗸
- 8 does his homework X

### B Write questions about Calvin.

Does Calvin come to class on time?
Does he

C Cover the text and write short answers to the questions in Exercise 3B. Then read the text again and check.


■ 5.1 Look at the different pronunciation of *does* in the question and the short answer. Then listen to questions 1–8 and repeat.

Does Calvin come to class on time? /dəz/ Yes, he does. /dʌz/



**4** A Look at the table and complete the questions about Maria.



	riana, norming mounter	riadja, riana s adag.iter
gets up	at 7a.m. every day	at 8a.m. in the week and at 11a.m. at the weekend
in the morning	has coffee and makes a sandwich for <b>N</b> adja's lunch	reads her emails and has coffee
after breakfast	goes to work	goes to school
all day	works in a bank	goes to classes
friends	meets her friends for tea after work	meets her friends at a café after school
in the evening	watches the news on TV	plays games on the internet or phones her friend
goes to bed	at 10p.m. in the week and at 12a.m. at the weekend	at 11.45p.m. on school nights and at 1a.m. at the weekend

- 1 When <u>does</u> she <u>get up</u>? At 7a.m.
- 2 What \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning? Coffee.
- 3 What \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ for Nadja's lunch? A sandwich.
- 4 Where \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_\_ after breakfast? To work.
- 5 Who \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ in the afternoon? Her friends.
- 6 What \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_\_ on TV in the evening? The news.
- 7 What time \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_\_ to bed at the weekend? At 12a.m.

### B Look at the answers and write the questions about Nadja.

- 1 When does Nadja get up at the weekend? At 11a.m.
- 2

3

5

6

Her emails.

To school.

4

At a café.

### She plays games on the internet.

Her friend.

7

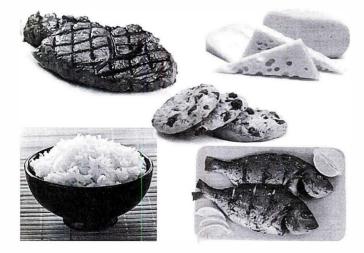
At 11.45p.m.

### FOOD

**1** A Look at the pictures. Find eight kinds of food.



E	Α	S	Т	A	Е	С	L	0	В
E	D	т	А	F	G	н	А	D	I
F	Е	Е	н	М	Ρ	E	S	γ	S
U	С	А	J	к	L	Е	Т	С	С
R	I	к	S	F	I	S	н	H	U
I	м	R	В	А	R	E	D	Т	Ι
С	н	1	С	к	Е	N	A	Ν	Т
E	D	S	N	L	0	E	G	G	S

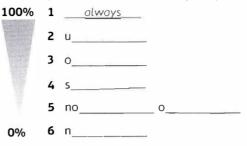


- **1** B Add *a*, *e*, *i* or *u* to make food names.
  - **1** fr<u>u i</u>t
  - 2 v\_g\_t\_bl\_s
  - 3 p\_zz\_
  - 4 m lk
  - 5 l\_tt\_c\_

### GRAMMAR

### ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

**2** A Complete the adverbs of frequency.



**B** Look at the information about a woman's lifestyle in the month of May. Do you think she is a dancer or a doctor?

gets up at eight	31 days
has breakfast	0 days
does sport in the morning	9 days
eats pizza	2 days
drinks water with her lunch	28 days
works in the evening	23 days
is hungry at night	31 days

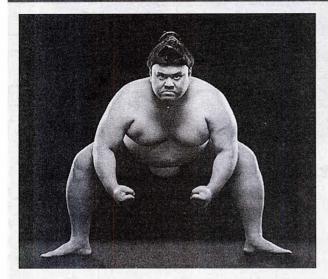
# C Write sentences about the woman. Use adverbs of frequency.


### 3 Add the adverbs in brackets to the sentences.

- 1 He's hungry because he eats a lot. (never, always) He's never hungry because he always eats a lot.
- 2 I go to bed late and I'm tired. (often, usually)
- 3 They have money, but they're happy. (not often, always)
- **4** We study for the test, but we get 100%. (never, usually)
- 5 It's hot here, but it's very cold. (not often, never)
- 6 She gets home late, but she has dinner with her family. (sometimes, always)

### LISTENING

Radio You: What do you eat? 11a.m.



At 180 kilograms, many people ask George Palakiko `How do you do it? How are you so big?,' Today on *What do you eat*? we talk to Palakiko in person and get surprising answers to these questions.

### A Read the programme information. Do you think sentences 1–6 are true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 He's from Japan.
- 2 He doesn't have breakfast.
- 3 He does sumo training in the morning.
- 4 He eats junk food (pizza, hamburgers).
- 5 He drinks beer.
- **6** He sleeps in the afternoon.

**B** 5.2 Listen to the programme and check your answers.

### C Listen again. What do the numbers mean?

a)	7	He gets up at 7.
b)	12	
c)	6	
d)		
e)	10	

### D Listen again and underline the correct alternatives.

- 1 Everyone asks/has that question.
- 2 What's a typical/usual day?
- 3 I'm very/never hungry in the mornings.
- 4 We have/eat lunch together.
- 5 It's a/with chicken, dish/fish and vegetables.
- 6 Let's go to/have lunch.

# WRITING

### LINKERS TO SEQUENCE

- 5 A What is your perfect weekend? Underline the correct alternatives for you.
  - 1 | get up early/late/the same time as in the week.
  - 2 I do things alone/with my friends/with my family.
  - 3 I go to the countryside/go to the city/stay at home.

**B** Read about Sally's perfect weekend. Is it the same or different from your perfect weekend? Tick (✓) the things that are the same.

# My perfect weekend

(by Sally)

on Saturday I don't get up. First I sleep all day.<sup>2</sup> I get up at six in the evening and have breakfast. I make a tea and go online.<sup>3</sup> that I go to a party or I go to bed. 4 on Sunday I get up at ten or eleven o'clock. My friends come to my flat and we talk. 5 that we go out and walk, but not very far. 6 we have dinner in a nice restaurant.

C Complete the text in Exercise 5B with the linkers in the box.

Finally First After (x2) Then (x2)

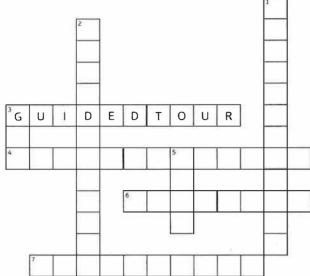
D Add four commas (,) to the text.

5 Write about your perfect weekend (60–80 words).

### VOCABULARY irLanguage.com

### HOTEL SERVICES

**1** A Where are the people? Complete the crossword with the hotel services.



### Across

- 3 'Is that the Sydney Opera House?'
- 4 'Can I have dollars, please?'
- 6 'Do you have postcards?'
- 7 'Can I have steak and vegetables, please?' Down
- 1 'Come in! The water's lovely!'
- 2 'A haircut, please.'
- 3 'I don't have my trainers. Are these shoes OK?'
- 5 'Can I have one of those cakes and a coffee, please?'

What's the word stress? Put the words from the crossword in the correct place in the table.

<sup>1</sup> O	
<sup>2</sup> Oo	
<sup>3</sup> 000	
<sup>4</sup> 0o0	
guided tour	
50000	

### **2** A Look at the information and write the questions.

- 1 When does the guided tour leave 2 What time \_\_\_\_\_ ? 3 When ? ? 4 How much
- from? 5 Where \_\_\_\_

B 🕟 5.4 Listen and check.

FUNCTION

ASKING FOR INFORMATION

Guided tour of the city

Every hour from 10a.m.

Ticket office open (9a.m.)-(5p.m.

(25 euros)

**Bus leaves** from ticket office

1

2

3

4

5

C Listen again and write one piece of extra information for each question.

1	There's isn't a guided tour at five today.
2	>>
3	
4	
5	

### **LEARN TO**

### **USE TWO-PART EXCHANGES**

3 A D 5.5 Listen to three conversations. Which phrase in the box is not in the conversations?

That's a shame. Great. You're welcome. You too. Right. Thank you.

### Listen again. Match 1–5 with responses a–e.

- 1 Can I help you? -
- 2 ... I'm sorry.
- a) You're welcome. -b) Yes. What time is lunch?
- 3 Yes, we do.

5 Great. Thanks.

- c) Right. Thank you.
- 4 It opens at 10 and
  - closes at 4.
    - d) That's a shame. e) Great.

C 💽 5.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

# PLACES

Find eight places. Some places are in two parts. One word appears twice.

_			_		-	-	-	_	
Р	н	А	R	М	А	С	Y	1	М
R	Е	S	Т	Α	U	R	А	Ν	Т
G	Р	0	0	G	С	Т	к	Т	А
М	W	I	A	Ρ	н	0	Ν	Е	С
Α	F	Х	F	L	к	L	W	R	А
С	W	Z	E	S	A	м	R	Ν	S
н	0	Т	E	L	Т	В	L	Е	н
Ι	W	Ν	T	Α	G	Е	Ν	Т	S
N	С	А	F	E	С	N	Е	W	S
Е	Α	F	E	Р	Α	Y	F	L	T

#### Match the sentences with places in the puzzle.

**1** You have a sandwich and a drink in this place.

café

- **2** You write an email and have a coffee here.
- **3** You get a room for the night here.
- 4 You phone a friend from here.
- 5 You buy a newspaper here.
- **6** You put your card in and take your money out here.
- 7 You have a good dinner here.
- 8 Are you ill? Go to this place.

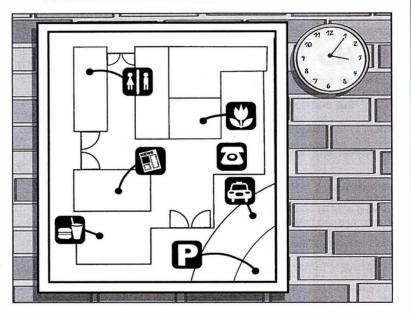
# **C (b)** 6.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and answer the questions.

- 1 Which places have two syllables? café,...
- 2 Which places have three or more syllables? internet cafe, ....

# GRAMMAR

# THERE IS/ARE

- Write the sentences.
  - 1 ✓ cafés ✗ internet cafés There are cafés, but there aren't any internet cafés.
  - 2 ✓ cash machine X money exchange
  - 3 ✓ restaurant X waiters
  - 4 X buses ✓ taxis
  - 5 X computer 🖌 printer
  - 6 ✓ five men ✗ women



Write questions for places 1–8. Then look at the picture and write short answers.

# 1 snack bar Is there a cafe? Yes, there is. 2 internet café 3 payphones 4 cash machines 5 newsagent's 6 toilets 7 hairdresser's 8 clock

4 A Look at the photo. Do you think the train station is in Tibet, the USA, Spain, Turkey or England?



Read the article and check.

# No trains? Great!

People don't usually like waiting in train stations. They feel bored, and there's nothing interesting to see or do. But that's not true in these train stations!

- 1 Tanggula Mountain Railway Station, Tibet, is at 5,058 metres. The Tanggula mountains and the river are a beautiful sight. It's a lovely place to wait for a train.
- 2 Union Station in Washington DC, USA, is the number one place for many tourists. It's over 100 years old, there are 130 shops, and many restaurants and cafés. The station is a great place to bring your family for a dinner, and people never feel bored – there's so much to do and see.
- 3 Atocha Station in Madrid, Spain, has trees inside the station, so people walk around and drink coffee in the middle of a beautiful green jungle.
- 4 Haydarpasa Station in Istanbul, Turkey, is almost an island. It stands in the sea, and has water on three sides. There are boats from the station.
- 5 Pickering Station in Yorkshire, England, is a small town station with an old-time atmosphere. There's a hairdresser's and an old tea room. Once a year the people there dress in 1940s clothes.
- C Read the article again and match headings a)-e) with paragraphs 1-5.
- a) Beautiful viewsb) Shop and eat all day
- c) No train? Take a boat!
- d) What year is it now?
- e) Green all around

#### Read the article again. What is the same about:

- 1 stations 3 and 4? They are both in cities.
- 2 stations 1 and 4?
- 3 stations 2 and 5?

# WRITING

# STARTING AND ENDING AN EMAIL

5 A Look at the sentences from emails. How many emails are there?

#### Regards,

Hi Lesley,

My computer is big, my desk is small and my office is cold.

Are you free on Friday evening?

Jim

Derrick Jameson

Please get me a small computer, a big desk and a new sweater.

See you soon,

Is 8 o'clock OK?

Let's have dinner at the Chinese restaurant.

Dear Ms Clements,

I am happy in my job, but there's a problem.

Write W (work email) or F (email to a friend) next to each line above.

Regards, W Hi Lesley, F

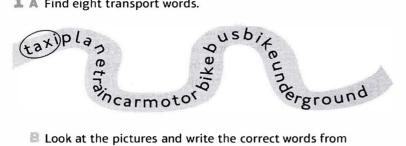
C Write the emails in full.

1 Hi Lesley,

2 Dear Ms Clements,

# TRANSPORT

**1** A Find eight transport words.

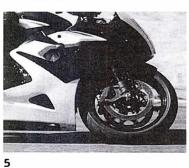


Look at the pictures and write the correct words from Exercise 1A.

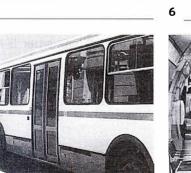








7









# LISTENING

A D 6.2 Listen to three conversations. Which places a)-e) are the speakers in?
a) a bus
b) an underground train
c) a plane
d) a car
e) a taxi
Conversation 1:
Conversation 2:
Conversation 3:

Listen again and underline the correct alternatives.

#### **Conversation 1**

- a) They want North/South Street.
- b) They're from New York/New Zealand.
- c) They know/don't know Belfast.

## Conversation 2

- d) He wants a black/white coffee.
- e) It's 2.45/3.15 in Moscow.
- f) It's hot/not hot in Moscow.

#### **Conversation 3**

- g) She wants to go to Summer Street/ Old Street.
- h) She is with two/three children.
- i) The café is five/nine stops.

#### **C** Listen again and underline the correct alternatives.

- 1 A: Do you want/have any bags? B: Yes, these, but they're fine/OK here.
- 2 A: Yes, the Garden Hotel/Restaurant. B: Right, I like/know it.
- 3 We're on holiday here for two/three weeks.
- 4 And do you read/know about the weather?
- 5 Enjoy your drink/food.
- 6 Do you go to the town/city centre?
- 7 That's two fifty/sixty.
- 8 I don't know/like the town.

# A/AN, SOME, A LOT OF, NOT ANY

- Complete the sentences with the correct form of be and a/an, some, a lot of or not any.
- 1 Emails? There 's an internet café on our top floor.

2 Good local transport.

- you have a private

money exchange on

every street.

3 There \_

beach!

4 There

- INTERNET CAFÉ 100 MINUTE S
- METRO
- E
- HOTEL INFORMATION OPEN 3PM -3.15PM

4 A Underline the correct alternatives in the conversations.

#### **Conversation 1**

- A: Can I have a/an coffee and a/an coffee and a/anplease?
- B: Sorry, we don't have 'some/any cakes.
- A: What? But this sign says 'cakes'.
- **B:** Yes, but there are 'some/a lot of people here today.
- A: OK, can | have <sup>5</sup>a/an egg sandwich then?

## Conversation 2

- A: Excuse me. I don't speak Spanish. Do you have <sup>6</sup>a/any newspapers in English?
- **B:** Yes, there's <sup>7</sup>*a*/*an* American newspaper here, but it's from yesterday.
- A: You don't have <sup>8</sup>a/an English newspaper?
- B: No, we usually have <sup>9</sup>some/an English newspapers, but not today.

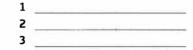
#### Conversation 3

A: Hello, I want to study English and I have <sup>10</sup>a/some questions.

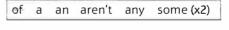
#### B: OK.

- A: Are there  $\frac{11}{any}/a$  lot of students in the classes?
- B: No, we have small classes only twelve students in a class. There aren't <sup>12</sup>some/any big classes.

## Where are the conversations in Exercise 4A?



5 A Put the words in the box in the correct places in the sentences. You don't need to use one of the words.



**1** There are a lot  $\bigwedge$  words on this page.

- 2 Words on this page have four letters.
- 3 There are names of people on the page.
- 4 There any words with twelve letters.
- 5 This sentence doesn't have letter 'B' in it.
- 6 There aren't numbers on the page.
- Tick ( / ) the sentences that are true.

- 5 A: \_\_\_\_\_\_ there tourist information centre in town?
  - B: No, but there

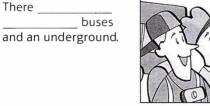
information centre here in the hotel.

6 Romantic dinners! There lovely

old restaurants near the sea.







tourists

friendly

# TRAVEL

- **1** A Add vowels to complete the words.
  - 1 s<u>ingle</u> t<u>icket</u>
  - 2 t\_ck\_t \_ff\_c\_
  - 3 r\_t\_rn t\_ck\_t
  - 4 p\_ss\_ng\_r
  - **5** m\_nthly p\_ss
  - **6** g\_t\_
  - B 🜔 6.3 Listen and check.

C Listen again and count the number of syllables. Where's the main stress?

1 Four: single ticket

# FUNCTION

# **BUYING A TICKET**

- A Correct ten mistakes in the conversation.

  - A: A ticket in Canberra, please.
  - B: Single and return?

to

- A: Return, please.
- B: For today?
- A: Sorry, no, on tomorrow.
- B: What do you want to go?
- A: At afternoon.
- B: And when you do want to come back?
- A: On Friday, when the morning.
- B: OK, that eighty-three dollars.
- A: When time's the bus?
- B: There's one at quarter to nine.
- A: When does it arrive for Canberra?
- B: At quarter to eleven.
- A: Thanks a lot.
- B 🜔 6.4 Listen and check.

# LEARN TO

# CHECK NUMBERS

- **3** A Complete the conversations. Write the number in words and underline the stress.
  - 1 A: It's bus number 39.
    - B: Sorry? 29? A: No, thirty-nine.
  - 2 A: That's 49 euros. B: Sorry? 45?
    - A:
  - 3 A: The plane leaves from gate 58.B: Sorry? Gate 88?
    - A: \_\_\_\_
  - 4 A: The bus leaves at 5.15.B: Sorry? 4.45?
    - A: \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5 A: I'm 54 years old. B: Sorry, 64? A:

**B (b)** 6.5 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat.

VOCABULARY

# TRANSPORT

#### 4 A Complete the table with the words in the box.

train	single	monthly p	ass car	ticket	office
gate	return	platform	station	plane	bus

places	type of ticket	ways of travelling
gate		

# **4 B** Complete the conversation with words from Exercise 4A.

- A: A ticket to Dresden, please.
- B: <sup>1</sup> Single or <sup>2</sup>
- A: A single, please.
- B: Forty-one euros, please.
- A: Thanks. What time does the <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ leave?

?

?

- B: Ten o' clock.
- A: Which 4\_\_\_\_\_

# B: Number 2.

# VOCABULARY REVISION

## A Write the correct spelling.

undergrund	underground
busses	
vedgtables	
gided tour	
have brekfast	
chiken	
go to beed	
moterbikes	
tiket office	
biscits	
swiming pool	
newagent's	
have diner	
pessenger	
	undergrund busses gided tour have brekfast chiken go to beed moterbikes tiket office biscits swiming pool newagent's have diner pessenger

#### Write words from Exercise 1A which can complete the sentences. Use each word once only.

- 2 What time do you \_\_\_\_?
- **3** There's a in the station.
- 4 I often eat \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 There are cars and \_\_\_\_\_ in the street.

## **GRAMMAR** PRESENT SIMPLE QUESTIONS: HE/SHE/IT; ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

- Read paragraph 1 of the text and choose the best headline.
  - a) I WATCH PASSENGERS
  - b) ARE YOU A BAD PASSENGER?
  - c) 99 PASSENGERS A DAY

#### Complete the questions about the bad passenger.

- 1Does he havea lot of bags? (have)2about the bus times?
- (where/ask)
  3 \_\_\_\_\_\_at the café? (what/do)
  4 \_\_\_\_\_in the station?
- (what/read) to the bus? (when/get
- to the bus? (when/get)
  his ticket? (where/have)
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_\_ on the bus? (what/eat)
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ thank you? (say)

My name's Eric Roamer. I'm a bus driver. I love my job and 99 out of 100 passengers are great, but number 100 is THE BAD PASSENGER. You see him in the bus station and you know him. How do you know? It's easy. Watch him buy a ticket. Watch him at the café. And watch him on the bus.

2

3

He doesn't go to the information desk. He goes to the ticket office and asks questions about the bus times, with people waiting behind him. In the café he reads the menu for ten minutes and then he gets a coffee. In the bus station he reads a newspaper, but not his newspaper – another passenger's newspaper. He doesn't buy newspapers.

The bus leaves at ten. The bad passenger gets to the bus at one minute to ten, usually with four bags. But where's his ticket? It's in a bag, but there are four bags and he doesn't know which one. He finds his ticket, after five minutes. So 7 times out of 10, the bus leaves late.

On the bus he often eats fast food and chocolate and then he leaves the paper on the seat. And of course, at the end of the journey, he never says thank you. He says, 'It's too hot on the bus,' or 'It's too cold,' or 'We're late.' I say, 'Have a nice day!'



C Read paragraphs 2–4 and answer the questions in Exercise 2B.

4	

Read the text again. Then complete the sentences with the correct adverb in brackets.

#### n't often

- There are k bad passengers on buses. (not often/ never)
- 2 The bad passenger asks questions at the information desk. (usually/never)
- 3 He asks questions at the ticket office. (always/ sometimes)
- 4 He has a lot of bags. (usually/not often)
- **5** The bus is late because of the bad passenger. (often/never)
- 6 He says, 'It's hot on the bus.' (sometimes/always)

**R**3

# FUNCTION ASKING FOR INFORMATION AND BUYING A TICKET

- **3** A Match jobs 1–3 with information A–C.
  - 1 train ticket office assistant
  - 2 tourist information assistant
  - 3 hotel receptionist

# **Restaurant meal times**

Breakfast: 1\_\_\_\_\_ to 2\_\_\_\_\_ Lunch: 3\_\_\_\_\_ to 4\_\_\_\_\_

Dinner: <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ to <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ You're welcome for coffee and

desserts between meals!

# B Tourist Information

# Old town bus tour:

<sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_, 1.30, <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

IIICe.

# Summer theatre in the park:

Monday: Concert at <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_p.m. Price: <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

Tuesday: Theatre at <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_p.m. Price:<sup>13</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

TICKET

C

# Return ticket

London to Brighton Departure: <sup>14</sup> o'clock

Price: <sup>15</sup>

**B R**3.1 Listen to the conversations and complete the information in A–C.

# **C** Complete the questions with two words.

- 1 Is \_\_\_\_\_\_ café in the hotel?
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant open for dinner?
- 3 What \_\_\_\_\_\_ it leave?
- 4 How \_\_\_\_\_\_ it cost?
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ the next train to Brighton?
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_\_ you want to come back?

**D N** R3.2 Listen and check. Then listen and say the conversations with the speakers.

## **GRAMMAR** THERE IS/ARE; A/AN, SOME, A LOT OF, NOT ANY

**4** A Underline the correct alternatives.

# Travellers' Tips:

# Sicily in January

Eight reasons why it's a good time to go.

- 1 There <u>are/aren't</u> any people on the beach in January. In summer there *is/* are a lot of people, and it's very noisy.
- 2 Yes, the beach is cold, but *some/any* hotels have swimming pools.
- **3** There are *a lot/a lot of* empty hotel rooms.
- 4 Some hotels *has/have* low prices in winter.
- 5 It's not hot in winter. Summer is very hot on *some/lot of* days it's over 40°C.
- 6 On every street there's *a/an* Italian restaurant with great pasta and *a/an* friendly waiter.
- 7 There's/are snow on Mount Etna great for skiing!
- 8 There's *a*/some golf course and it's not expensive in winter.

# **B** Complete the tourist's questions about transport in Sicily.

- 1 <u>Is there</u> a train from Palermo airport to the city centre?
- 2 taxis from the airport?
  3 an underground in
- Palermo? 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_ buses in Palermo?
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_\_a plane from Palermo to Rome every day?
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ roads for bikes?

## C Match answers a)-f) with questions 1–6 in Exercise 4B.

- a) Yes, there is. They call it the metro.
- b) Yes, there is. There are also buses from Palermo to Rome.
- c) Yes, there are, but they cost a lot of money. Take the bus.
- d) I don't know, but there are a lot of cars on the main roads, so it's dangerous.
- e) Yes, there is. There are buses and taxis to the centre of Palermo, too.
- **f)** Yes, there are. A twenty-four hour bus ticket is four euros.

# CHECK

Cire	le the correct option to complete the sentences.
	When get up?
	a) does she
	b) she does
	c) she
2	llate.
	a) 'm never
	<b>b)</b> never am
	c) never
3	Look at this big, red!
	a) bread
	b) cereal
	c) apple
4	a cash machine near here?
	a) Is there
	b) Does there
	c) Are there
5	Postcards? The is over there.
	a) hairdresser's
	b) gift shop
	c) gym
6	What time does it Kyoto?
	a) go in
	b) arrive in
_	c) get in
1	He doesn't have water.
	a) some
	<b>b)</b> no <b>c)</b> any
Q	<b>A:</b> Does your brother live in London?
0	B: Yes,
	a) he lives.
	b) he does.
	c) he does live.
9	A: A ticket, please.
	<b>B:</b> When do you want to come back?
	a) return
	b) single
	c) monthly
10	I get at 7 and have
	a) up, breakfast
	b) home, bed
	<b>c)</b> work, lunch

- 11 Are there English people in the class? a) a lot of b) an c) some of 12 A: Thank you. B: You're a) OK b) welcome c) regards 13 \_\_\_\_\_ does the tour cost? a) When b) What time c) How much 14 There \_\_\_\_\_\_ any cafés in the town. a) isn't b) aren't c) are 15 We dinner at home. a) have usually
  - **b)** usually
  - c) usually have
- 16 A: I'm thirsty.
  - B: There's a \_\_\_\_\_ over there.
  - a) pharmacy
  - b) café
  - c) cash machine
- 17 \_\_\_\_\_ at two.
  - a) It opens
  - b) Its opens
  - c) It costs
- 18 What time do you \_\_\_\_\_ home?
  - a) go to
  - b) get
  - c) get to
- 19 Look! There are about a hundred people on that
  - a) motorbike
  - **b)** car
  - c) bus
- 20 A single \_\_\_\_\_ Chang Mai \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, please.
  - a) for, to
  - **b)** to, to
  - c) to, for

#### RESULT /20

44

# PAST SIMPLE: WAS/WERE

- 1 A Match emails 1–3 with replies a)–c).
  - 1 <u>c</u> 2 <u>3</u>

#### 1

Hi Larissa, Sorry you weren't at my birthday lunch yesterday. The weather was beautiful so lunch was in the garden. Where were you?

#### Mark 2

#### Hi George,

Where were you and Maria yesterday? It was my birthday lunch, at Mum and Dad's house. Remember?

# Mark

#### 3

#### Hi Diana,

I was really happy that you and Alan were at my birthday lunch yesterday. It was great to see you and the children.

Mark

# a)

Mark,

So sorry. We were in Spain on holiday, but we're home now. Happy 30th birthday!

#### b)

#### Hi Mark,

Thank you for the party. It was really nice. Your parents are lovely people, and their garden is lovely, too!

c)

Happy birthday one day late! Sorry, I was in London on business. Let's meet soon!

#### Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 Mark / Was / twenty? Was Mark twenty?
- 2 house? / Mark's / the / lunch / Was / at
- 3 lunch? / the / Was / Diana / at
- 4 the / and / children / Alan's / at / Were / lunch / Diana?
- 5 France? / George / Maria / in / Were / and
- 6 weather / the / Was / good?

	Write short answers to the lestions in Exercise 2A.
1	No, he wasn't

۲.	
3	
4	
5	
6	

Look at the answers and write the questions. Use the underlined words to help.

L'AN

- 1 Where was the lunch? The lunch was <u>at Mark's parents'</u> house.
- 2

Mark's birthday was yesterday.

- 3 Mark was thirty.
- 4

5

George and Maria were in Spain.

The lunch was in the garden because it was good weather.

- Write the sentences about Mark's party last year. Use the information in brackets.
  - 1 It's my thirtieth birthday. (29th) Last year <u>it was my 29th birthday</u>
  - 2 We're here. (not here) Last year
  - 3 My wife's in London on business. (Tokyo on business) Last year
  - 4 Larissa's parents aren't here. (not here)

Last year

- 5 George and Maria are in Spain. (Greece) Last year
- 6 It's a small party. (big) Last year
- 7 The weather's beautiful. (terrible) Last year
- 8 Lunch is in the garden. (in the house) Last year

# READING

- Read the text and match headings 1–5 with paragraphs A–E.
  - 1 Technology \_\_\_\_E
  - 2 Family \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 Women \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 Transport \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5 Population \_\_\_\_\_

# A hundred years of change

# A

Life in the year 2000 was very different from life in 1900. In <u>1900</u> in the USA, there were three and a half children in an average family. The top boy's name was John and the top



girl's name was Mary. In <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, the top names were Jacob and Emily and there was only one child in each family.

# B

In <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, there were 54 million new cars on the roads. In <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, there were only 4,000 new cars. In cities transport was by horse and a small number of buses.

# С

The number of people in cities was very different. London was the top city in <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ with 6 million people. The top city in <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ was Tokyo with 27 million people.

# D

Women's lives were very different both at home and in public. For example, in the <sup>7</sup> Olympics

there were 827 women and 1,512 men, but in

<sup>8</sup> there were 1,319 men and only 19 women.

# Е

<sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ was the year of the Kodak Brownie camera. Letters were the only way to communicate except for telephones in some rich families. In <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, email was big and there were mobile phones with cameras.



B Read the text again and complete the information with 1900 or 2000.

# VOCABULARY

# DATES

♣ ▲ Write the dates in words.

a) 2nd Apr	the second of April	
<b>b)</b> 11th Aug		
<b>c)</b> 25th Dec		
<b>d)</b> 8th Mar		
<b>e)</b> 10th Jun		
<b>f)</b> 1st Jan		
<b>g)</b> 31st Oct		
<b>h)</b> 1st May		
i) 14th Feb		
<b>j)</b> 4th Jul		

Number the dates in the correct order.

# C 7.1 Match the holidays with the dates from Exercise 4A. Then listen and check.

f

- 1 New Year's Day
- 2 Valentine's Day
- 3 May Day
- 4 Independence Day (USA)
- 8 Children's Day9 Children's Book Day

6 Son and

- 5 International D Women's Day 10 H
  - 10 Halloween

Daughter's Day

7 Christmas Day

# WRITING

# PUNCTUATION REVIEW

A Correct the texts. Use four full stops (.), three commas (,), one question mark (?) and one exclamation mark (!).

World Hello Day is on 21st november every year Say 'hello' to ten people on the bus on the train at work at school and in the street. try it this year It's so easy

In the USA, the Sunday after 7th September is grandparents' Day. it's a great day to visit your grandparents or to go out with them why Because they're <u>your</u> grandparents

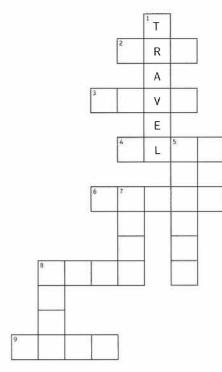
- Change five letters to capital letters.
  21st of november November
- C Write about a special day in your country.

# 7.2

# VOCABULARY

# ACTIONS

A Read the clues and complete the crossword.



#### Across

- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ new food every day.
- 3 We \_\_\_\_\_ home every year.
- 4 Do you \_\_\_\_\_ tennis?
- 6 I \_\_\_\_\_ the day with breakfast.
- 8 I don't drive to work I \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 It is only 2p.m. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ work!

#### Down

- 1 How do you \_\_\_\_\_ to work?
- 5 We \_\_\_\_\_ in London at three o'clock.
- 7 Shh! Don't \_\_\_\_\_ I'm on the phone!
- 8 I'm not ready. Please \_\_\_\_\_ for me.

# **B** 1.2 Listen to the verbs in Exercise 1A and write:

- 1 one action with the sound in who and room move
- **2** two actions with the sound in *cake* and *day*
- 3 two actions with the sound in *four* and *door*
- 4 two actions with the sound in *like* and *l*
- **5** one action with the sound in *car* and *father*
- 6 one action with the sound in *have* and *happy*
- 7 one action with the sound in shop and coffee

# LISTENING

**2** A Complete the quiz.

Amazing Animal Facts

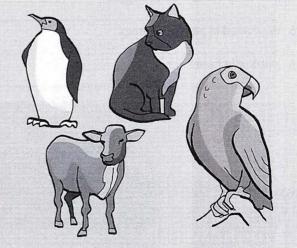
Animals are amazing! They walk for days, find the way home and some even speak!

- 1 Every winter, an Emperor penguin walks:
  - a) 10–20 kilometres b) 30–60 kilometres c) 50–120 kilometres
- 2 A black and white cat named Tom was lost and travelled in a plane for:
  - a) two weeks
  - b) two months
  - c) two years
- 3 Another amazing cat named Tom walked:
  - a) 4,000 kilometres b) 5,000 kilometres
  - c) 6,000 kilometres
- 4 In its lifetime, a cow gives \_\_\_\_\_ glasses of milk.

a) 50,000 b) 100,000 c) 200,000

5 Talking parrots know about ten to twenty words, but one famous African grey parrot, N'kisi, used:

a) 150 words b) 450 words c) 950 words



## B 💽 7.3 Listen and check.

#### C Listen again and match 1−5 with a)-e).

- 1 Emperor penguins
- 2 Tom the cat (UK)
- 3 Tom the cat (USA)
- 4 Cows
- **5** N'kisi the parrot
- a) sometimes live 25 years.
- b) was in a test in 2004.c) travelled 800.000
- kilometres.
- d) are very big.
- e) travelled for two years.

## PAST SIMPLE: REGULAR VERBS

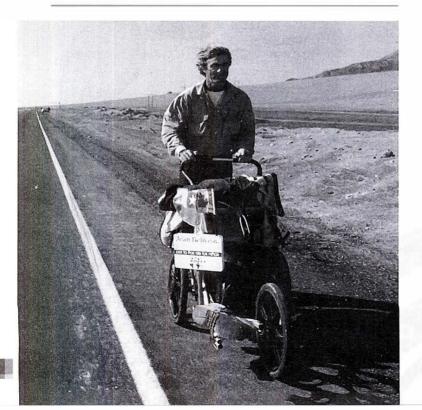
3 A Complete the story of Jean. Use the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

stop arrive live want (x2) like wait visit stay walk help talk

In 2000, Jean Beliveau was 45 years old. He had a lot of problems with his job, so he <u>stopped</u> work. He <u>to</u> go on a journey, but not with a bus or a train. He <u>stopped</u> to walk. Jean <u>from Montreal to Atlanta in the USA. He was very happy when he <u>stopped</u>. He <u>walking</u>, so he continued.</u>

Jean <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ 64 countries in 11 years. He <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ to different people in every country and he often<sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ in their homes. Sometimes he was tired, but he didn't stop. Jean's wife <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ for him. She <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ him on his journey with money and messages. Jean walked around the world. When he arrived home in 2011 he was 56 years old. His family was very happy to see him again.

- **B** Correct the information.
- Jean Beliveau started work in 2000.
   He didn't start work in 2000. He stopped work.
- **2** Jean wanted to stay at home.
- 3 Jean travelled by bus.
- 4 Jean lived in Atlanta in the USA.
- 5 He worked in people's homes.
- 6 Jean's wife hated him.



## **4** A Write the past forms of the verbs.

1	live	lived
2	close	
3	open	<u></u>
4	listen	<u></u>
5	look	
6	study	
7	email	
8	text	
9	stop	
10	answer	

**B (b)** 7.4 Listen and write the past forms from Exercise 4A in the correct group.

/t/ danced	
(1)	
/d/ moved	
lived	
/id/ started	

C Add the verbs to the table in Exercise 4B.

- 1 worked
- 2 wanted
- 3 asked
- 4 played
- 5 repeated
- 6 watched

**D** 5.5 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

# ADJECTIVES

A Put the letters in the correct order to make adjectives. The first letter is underlined.

1	tinjergents	interesting
2	aterg	
3	brreelit	
4	w <u>a</u> flu	
5	on <u>b</u> rig	
6	oilicedus	
7	atticfans	
8	<u>b</u> da <u>n</u> to	
9	l <u>a</u> l gi <u>r</u> th	
10	to <u>n</u> yr <u>v</u> e dogo	

# **B** Read the reviews and write hotel (H), film (F), restaurant (R) or concert (C).



**C** Cover the words in Exercise 1A. Complete the reviews with the correct adjectives.

# FUNCTION

# ASKING FOR AND GIVING OPINIONS

**2** Put the words in the box in the correct places in the conversation.

's wasn't was Was concert 're It awful good

- **A:** Hello, Helene. How  $\overline{k}$  the party?
- B: It's not very.
- A: Why not?
- B: There's no music and no food. It's!
- A: Who's there?
- B: Well, three people all students. They boring. Where are you?
- A: I'm at home, but I was at a rock.
- B: How it?



# LEARN TO SHOW FEELINGS

- **3** A **D** 7.6 Listen to the conversations and circle the correct adjectives.
  - 1 interesting delicious
  - 2 terrible/fantastic
  - 3 great/not bad
- 4 not very good/all right
- 5 delicious/awful
- B 💽 7.7 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.





# PAST SIMPLE: IRREGULAR VERBS

1 Complete the sentences with the past simple of the verbs in the box.

meet go break knows sit say see take





- 1 They <u>met</u> in Paris.
- 2 They in a café.



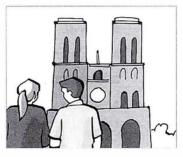
3 They on a boat.



- 5 He her hand.



7 He it was finished.



4 They Notre Dame.



6 She 'Goodbye'.



8 She his heart.

- Write negative sentences. Use the words in brackets.
  - 1 She said 'Thirty'. (X 'Thirteen') She didn't say 'Thirteen'.
  - **2** He went to the swimming pool. (X gym)
  - 3 We met in Japan. (X China)
  - 4 I knew her sister. (X brother)
  - 5 The taxi took James to the airport. (X station)
- **3** Complete the sentences with the correct past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

# Why did you leave your partner?

- 1 He drove a Porsche, I didn't drive . (drive)
- 2 She \_\_\_\_\_a rich and famous actor. I was an actor, butl famous. Or rich. (become)
- 3 I. home every day at six and cooked dinner. Sometimes he home. (come)
- 4 I. a lot of friends. He \_\_\_\_\_ any friends. (have)
- 5 He \_\_\_\_\_ pop was good music. I \_\_\_\_\_ it was music. (think)
- 6 I her nice things on her birthday. She me any presents on my birthday. (give)

# LISTENING

4 A 💽 8.1 Listen to Jocelyn and Andreas. What is the same about them?

B Complete the table. Then listen again and check.

Who	Jocelyn	Clare	Andreas	Raji
1 studied together?	1	1		
2 wasn't very good at Italian?				
3 didn't have any friends in Canberra?				
4 loved Indian food?				
5 met on the internet?				
6 talked on the bus?				
7 moved from Sydney?				
8 wrote an email to the other person?				

# VOCABULARY

# **PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE**

**5** A Complete the text with *in*, *on* or *at*.

# **Fop tips**

- Where to meet new friends

#### Bored with your friends? Or maybe you don't have any friends? Do you want to meet a new friend? These are the top places to go.

Go to a party. A lot of people 1 \_\_\_\_\_ a party want to meet you!

Travel to a new place for a week or two. People are happy <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ holiday.

Go to a gym. It's easy to talk to people <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a gym.

Use a friend-finder website <sup>4</sup> the internet.

Take a class – language, music, anything. It's easy to meet new people  $^{5}$  a class because you all like the same thing.

Go to big supermarkets. Talk to people <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the supermarket when you wait.

When you travel, talk to people <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ the plane or train.

Go out! It's very difficult to meet new people <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ home!

- 6 Complete the conversations using the prompts.
  - 1 A: I phoned you last night. Where were you?
    B: I / be / not / home. I / be / work
    I wasn't at home. I was at work.
  - 2 A: Where's your daughter now?B: She / be / university / Shanghai

3 A: Hi, Conrad. Where are you? B: I / be / a taxi / the city centre

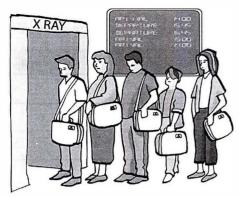
4 A: How do you know about it?B: We / see / it / television / last night

5 A: Where are my keys?B: They / be / the table

6 A: Were you on your motorbike?B: No, / I / be / my car

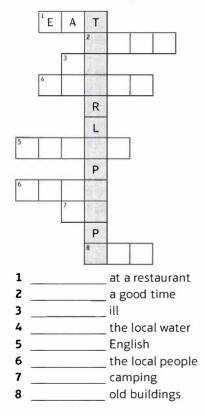
B Read the text again. Tick (✓) the ideas you think are good.

# HOLIDAY ACTIVITIES



Complete the puzzle. Look at the clues and fill in the missing verbs about holiday activities.

Look at the grey boxes. What do people always have in their bags on holiday?



# READING

- A Match problems a)-d) with forum entries 1-3. There is one extra problem.
  - a) Bad weather
  - b) No rooms
  - c) Too expensive
  - d) Health problems

Tell us about; **Your** best bad holiday

A bad holiday is always terrible ... or is it? Tell us about your best bad holiday.

1 In 2009 we went to Portugal. When we arrived, our beach hotel was full, so they gave us a room in the town, two kilometres from the beach. We weren't happy. Then we met some local people. They asked us to their house and we had some real local food, and we danced. It was a real holiday, not a tourist holiday.

#### Mark and Sandy T

2 My wife and I went to Mexico last year and on the last day we were very ill. We went to hospital, and we were there for two weeks. The doctors were lovely, and we met some really nice people. That was a very interesting time, because we weren't tourists. We 'lived' in Mexico.

Sven L

3 My brothers and sisters live all around the world, and in 2007 we had a big family party at a hotel on a beach in Malaysia. It was in June, and June is usually hot, but that year it rained every day. So we sat in the hotel and read books, played games and talked. We had a really good time, and it was fantastic for our family.

Lucia D

## Read the text again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 10 They saw a lot of places in Malaysia.

## PAST SIMPLE: QUESTIONS

## **3** A Write the questions. Use the verbs in bold.

- 1 A: <u>Where did you go</u> on holiday last summer?
  B: We went to Japan.
- 2 A:
  - B: We went in August.
- 3 A: B: I travelled with my friend Ramon.
- 4 A:
- B: We saw Mount Fuji and Kyoto, the old capital.
- 5 A: B: We ate a lot of interesting food.
- 6 A:
  - B: We drank tea. A lot of tea!

## B Write past simple questions using the prompts.

- 1 it / be / your first time / Japan? Was it your first time in Japan?
- 2 you / go / Hiroshima?
- 3 you / meet / local people?
- 4 you / speak / Japanese?
- 5 you / have / good time?
- 6 be / weather / good?

## C Match answers a)-f) with questions 1-6 in Exercise 3B.

- a) Yes, <u>I did</u>. The best time of my life. <u>5</u>
  b) No, . It's very difficult, and I didn't
- study it! c) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. It was hot and sunny.
- **d)** No, \_\_\_\_\_. I was there in 2004.
- e) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. They were very friendly.
- f) No, \_\_\_\_\_. There wasn't time.
- D Complete the short answers above.

# WRITING

7

with?

# SO AND BECAUSE

## 4 Join the sentences using the linkers in brackets.

- 1 We drank the local water. We were ill. (because) We were ill because we drank the local water.
- 2 The restaurants were expensive. I cooked every evening. (so)
- 3 I spoke English with the local people. I don't speak French. (because)
- 4 We went to bed very late. There was a party in the hotel. (so)
- 5 It snowed at night. The train was late. (because)
- 6 We went camping. The hotels were all full. (so)
- 7 We took a taxi. People said the underground was dangerous. (because)
- 8 I don't like hot weather. We went there in April. (so)

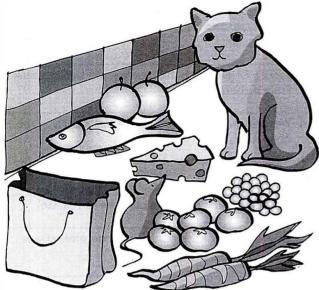
# **5** Add so or because to the sentences.

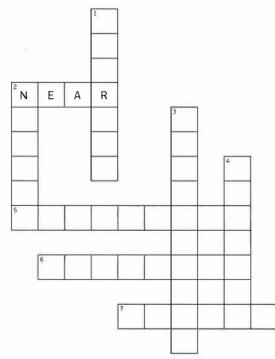
- *because* **1** We stayed at home  $\bigwedge$  it rained all day.
- **2** I was hungry I ate dinner early.
- 3 Jason didn't go to the concert he didn't have a ticket.
- 4 They sat down they were tired.
- **5** The shops were two kilometres from the house we drove there.
- 6 The film was awful Yvette and I left after ten minutes.



# **PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE**

Look at the picture and the clues. Complete the crossword.





#### Across

- **2** The mouse is \_\_\_\_\_ the cheese.
- **5** The bag is \_\_\_\_\_ of the carrots.
- 6 The cat is \_\_\_\_\_ the mouse.
- 7 The apples are \_\_\_\_\_ the fish.

## Down

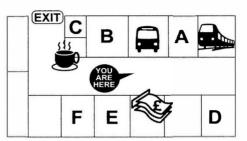
- 1 The cheese is \_\_\_\_\_ of the cat.
- 2 The mouse is \_\_\_\_\_ the tomatoes.
  3 The grapes are \_\_\_\_\_ of the cheese.
- 4 The fish is \_\_\_\_\_ the apples and the cheese.

# FUNCTION

# **GIVING DIRECTIONS**

- A Cross out six extra words in the conversation.
  - A: Excuse for me, where's the ticket office?
  - B: It's between of the trains and the buses.
  - A: OK. Thanks. And where are at the payphones?
  - B: Do you see the café over on there?
  - A: Yes, I do see.
  - B: They're behind of the café.

Read the conversation again. Where are the ticket office and payphones in the picture?



- Solution States 10 Stat 1-4 with A-F in the picture.
- 1 underground 3 women's toilets
- 2 men's toilets 4 taxis

# **LEARN TO**

# **USE EXAMPLES**

3 A Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

job adjective know fruit example

## **Conversation 1**

- A: Oh, you're a teacher. And what's your husband's i job ?
- B: What's that?
- A: You <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ doctor, teacher, secretary.

# B: Oh, he's a pilot.

- Conversation 2
- A: What <sup>3</sup> do they have in the supermarket today?
- B: | don't understand.
- A: Like, do they have apples, bananas, oranges?
- B: Oh, OK. They have apples and oranges.

## **Conversation 3**

A: Do you know another 4 for 'good'?

**B:** Another what?

- \_\_\_, good, bad, hot, cold, happy ... A: For 5
- B: Oh, I understand. I know another word for 'very good'. Fantastic!
- B 8.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and say A's part with the speaker.



1 A Complete the text with the past simple of the verbs in brackets.

On holiday in the 1960s

Our family holiday 1 wos (be) always the same. We 2 (not go) by plane and we 3 (not stay) in a hotel – planes and hotels 4 (be) too expensive. We 5 (travel) by car and we always 6 (go) camping near the sea. The roads 7 (go) camping near the sea. The roads 7 (arrive) about 600 kilometres at night. We usually 9 (arrive) at the campsite at about 7a.m. and we 10 (have) breakfast next to the car, on the ground. Our holiday always 11 (start) with this breakfast together, then we 12 (walk) along the beach and 13 (go) to bed – at 11 o'clock in the morning! I really 14 (love) those holidays.



**B** Complete the questions with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

drive have (v2) be stave de

	go	Stdy	De	nave (xz)	drive	C
at night?				ou drive	1 Did y	1
in a hotel?					2	2
reakfast in the car?	b				3	3
when you arrived?	_ tired				4	4
imming in the sea?	SW				5	5
a good time?					6	6

# C Match answers a)-f) with questions 1-6 in Exercise 1B.

- e) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_. We left in the evening and arrived in the morning. \_\_\_\_\_
- f) No, \_\_\_\_\_\_. It was too expensive. \_\_\_\_\_
- Complete the short answers in Exercise 1C.

Read the messages in Bob's blog. Then put the words in the correct order to make questions.

27th July: back from a week in Thailand. Fantastic holiday, beautiful weather, lovely people.

Nina and the children loved it. A lot of time on the beach – the children played, we did a lot of reading. The only problem was the journey home. There were problems with the plane – we waited four hours at the airport, so we only got home at twelve o'clock last night!

- 1 Bob / holiday? / Where / on / did / go Where did Bob go on holiday?
- 2 he / did / travel? / How
- 3 go? / did / When / he
- 4 with? / Who / he / did / go
- 5 holiday? / they / did / What / do / on
- 6 home / late? / Why / they / were

#### **B** Answer the questions in Exercise 2A.

- 1 He went to Thailand.
- 2 3 4 5 6

#### **3** A Write the past tense of the verbs.

1	like	liked		9	become	
2	start		1	10	say	
3	speak		1	11	take	
4	know		1	12	think	
5	cry		1	13	stop	
6	look		1	14	listen	
7	want		1	15	st <b>u</b> dy	
8	talk		1	16	meet	

B 💽 R4.1 Listen and check.

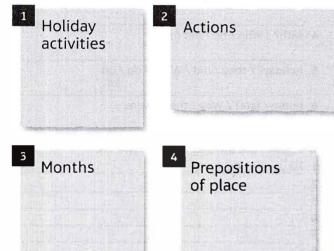
C Listen again and underline the main stress in the past forms in Exercise 3A.

<u>liked</u> started

# VOCABULARY REVIEW I

4 Find four words for each group 1-5.

#### S D В Ε Е 0 L U L T. Ν G S L D Y 0 Y J N V Ε M В Е R L D А В N F W G Е F В 0 Ρ Ρ 0 S Т E 1 Κ G Ζ Ε Т Х А А G В А Н В Х А Ρ L 0 Ζ Т Ρ G R С R W В Ν Q С Ε Т Κ А Y U Н Q Х А R R Е Х Е G 0 0 D Т I Е Е Н А ٧ А Μ ł Ζ Q Y Ρ Х 1 S Μ L Е L А В Ν J Т R G Ρ Y Т R Ε N L A А V L 0 1 R W 1 В Т G N Е R Ε В D А Μ С A N U Α R Y A W F U 0 L J L G G S Ε P K J А В Τ E Μ В E R P K В W Н Κ Ε Ρ 1 Μ J U N N 1 Ε S Ρ A Κ Ε N G L 1 S Η С F N Ζ R Κ В Х Y A L Т R Y F А Ζ G



# VOCABULARY REVIEW 2

- Read the sentences and complete sentence 6 with the correct name.
  - 1 Bob's house is opposite Alan's house.
  - 2 Chuck's house is on the right of Bob's house.
  - 3 Chuck's house is between Bob and Dale's house.
  - 4 Dale's house is in front of Frank's house.
  - **5** My car is on the left of Frank's house.
  - 6 My car is behind \_\_\_\_\_'s house.

# FUNCTION REVISION

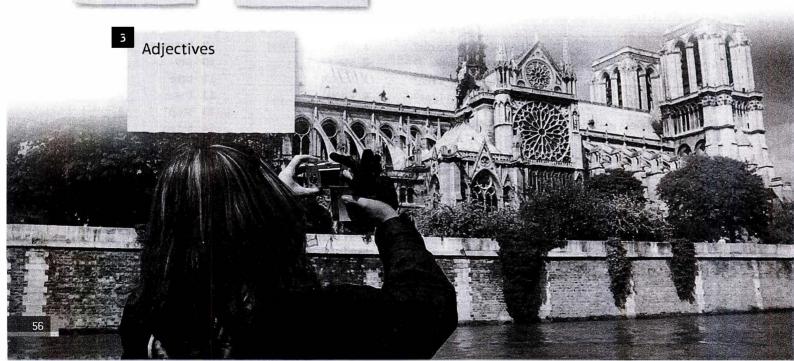
6 A Underline the correct alternatives in the conversations.

#### **Conversation 1**

- A: 11s there/Is it a good restaurant near here?
- **B:** <sup>2</sup>*There's*/*Is* a good Chinese restaurant over there. **A:** Where?
- B: <sup>3</sup>On the left/Opposite of the bank.
- A: I see it. Is the food good?
- B: Well, I think it's 'delicious/awful.

#### Conversation 2

- A: Do you know the Chinese restaurant <sup>s</sup>near/in front here? C: Yes.
- A: Is it good?
- **C:** It's <sup>6</sup>right/all right, but I like Italian food. <sup>7</sup>There's/There are a great Italian restaurant <sup>8</sup>opposite/on right of the school.
- A: Where?
- **C:** <sup>9</sup>*Behind/Between* the bus over there. <sup>10</sup>*Next to/Next* the newsagent's.
- A: Oh, right. Yes. <sup>11</sup>How's/Who's the food there?
- **C**: We ate there last night. It was <sup>12</sup>boring/fantastic.
- R4.2 Listen and check.



# CHECK

## Circle the correct option to complete the sentences.

- 1 Excuse me, \_\_\_\_\_\_a supermarket near here?
  - a) is there
  - b) here is
  - c) is where
- 2 Ralph \_\_\_\_\_ here yesterday.
  - **a)** wasn't
  - b) weren't
  - c) no was
- 3 He \_\_\_\_\_ home last week.
  - a) tried
  - b) waited
  - c) moved
- 4 A: Were you at work?
  - B: Yes,
  - a) was l
  - b) I was
  - c) you were
- 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ your friend.
  - a) didn't met
  - b) didn't meet
  - c) wasn't meet
- 6 We watched, but we \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) didn't played
  - b) not played
  - c) didn't play
- **7** A: Where's the football?
  - B: It's \_\_\_\_\_ the tree.
  - a) behind of
  - b) behind
  - c) on the right
- 8 He \_\_\_\_\_ the door with his key.
  - a) was open
  - b) open
  - c) opened
- 9 March, April, \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) June
  - **b)** May
  - c) July
- 10 \_\_\_\_\_\_ the bank over there?
  - a) There you see
  - b) Do you see
  - c) Let me check

- **11 A:** That was fantastic!
  - B: Yes, it was \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) delicious
  - **b)** terrible
  - c) boring
- 12 He's \_\_\_\_\_ home.
  - a) in
  - **b)** on
  - **c)** at
- 13 Today's the \_\_\_\_\_ of September.
  - a) fiveteenth
  - **b)** fifteenth
  - c) fivteenth
- 14 A: How's the book?
  - B: very good.
  - a) I think it's
  - **b)** I think is
  - c) I think it
- 15 \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish?
  - a) Did you speak
  - b) Did you spoke
  - c) Spoke you
- **16** The film was
  - a) all right
  - b) delicious
  - c) very not good
- 17 A: Did you see us?
  - B: No, I
  - a) didn't see
  - b) didn't
  - c) don't saw
- 18 Peru was great! We \_\_\_\_\_\_ a really good time!
  - a) had

    - b) were
  - c) got
- 19 We \_\_\_\_\_ for our holiday.
  - a) did camping
  - b) went camp
  - c) went camping
- 20 He home last week.
  - a) go
  - b) wents
  - c) went

#### RESULT /20

57

# READING

MONEY

VOCABULARY

A Circle six money verbs and their past tense forms.

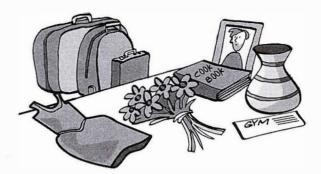
P	A			С	0	S	Т
A	Е	G	0	Т	к	к	D
V	А	С	D	G	А	v	E
S	В	0	U	G	н	Т	N
G	F	S	S	R	N	G	м
Q	S	Т	н	В	H	Т	J
E	E	Τ	В	F	G	V	0
L	L	Ρ	υ	S	G	E	т
Q	L	R	Ŷ	S	0	L	D

# Complete the conversation with the words in Exercise 1A.

- A: Where did you <sup>1</sup> <u>buy</u> that smartphone?
- B: I<sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ it online.
- A: How much did it <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_
- **B:** It <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ eighty euros. **A:** Really? I <sup>5</sup> sixty euros
- for the same one last year.
- B: Did I<sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_too much?
- A: I don't know. Maybe.
- B: And where's your smartphone now?
- A: It wasn't right, so I <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ it online.
- B: Why did you <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ it?
- A: It was a birthday present for my son Andy, but it was too big.
- **B:** So your son doesn't have a smartphone now.
- A: Yes, he does. He <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ one from his grandfather!
- **B:** And what did Andy <sup>10</sup>\_ from you?
- **A:** What did | <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ Andy? | <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ him the money!



Look at the pictures. Which ones do you think are good gifts for women (



Read the article and check your ideas.

# SIX GIFTS <u>NOT</u> TO GIVE YOUR WIFE

Sometimes it's difficult to buy a good gift, and easy to buy a bad one. Next time you shop for a present for your wife, take this list ... and **DON'T** buy these things!

- **Clothes** they're always the wrong size, the wrong colour or just wrong.
- A gift certificate to a gym this gift tells her 'You're too fat!'
- A cookbook the message here is 'You're a bad cook' or 'Please cook for me.'
- A photo frame with no picture a frame with no picture is a big question mark. Put a picture of the two of you in the frame (and NOT a picture of you alone!).
- A set of luggage maybe she needs luggage, but from you this gift says `I want you to leave me.'
- A vase with no flowers this is the same as a photo frame with no picture. It's an empty feeling. Give her flowers, but no vase. Yes, flowers die, but true love never dies!

# C Read the women's sentences. Which gift did they get?

a cookbook

- 1 'But I make dinner for you every night!'
- 2 'They're very useful ... but do you think I need a holiday?'
- **3** 'You bought me the same gift last year and I only went three times!'
- 4 'They're fantastic. Really beautiful!'
- 5 'It's nice, but where am *l*?'
- **6** 'I like it. Let me get something from the garden to put in it.'
- 7 'It's red. You know I don't like red!'

# GRAMMAR OBJECT PRONOUNS

#### **3** A Complete the table.

Subject pronoun	Object pronoun
I	1me
2	you
he	3
4	her
it	5
6	us
they	7

# Complete the text with object pronouns (me, you, etc.).

I'm not a bad person. But I'm not very lucky with gift-giving. I bought my husband a beautiful, expensive pen, but he had two of <u>them</u>. When I gave <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the pen box, he opened <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and said, 'Great – number three!' I got a clock for my mother, and she hated <sup>4</sup>

'Clocks are for old people, not for <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_', she said. 'I'm not old!' I found a lovely scarf for my sister. I sent <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_ to <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_ in the post but she never got <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. Then my birthday came, and my husband, mother and sister gave <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a box. 'This is for <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_!' they said. 'Happy Birthday from all of <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_!' I opened <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. Inside was a pen, a clock and a scarf. I laughed with all of <sup>13</sup>

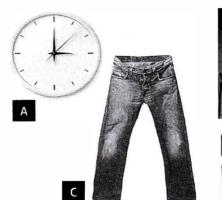
#### Look at the conversations. Complete B's part with the correct pronoun. Use the words in bold to help.

- 1 A: Are Denny and Barb at home?
  - B: I don't know. I phoned <u>them</u>, but <u>they</u> didn't answer.
- 2 A: When did you see Anna?
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_ was at the office. | gave \_\_\_\_ your number.
- 3 A: So, how's the new flat? B: I like \_\_\_\_\_ a lot. \_\_\_\_\_'s small, but \_\_\_\_\_'s good for me.
- 4 A: Hey, how does Martin know you two?
  B: \_\_\_\_\_ met him at a party. He told
- **5** A: I didn't get your emails.
  - B: Sorry, maybe I sent \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the wrong address. \_\_\_\_\_ weren't important.
- 6 A: Hello, nice to meet you. I'm Sue.
- B: \_\_\_\_\_think \_\_\_\_\_know you from somewhere. Do you remember \_\_\_\_\_? My name's Gill.

# WRITING

# LISTINGS

**5** A Read the text and match listings 1-4 with items A-D.







# Free to a good home ...

## 1 Bedroom clock

Would you like a free clock? Someone gave it to my mother. <u>The clock is my mother's clock</u>. <u>The clock</u> is white and quite big. <u>My mother</u> says <u>the clock</u> is new. She likes <u>the clock</u>, but she doesn't use <u>the clock</u>.

# 2 Music!

My best friends Tim and Carla write and play music. <u>Tim and Carla</u> are very good and <u>Tim and Carla's</u> new music is great. <u>Tim and Carla</u> want to practise <u>the new music</u>. Tim and Carla play Friday and Saturday evenings. Phone and talk to <u>Tim and Carla</u> about times and dates.

# 3 Car radio

Does anyone want a car radio? <u>The car radio</u> is from my brother's car, but <u>my brother's</u> car doesn't work, so <u>my brother</u> doesn't want the radio. <u>The car radio</u> works well, but my <u>brother and I</u> don't need <u>the</u> <u>car radio</u>.

# 4 Dolce and Gabbana jeans

I bought some Dolce and Gabbana jeans last year. <u>The jeans</u> are size 8 and very nice, but <u>the jeans</u> are too small for me now, and I don't want <u>the jeans</u>.

**B** Rewrite the underlined parts of the listings using pronouns (*it*, *she*, *he*, *we*, *they*, *them*, *him*) or possessive adjectives (*his*, *her*, *their*).

It her The clock is my mother's clock

# LIKE, LOVE, HATE + -ING

Look at the table and write sentences about Kate and Theo.

	Kate	Theo
	<b>X</b>	
2	1	XX
3	XX	
	J J	×
5	1	11

lovelikedon't likehate✓✓✓XXX

- 1 Kate doesn't like playing tennis. Theo loves playing tennis.

**Complete the sentences with the** *-ing* **form of the** verbs in the box.

<del>go</del> -	lose	eat	drink	arrive
get	up p	erforr	n walk	

What do you hate? I hate ...

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_\_ camping in winter. It's too cold!
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ bad coffee. I love coffee, and bad coffee is a waste of money.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ in a restaurant alone. Everybody looks at me!
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_to bad music. I feel so stupid.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_\_early. My best rest time is morning.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ in the rain with my girlfriend. Or alone. It's not romantic!
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_\_ the key to my flat. I only have one key!
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ late for a film. It's important to see the beginning!

# **3** A Write the *-ing* form of the verbs.

- 1 break
   7 move

   2 come
   8 stay

   3 cry
   9 see

   4 laugh
   10 talk

   5 leave
   11 wait

   6 make
   12 watch
  - Underline the correct alternatives.
  - 1
  - A: We saw Jurassic World online yesterday.
  - B: I don't like *watching/waiting* films online.
  - A: I <sup>2</sup>love/don't like going to the cinema it's too crowded and noisy.
- 2
- A: Do you like <sup>3</sup>making/moving cakes?
- B: Yes, I *like/do*. It's relaxing. What about you?
- A: Me? No, I <sup>s</sup>hate/don't it. I never cook.
- 3
- A: Do you <sup>6</sup>like/talk parties?
- B: No, I <sup>7</sup>don't/don't like. I usually leave early. And you?
- A: I love parties. I really like <sup>s</sup>talking/laughing to new people.

# 4

- A: What <sup>9</sup>are/do you like doing on holiday?
- **B:** I love going to old cities and <sup>10</sup>staying/seeing old buildings.

2

3

4

5

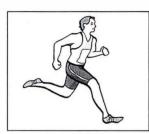


# ACTIVITIES

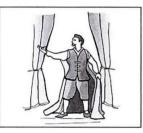
4 Look at the pictures and write the activities.



1 taking photos



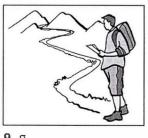


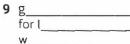


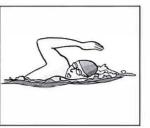
5 g\_\_\_\_\_ to the t\_\_\_\_\_



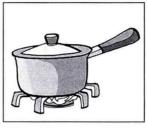
7 ch\_\_\_\_\_



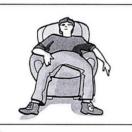




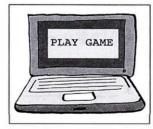
**2** s\_\_\_\_\_



4 c\_\_\_\_



**6** r\_\_\_\_\_



8 p\_\_\_\_\_ c\_\_\_\_\_

g



10 c\_\_\_\_\_

# LISTENING

5 A D 9.1 Listen and match the speakers with the activity gifts. There is one gift you don't need.
Speaker 1

Speaker 1	
Speaker 2	
Speaker 3	
Speaker 4	



A hot-air balloon trip

camping holiday ε

salsa lessons

# Driving a Formula-1 car bird-watching day

B Listen again and complete the table.

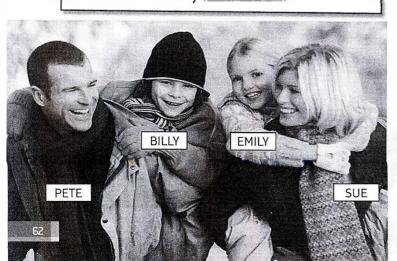
Speaker	liked it (✓) / didn't like it (✗)	because
1	1	<ul><li>He liked the music.</li><li>Cheryl was a great dancer.</li><li>They laughed.</li></ul>
2		
3		:
4		•



# SHOPPING DEPARTMENTS

Read Pete's shopping list and complete the crossword with department names.





# FUNCTION

# MAKING REQUESTS

- 2 A D 9.2 Listen and match conversations 1–3 with places a)–c).
  - a) someone's home
  - **b)** a shop
  - **c)** café \_\_\_\_\_

Put the words in the box in the correct place to complete the conversations.

	like (x2)	2	Man	that	'n	I'd	1	
1	like (XZ)	d	you	llidl	u	IU		1

#### Conversation 1

- уоц
- A: What would / like?
- B: I like a cheese sandwich.
- A: Would you white bread or brown?
- B: Brown, please.

# Conversation 2

- A: Can help you?
- B: Yes, I'd that sweater, please.
- A: This one?
- B: No. I'd like brown one, please.
- Conversation 3
- A: Come in. Sit down.
- B: Nice flat!
- A: Thanks. Would you like drink?
- B: Yes, love an apple juice or something.
- C Listen again and check.

# LEARN TO

# USE HESITATION PHRASES

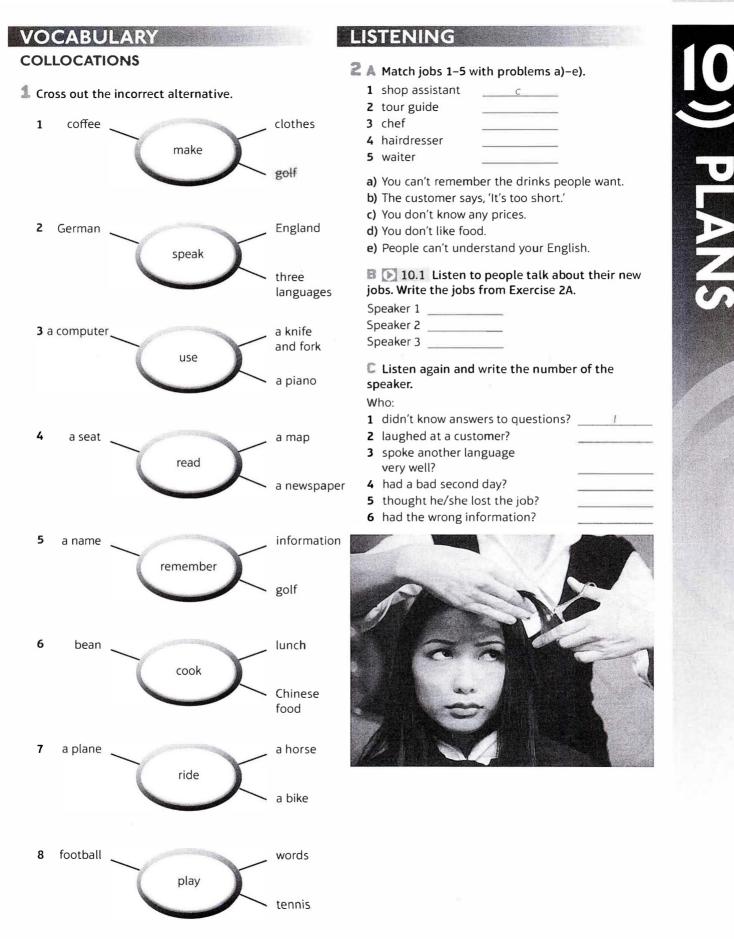
3 A 💽 9.3 Listen to the questions and write your answers.

9.4 Listen to someone answer the questions.
 Which question does she <u>not</u> answer?

C Listen again and number the hesitation phrases in the order you hear them.

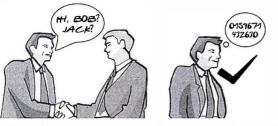
Write hesitation phrases at the beginning of your answers in Exercise 3A.

9.3 Listen again to the questions and practise answering with the hesitation phrases.



# CAN/CAN'T

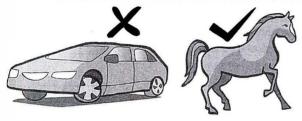
3 A Look at the pictures and write the sentences.



1 He can't remember names, but he can remember numbers.



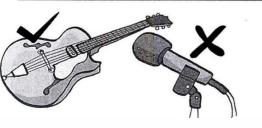
2 She



3 He









6 She

**B** 10.2 Listen and check. Then listen and say the sentences with the recording. Pay attention to the pronunciation of *can* /kən/and *can*'t /kɑ:nt/.

4 Put the words in bold in the correct order in the conversations.

## **Conversation 1**

- A: Hi, Stefanie. <sup>1</sup>you / Can / me? / help Can you help me?
- B: Yes, is there a problem?
- **A:** Yes, <sup>2</sup>**read / you / the / address / email / can** on this business card?

## B: Let me look.

- A: <sup>3</sup>it / very / can't / I / see / well. I don't have my glasses.
- B: It says globaltiger@nortex.com.
- A: Thanks.

#### **Conversation 2**

- A: I studied languages at university.
- B: 4you / speak? / What / can / languages
- A: <sup>5</sup>speak / I / and / can / Russian / Italian.

#### B: Privyet.\*

- A: Oh, you speak Russian!
- B: Yes, <sup>6</sup>very / not / but / well.
- \* Privyet = hello in Russian.

#### **Conversation 3**

- A: Big problem. The chef is ill.
- B: That's OK. 'can / I / cook.
- A: But <sup>8</sup>you / Spanish / can / cook / food?
- B: Yes, <sup>9</sup>it / quite / I / cook / can / well.
- A: OK, you have the job!

# LIFE CHANGES

1 A Complete the phrases.

- 1 save money
- **2** c \_\_\_\_\_ jobs
- 3 h\_\_\_\_\_ others
- **4** g\_\_\_\_\_ fit
- 5 s\_\_\_\_\_smoking
- 6 l\_\_\_\_\_ weight
- 7 w\_\_\_\_\_less and relax more
- 8 something new
- 9 s \_\_\_\_\_ more time with friends and family
- 10 g\_\_\_\_\_ organised

#### Match sentences a)-j) with phrases 1–10 in Exercise 1A.

a) 'It's expensive and it's bad for you!'	5
<b>b)</b> 'Do sport every day.'	-
c) 'Put your important papers in boxes.	
Write dates on the boxes.'	
d) 'Fifty hours a week is too much!'	
e) 'Give money or give your time'	
f) 'For example, a language or a hobby'	
g) 'Ston eating chocolatel'	

- g) 'Stop eating chocolate!'
- h) 'Yes, money is important, but it's important to like your work, too!'
- i) 'Put a little in the bank every week.'
- j) 'Go to a restaurant together.'

Complete the texts with the past forms of phrases from Exercise 1A.

# Life changes ... aren't always good

Last January I was 150 kilograms. I wanted to change, so I ate less and I <u>lost</u> a lot of <u>weight</u>: 20 kilograms. I went to the gym every day and I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ very\_\_\_\_\_. But after two months I became bored. Now it's June and I weigh 150 kilograms again!

For ten years I worked in a bank, then last year I <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ and became a chef in a French restaurant. But I hate it. It's very hard and I'm always tired!

Last month I moved office. I bought some boxes and put everything in the correct place. I <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ really \_\_\_\_\_\_. My office is beautiful, but now I can't find things. That wasn't a problem before.

Last year I became very tired because I was at work twelve hours a day. So I <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ less and \_\_\_\_\_ more. 1 <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ more time \_\_\_\_\_ my friends. But often my friends didn't have a lot of time, and I was bored. So I went back to work!

# READING

Read the article and tick (1) the ideas you think are good.

# How to reach your goals

Here's a typical situation. Someone says, 'I'm going to lose weight', 'I'm going to change jobs', 'I'm going to stop smoking.' One month, two months or one year later, there's no change. When we have a goal, how can we be sure we reach it? Here are seven top tips:

- 1 Write the goal on a piece of paper. Put it over your desk.
- 2 Tell a friend your goal. Ask him or her for help.
- Don't talk about it a lot you lose energy that way. Talking is not doing. You want to do.
- 4 Make the goal concrete. Don't say, 'I'm going to save money'; say, 'I'm going to save \$1,000 in six months.'
- 5 Give a start and finish date.
- 6 Be sure the goal is <u>your</u> goal, not a goal that someone gave you.
- 7 Do something to reach your goal every day.

## B Match mistakes a)–f) with ideas 1–7 above.

- a) I want to change my job some time in the future.
- b) Today I didn't do anything about a new job.
   b) I talk to even one about mu goal
- c) I talk to everyone about my goal, all the time.
- d) I wrote a note on my computer: 'Next year I'm going to change my job.' Now I can't find the note.
- e) My best friend said, 'Look for a job with more money,' but money isn't important to me.
- f) I don't talk to anyone about my goal.

4.5

# **BE GOING TO**

- Complete the sentences with the correct form (positive or negative) of the verbs in brackets.
  - 1 She <u>'s going to change</u> her name because she doesn't like the name 'Princess'. (change)
  - 2 Good morning. I'm Jack Soames and today I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_about the problems with city transport. (talk)

  - 4 They \_\_\_\_\_\_ to bed early tonight because their bus leaves at six o'clock tomorrow morning. (go)
  - 5 Jaime has problems with his English, so tomorrow his teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_ him with extra lessons. (help)
  - 6 Mark and Ruth don't like parties, so they on Friday. (come)
  - 7 My mother can't read maps, so we
    - \_ a GPS for her car. (buy)
  - 8 We \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Scotland because there's a very good, fast train service and the roads aren't very good. (drive)
  - 9 There's something wrong with my computer, so Jim \_\_\_\_\_\_at it. (look)
  - 10 Tina really loves her old camera, so she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_it. (sell)
- Put the words in the box in the correct place to complete the conversation.

to going be not go they isn't 'm

A: Hi, Sal. Do you have any plans for the weekend?

- **B:** We're going  $\cancel{k}$  visit Mario and Julia tonight.
- A: Oh, really? I going to see them tomorrow.
- **B:** Yeah, they're only going to here for a week. Then are going to fly back to Saigon.
- A: I know. I'm going to to Saigon in June.
- **B:** Great. So do you want to meet this weekend?
- A: Well, yeah. I'm going to go for a long walk tomorrow. Do you want to come with me?
- B: Sure. I'm going to work tomorrow, so let's meet.
- A: How about Barry?
- B: He going to come. He's to stay home and study.

- Write true sentences using the prompts.
  - 1 I / change jobs / next year I'm going to/I'm not going to change jobs next year.
  - 2 I / move house / soon
  - 3 My friends and I / meet / this weekend
  - 4 My teacher / teach me / next year
  - **5** I / do sport / this weekend
  - 6 Liam and Otto / phone me / tonight

# WRITING

# CHECKING YOUR WORK

Read the email. Find and correct:

a) five mistakes with the punctuation/capital lettersb) five mistakes with the verbs

#### Hi Elif,

Did you get my email. I was in Istanbul for three days. I wanted to meet, but i didn't got a text or email back from you. I seen Istanbul alone. I go to the Blue Mosque on monday. It was fantastic? On Tuesday I went to the market and bought a jacket a ring and a lamp. It were really interesting. I take a lot of photos.

Jayne

66

# FUNCTION

# STARTING AND ENDING CONVERSATIONS

- A Cross out the extra word in each sentence.
  - 1 What do you <del>do</del> think of the food?
  - 2 Let's to have a coffee.
  - 3 This is be a great party.
  - 4 So are you from all around here?
  - **5** Oh ... is that the late time?
  - 6 Hi, how are you do?
  - 7 I hope we meet us again.
  - 8 I have to a meeting tomorrow at eight o'clock.
  - **9** I can to see an old friend over there.
  - 10 Nice to talk on to you.

# **B** Complete the conversations with sentences 1–10 in Exercise 1A.

#### **Conversation 1**

- A: <sup>a</sup> What do you think of the food?
- **B:** I think it's really good. It's a nice restaurant.
- A: b
- B: No, thanks. It's very late.
- A: (

My train is at eleven o'clock.

- B: Yes, And d
- A: Oh! That's early!

## Conversation 2

- **A:** <sup>e</sup>
- B: I'm fine, thanks. I'm Katie.
- A: I'm Sam. f
- **B:** Yes, it's really good.
- A: No, I'm from Sydney in Australia. Er ... I'm sorry, h
- B: Oh. Well ...
- A: You too.
- B: Yes. Maybe.
- C 💽 10.3 Listen and check.

# **LEARN TO**

# **USE TWO-PART EXCHANGES**

- 2 A Match the sentence halves to complete the responses.
  a) Yes, it's 1 mine.
  - **a)** Yes, it's **b)** You
  - c) Here's
  - d) I hope
- 2 so, too.3 really good.
- pe **4** too.

## B Match the sentences with responses a)-d) in Exercise 2A.

- 1 I hope you're at the party on Friday.
- 2 This is a nice place.3 I hope you like the film.
- **4** This is my email address.
- **5** I like this restaurant!
- 6 Here's my card.
- 7 I hope we meet again.
- 8 Very nice to meet you.

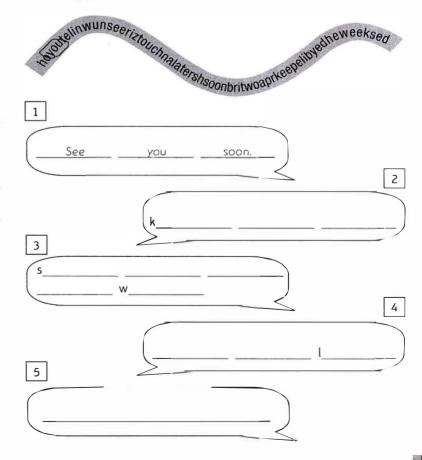
**C D** 10.4 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

# VOCABULARY

# SAYING GOODBYE

**3** A Find ten words in the wordsnake.

**B** Use the words from the wordsnake to make expressions for saying goodbye. Use some words more than once.



# GRAMMAR REVISION

- A Complete the texts with a word/phrase from the box. You do not need to use one word/phrase.
  - 1

performing can't like going to to going perform 's

My fiancée Matilda loves <sup>a</sup>\_performing\_, and she can <sup>b</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ very well. My problem is that I <sup>c</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ perform, and I don't <sup>d</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ performing, so I hate <sup>e</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to parties. Next month we're going <sup>f</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ get married. There <sup>g</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ going to be performing, and of course the first performance is for me and Matilda. What can I do? Martin

2

are can't going went us hated him 's going

Many years ago, my husband Herb and I to the sea every summer, but our little son Wally always b \_\_\_\_\_\_going in the water. So we didn't take c \_\_\_\_\_\_to the beach. He's fourteen years old now, but he d \_\_\_\_\_\_\_swim. Next year Herb and I going to go on a beach holiday and we want Wally to come with f \_\_\_\_\_\_\* He says he g \_\_\_\_\_\_to stay at home. What can we do? Kensie

3

it can make do are studying like going

I like <sup>a</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ English and I always <sup>b</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ my homework, but I don't often speak in class because I don't <sup>c</sup> my pronunciation. I'm <sup>d</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to change jobs soon and in my new job the meetings <sup>e</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ going to be in English. I <sup>f</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ read and write English, but I can't speak <sup>g</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. What can I do? Daniel

irLanguage.com

- **B** Write questions using the prompts.
- 1 can / Martin / perform? Can Martin perform?
- 2 he / like / performance?
- 3 can / Matilda / perform ?
- 4 Matilda / like / performance?
- **5** can / Wally / swim?
- 6 Wally / like / water?
- 7 Daniel / do / his homework?
- 8 can / he / read / write English?

# C Complete the answers to the questions in Exercise 1B.

- 2 No, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 No, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 No, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 A Read the replies to the problems in 1A. Find and correct two mistakes in each answer.

#### Dear Martin,

Many people say they can't performing. Can you walk? Can you jump? Then you can perform. Remember, Matilda loves performing and she loves you. You going to be fine!

#### Dear Kensie,

Wally don't can stay home alone, he's 14 and that's very young. He can take swimming lessons? Or can you go on a mountain holiday?

## Dear Daniel,

You say you don't often speak in class. But do you sometimes speak? Can people they understand you? Then your pronunciation is not a problem and you can to speak English just fine.

**B** Read the replies again. Which do you think is the best?



**3** Complete the phrases.

L	Travel & <u>Luggage</u> speak two la see you la work le and relax more
C	playing cogames Children's Cl& Shoes cJapanese food make co
<b>T</b> )	spend more ti with friends and family going to the th play te keep in to
S	stop sm see you so Mens Clothes & Sh learn so new
F P H	get fi cook Italian fo take ph remember ph numbers
W	read wo in Arabic lose we see you in two we go for long wa
0	help ot get or chat on see an ol friend

# FUNCTION REVISION

- **4** A Complete the poems.
  - 1
  - A: Good morning. 1 Would you like a drink?
  - B: It's very hot. Um ... I can't think.
  - A: Well, would you <sup>z</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a cup of tea?
  - B: Nice idea. <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ I have three?!
  - 2
  - A: Is that the <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_? My train's at three.
  - B: Here's my card. James Bond that's me.
  - A: Goodbye. I hope we meet <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_
  - B: Let's meet tonight at half past ten.

# 3

- A: This is my friend from work, Marty.
- B: Nice to <sup>6</sup> you. How's the party?
- **C:** The music's bad, I hate this <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ But nice to see a friendly face.
- 4
- A: Sorry, I can see an old friend over <sup>8</sup>
  The woman near the office chair.
  B: That's not your friend! That's my wife, Flo.
  A: Well, nice <sup>9</sup> meet you. Time to go!

B **R5.1** Listen and check. Then listen and say the poems with the recording.



# CHECK

Circle the correct option to complete the sentences. 1 I can speak Japanese, but I write it. a) can't very well b) can't c) don't can 2 A: Excuse me. Where are the televisions? B: They're in Home a) Entertainment b) Luggage c) and Garden **3** My friend doesn't like to parties. a) go b) going c) goes 4 So are you \_\_\_\_\_ here? a) from around b) around c) from this **5 A:** When can I see \_\_\_\_\_? B: I don't know. Phone tomorrow. a) you, us b) you, our c) your, us 6 \_ \_\_\_\_you like a drink? a) Would **b)** Do c) Did 7 I \_\_\_\_\_\_ coffee every morning. a) cook **b)** do c) make 8 I \_\_\_\_\_ get a new job. a) 'm going to b) going to c) 'm going 9 I \_\_\_\_\_ tea, please. Thanks. a) like b) 'd want c) 'd like 10 It's a good idea to \_\_\_\_\_ more time with friends. a) save b) take

c) spend

- 11 She \_\_\_\_\_\_ sing at the party.
  - a) doesn't going to
  - b) isn't going to
  - c) is going not to
- 12 My favourite activity is \_\_\_\_\_ long walks.
  - a) going in
  - b) going for
  - c) walking in
- 13 I had dinner with \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) they
  - **b)** us
  - c) them
- 14 I want to \_\_\_\_\_\_ smoking and \_\_\_\_\_ weight.
  - a) stop, lose
  - b) lose, get
  - c) stop, save
- 15 A: Where did you buy this?
  - B: I it online.
  - a) paid
  - b) payed
  - c) bought
- 16 A: Goodbye!
  - B: See you \_\_\_\_\_ three weeks!
  - a) at
  - **b)** in
  - c) after
- 17 I like \_\_\_\_\_\_ up early, but I hate \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast alone.
  - a) getting, having
  - **b)** geting, having
  - c) getting, haveing
- 18 Oh \_\_\_\_\_, this is my station. I \_\_\_\_\_
- we meet again!
  - a) see, hope
  - b) look, hope
  - c) look, want
- **19** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_sing?
  - a) Do you can
  - b) Are you can
  - c) Can you
- 20 My daughter likes \_\_\_\_\_ photos.
  - a) making
  - b) taking
  - c) doing
- RESULT /20

## LEAD IN Recording 1

4 zero, one ...

5 seven, eight ...

6 three, four ...

- 1 one, two ....
- 2 eight, nine ...
- 3 five, six ...

- LEAD IN Recording 2
- phone hus number chocolate football hotel

#### LEAD IN **Recording 3**

#### 1

- A: We don't use verbs that way in our language.
- B: I don't understand.
- 2
- A: What's autobus in English?
- B: It's bus.
- 3
- A: Sorry, which page?
- B: Seven.
- 4
- A: I'm Marek.
- B: Can you repeat that, please?
- A: Marek.
- 5
- A: What's casa in English?
- B: Sorry, I don't know.

#### 6

- A: U-n-d-e-r-s-t-a-n-d.
- B: Can you say it, please?
- A: OK. Understand.

#### UNIT 1 Recording 1

- 1 Spain
- 2 England, Ireland, Russia, Turkey, Poland, China
- 3 Japan, Brazil
- 4 Germany, Italy
- 5 Australia, South Africa

#### UNIT 1 Recording 2

- 1 I'm an American student.
- 2 You're a New York taxi driver.
- 3 Are you an actor?
- 4 I'm an engineer from Madrid.
- 5 I'm a hotel waiter.
- 6 Are you a singer?

## UNIT 1 Recording 3

- 1
- A: Excuse me? Am I in the
- Japanese class? B: Yes, you are.
- A: Are you the teacher?
- B: No, I'm not. I'm a student.
- A: Oh. sorry.
- B: No problem. I'm Ed.
- A: Hi, I'm Cathy. I'm a student, too.
- B: Nice to meet you.
- A: And you. Are you from Canada?
- B: Yes, I am. And you, are you English?
- A: No, I'm from Ireland.
- B: Oh, here's Misaki, the teacher. She's from Japan.
- 2
- A: Excuse me.
- B: Yes?
- A: Are you a nurse?
- B: No, I'm a doctor.
- A: Oh, sorry. I'm a nurse. My name's Anna. It's my first time here.
- B: Oh, hello. I'm Lynn. Lynn Baker.
- A: Nice to meet you, Doctor Baker. Are you from England?
- B: Yes, I am. Look, here's a nurse. Jan, this is Anna.
- C: Hi, Anna.
- A: Hi.
- C: Where are you from?
- A: I'm from Poland.
- C: Oh. Dzien dobry!
- A: Are you from Poland, too?
- C: No, I'm from Russia.

#### UNIT 1 Recording 4

- 1
- A: Good morning. I'm Sylvia White.
- B: Ah, yes, Mrs White. You're in Room 9.
- A: Is Mr Martin here?
- B: Yes, he is. He's in Room 8.
- 2
- A: Hi, Pat. Nice camera!
- B: Thanks.
- A: Is it a Panasonic?
- B: No, it isn't. It's an Olympus.
- 3
- A: Hi, Helena!
- B: Oh, hello, Marcus. Marcus, this is Jackie, from Australia.
- A: Hi, Jackie. Nice to meet you. Are you here on holiday?
- C: No, I'm here on business.

## UNIT 1 Recording 5

**AUDIO SCRIPTS** 

- 1 SRNF
- 2 AKJE
- 3 GBIT
- 4 HUWO
- 5 VCYP
- 6 X71 D

A: B-a-e-c-h-e-r.

B: Giacomo.

A: That's J-a ...

B: No, G-i-a-c-o-m-o.

A: G-i-a-c-o-m-o.

A: Louise Walsh.

A: W-a-l-s-h.

B: V-i-c-k-y.

A: Z-h-u.

B: Z-h-u.

A: Meilin Zhu.

A: Rufus Kean.

A: R-u-f-u-s.

A: That's right.

B: How do you spell Walsh?

A: What's your name?

B: Vicky Watson.

B: That's right.

# UNIT 1 Recording 6

1

2

3

4

5

6

A: My name's Alexandra Baecher.

A: Mr Mancini. What's your first name?

A: Vicky Watson. How do you spell Vicky?

B: Meilin ... How do you spell Zhu?

B: Rufus. How do you spell that?

B: R-u-f-u-s. Rufus Kean. K-e-a-n?

B: How do you spell Baecher?

# **AUDIO SCRIPTS**

# UNIT 1 Recording 7

#### 1

- A: What's your email address?
- B: It's yvesbedi373@yippee.com.
- A: E-v. How do you spell your first name?
- B: Not e-v. Y-v. Y as in, erm, yes. Y-v-e-s.
- 2
- A: What's your email address?
- B: It's johanna999@gomail.com.
- A: Johanna999 ... y-o-h ...
- B: No, j-o-h ....
- A: J?
- B: J. J-o-h-a-n-n-a.
- A: OK. Wait. A-n-n-a?
- B: Yes, A-n-n-a.
- 3
- 3
- A: And your email address?
- B: Heidiho251@itmail.com.
- A: H-e-i-d ... Is it e as in England?
- B: No, h-e-i-d-i. I as in it or in.
- A: OK, heidiho251@itmail.com.
- B: That's right.
- 4
- A: My email address is jorgelopes@ toggle.com.
- B: Just a minute. OK. G-o-r ...
- A: J not g. J-o-r ...
- B: J-o-r-g-e. Lopez?
- A: Yes.
- B: L-o-p-e ... z as in zoo?
- A: No, s as in, er, supermarket.
- B: Lopes.
- A: Yeah, jorgelopes@toggle.com.

## UNIT 2 Recording 1

- I = Interviewer B = Ben C = Celeste
- 1
- I: Ben, you're an actor.
- B: Yes.
- I: And you're from a family of actors.
- B: Yes, my parents are actors.
- I: And your brothers and sister?
- **B:** Yes, my sister's a film actress and one of my brothers, Jack, is an actor. But my other brother, Dave, isn't in the acting business.
- I: Oh, what's his job?
- B: He's a teacher.
- I: And is it a problem?
- B: Is what a problem?
- I: Well, your family are all in the same business. You're actors. You're from an acting family.
- B: Well ... OK, it is a problem sometimes.
- I: For example?
- **B:** Well, my parents and my brother are very good actors. And my sister – her films are very good and … well, it's new for me …
- I: Ah, I understand. And ...
- 2
- I: Celeste, just a few questions.
- C: Sure.
- I: You're from a very big sports family. Your mother's a swimmer, your father's a footballer ...
- C: Yes
- I: And your sister's an international tennis player. In the top ten in the world.
- C: That's right.
- I: And you're a great sportswoman yourself, already at sixteen years old
- C: Seventeen.
- Right, seventeen. You're the number two junior tennis player in the USA.
   C: Yes.
- I: So, is it a problem?
- C: Is what a problem?
- I: Well, your sister ...
- C: No, it's not a problem. But ...

#### UNIT2 Recording 2

- 1 What's her job?
- 2 Where's she from?
- 3 Where's he from?
- 4 He's from Spain.
- 5 What's his surname?
- 6 Where's our bus?
- 7 Where's their room?

# UNIT 2 Recording 3

- A: Let's have a break.
- B: No, let's not stop. Let's work.
- A: No, let's not work now.
- B: Why not? What's the problem?
- A: I'm tired!
- B: Oh. Yes, I'm tired, too.
- A: Let's stop.
- B: Good idea!

#### UNIT 2 Recording 4

1a

A: Let's eat. B: Great

- 1b
- A: Let's eat.
- B: Great.
- 2a
- A: Let's go.
- B: Good idea.
- 2b
  - A: Let's go.
  - B: Good idea.
- 3a
- A: Let's stop.

B. Great idea

B: Great idea.

A: Let's eat.

A: Let's go.

B: Good idea.

A: Let's stop.

1 brother

2 children

3 husband

4 actor5 thirsty6 daughter

A: Let's have a drink. B: Great idea.

REVIEW 1 Recording 1

B: OK.

B: Great.

A: Let's have a drink.

A: Let's have a drink.

UNIT 2 Recording 5

B: OK. 3h

**4**a

4h

1

2

3

A: Let's stop. B: OK.

## REVIEW 1 Recording 2

- 1 WAW
- 2 ICN
- 3 ESB
- 4 AMM 5 FCO
- 6 HEI
- 7 PEK
- 7 PEK 8 YOW
- 9 KUI
- 10 IAD
- 10 IAD 11 BER
- 12 DME

## REVIEW 1 Recording 3

- 1 WAW is Frederic Chopin Airport in Poland.
- **2** ICN is Incheon International Airport in Seoul, South Korea.
- **3** ESB is Esenboğa International Airport in Ankara, Turkey.
- 4 AMM is Queen Alia International Airport in Amman, Jordan.
- 5 FCO is Leonardo da Vinci-Fiucomo Airport near Rome, Italy.
- 6 HEL is Helsinki Vantaa Airport in Helsinki, Finland.
- PEK is Beijing Capital International Airport in Beijing, China.
- 8 YOW is Ottawa International Airport in Ottawa, Canada.
- 9 KUL is Kuala Lumpur Airport near Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
- 10 IAD is Washington Dulles International Airport in Washington DC, the United States of America.
- **11** BER is Berlin Brandenburg Airport in Berlin, Germany.
- 12 DME is Domodedovo International Airport in Moscow, Russia.

## REVIEW 1 Recording 4

- A: Oh, no! Five hours in the airport!
- B: Yeah, five hours. Hey, I'm thirsty.
- A: Yeah, me too. Let's have a drink.
- B: Let's go to the café.
- A: No, let's not go to the café. Let's go to the restaurant.
- B: The restaurant? No, the café.
- A: OK, OK. Let's go to the café.
- B: Good idea!

## REVIEW 1 Recording 5

- A: ... and what's your name?
- B: Erm, it's Adel.
- A: Adel ...
- B: Adel Gonda.
- A: How do you spell that?
- B: A-d-e-l, G-o-n-d-a.
- A: A-d-a-1 ...
- B: A-d-e-l ....
- A: A-d-e-l, G-o-n-t-a.
- B: No, G-o-n-d-a.
- A: OK. And what's your phone number?
- B: It's four-five-seven-one-seven-six-two.
- A: And what's your email address?
- B: It's adel327@cmail.com.
- A: A-d-e-l ...
- B: A-d-e-l-3-2-7at cmail ....
- A: S-m-a-i-l?
- B: No, c-m-a-i-l.
- A: Dot com?
- B: Yes.

## UNIT 3 Recording 1

- Is this your book here on the table?
   What are these boxes here on
- my chair?
- 3 This is my friend, Domingo.
- 4 These are my parents, Steve and Beth.
- 5 Is that a number 43 bus over there?
- 6 Are those your books over there?
- 7 Who is that woman with Harry?
- 8 Who are those children?

## UNIT 3 Recording 2

- 1
- A: Hello, can I ask you a question?
- B: Yeah?
- A: What's your favourite colour?
- B: My favourite colour. Erm ... I think it's red. Yes, red.
- A: Why red?
- **B:** Look, you can see. My T-shirt's red and my shoes.
- A: Nice shoes.
- B: Thanks. And of course my car is red.
- A: Of course!
- 2
- A: What's your favourite colour?
- C: I don't know.
- A: Is it blue, maybe? Your sweater's blue and your bag.
- **C:** Yes, that's true, but no, I think my favourite colour is yellow.
- A: Why?
- C: Yellow's a happy colour. You know, the sun, the beach ... it's a happy colour. Yes, yellow.

## 3

A: Excuse me. Have you got a minute?

**AUDIO SCRIPTS** 

- D: Er ... yes, OK.
- A: Erm, what's your favourite colour?
- D: Hmm. Well, these are my favourite trousers and jacket, and they're brown. So, brown, yes, brown. All my shoes are brown, too!

## UNIT 3 Recording 3

- 1
- A: Good afternoon.
- **B:** Hi. Erm ... can we have two egg sandwiches, please?
- A: On brown bread or white?
- **B:** Er ... brown, please. And two coffees one espresso and one cappuccino.
- A: That's two egg sandwiches on brown bread, an espresso and a cappuccino.
- B: Thanks.
- 2
- C: Excuse me.

C: Still, please.

A: Two, OK?

3

A: Anything else?

A: A cake, right ...

A: And two cakes.

A: Can I help you?

one water.

D: That's right.

A: Anything else?

A: OK. One cake.

D: Yes. One cake, please.

A: Mineral water?

chocolate cakes.

C: Yes. Two cakes, please.

- A: Sorry, just a minute ... Sorry, Madam. We're very busy.
- C: No problem. Can I have a mineral water?

C: Er, yes, can I have a cake?

C: Er, no, make that two of those

D: Yes, can we have two colas and one

D: Yes, sparkling mineral water.

A: So that's one cola, one sparkling

mineral water and one tea.

tea ... What's the problem, Kieron?

What? No cola? OK, sorry. One cola,

A: Still or sparkling?

## UNIT 4 Recording 1

- 1 What's your name?
- 2 Where do you live?
- 3 Why do you live in two cities?
- 4 Who do you live with?
- 5 What's your job?
- 6 Where do you work?

## UNIT 4 Recording 2

- 1 wants
- 2 does
- 3 teaches
- 4 listens
- 5 asks
- 6 stops
- 7 says
- 8 reads
- 9 knows
- 10 watches
- 11 writes
- 12 goes

## UNIT 4 Recording 3

- I = Interviewer A = Angela M = Matt
- I: Today's programme is about 'double lives' and we have in the studio a sister and brother, Angela ...
- A: Hi.
- I: ... and Matt.
- M: Hello.
- I: Angela and Matt are from Lancaster, in England. They're twins, they're thirtysix years old. And ... well, let me ask you some questions. Angela, you and Matt have a taxi company, yes?
- A: That's right. Twin Taxi Company.
- I: So twin brother and sister, twin taxis – two taxis – good name for the company!
- A: We don't have two taxis. We have one taxi.
- I: Oh? So who drives?
- M: Well, it's a twenty-four-hour taxi service. Well, actually twenty-two hours. I drive eleven hours and Angela drives eleven hours.
- **I:** In the same taxi, day and night. **A:** I drive in the morning and in
- the afternoon.
- M: And I drive in the evening and at night.
- A: And we love it. It's great!
- I: Eleven hours a day. That's a lot of work.
- M: Yes, well we both have children.
- A: Yeah, and they always want something new – a new phone, new computer ...
- M: ... new clothes, new shoes.
- I: How many children do you have, Matt?
- M: I have two children.
- I: Twins?
- M: No! A son and a daughter. He's three and she's four years old.
- I: And you Angela?
- A: One girl, Diana. She's seventeen.
- I: OK. You both work a lot. When do you two see each other?
- A: We have coffee together every morning at six.
- M: Yeah, I stop work then ...
- A: ... and I start work.
- I: And what do you two usually talk about?
- M: The usual, really family, children, my wife …
- A: ... my husband, money.
- I: The taxi?
- A/M: Yes, the taxi!

## UNIT 4 Recording 4

- 1 Sunday
- 2 Tuesday
- 3 Thursday
- 4 Friday
- 5 Wednesday
- 6 Monday
- 7 Saturday

## UNIT 4 Recording 5

- 1
- A: When are the English lessons?
- B: We meet every Tuesday and Thursday at 7p.m.
- 2
- A: See you on Friday!
- **B:** OK. Let's meet in the evening for coffee.
- 3
- A: Do you have work this week?
- **B:** Yes, I work every day, and at the weekend, too.
- 4
- A: Why are you so tired?
- **B:** I work at night and go to university in the morning. I don't sleep!
- 5
- A: Are you here tomorrow?
- **B:** Yes, I'm here every morning, but not in the afternoon.

## UNIT 4 Recording 6

- 1 one o'clock
- 2 quarter past five
- 3 guarter to twelve
- 4 half past nine
- 5 guarter to seven
- 6 seven o'clock
- 7 quarter past four
- 8 half past two

## UNIT 4 Recording 7

- 1
  - A: What time's the football match?
  - B: The football match? At half past nine.
- A: Sorry?
- B: Half past nine.
- A: Half past nine. OK, thanks.
- 2
- A: Do you want to go to a party?
- B: Maybe. What time does it start?
- A: It starts at seven.B: At seven? OK. Let's go!

## REVIEW 2 Recording 1

1

## A: What time is it now?

- **B:** It's quarter to three.
- A: So let's have a coffee.
- B: Can I have a tea?
- 2
- A: The film is at eight.
- **B:** Oh, good, it's at ten.
- A: Not ten, it's at eight!
- B: Can you say that again?
- 3
- . Carl 1
- A: Can I have water?
- B: Sparkling or still?
- A: | think | want sparkling. | feel very ill.
- A: I'm tired and hungry.
- B: So let's have a break.
- A: Can I have a coffee?
- B: Can I have a cake?

## UNIT 5 Recording 1

- A: Does Calvin come to class on time?
   B: Yes, he does.
- 2 A: Does he ask questions in class?B: Yes, he does.
- 3 A: Does he listen to the answers?B: No, he doesn't.
- 4 A: Does he speak English in class?B: No, he doesn't.
- 5 A: Does he write in the class blog?B: Yes, he does.
- 6 A: Does he read English books?B: No, he doesn't.
- 7 A: Does he watch films in English?B: Yes, he does.
- 8 A: Does he do his homework?B: No, he doesn't.

## UNIT 5 Recording 2

- I = Interviewer G = George
- A: So, George, you're a sumo wrestler.
- B: That's right.
- A: But you aren't Japanese?
- **B:** No, I'm American. My parents are Japanese.
- A: OK. So, my first question is ... what do you eat?
- B: Everyone asks that question! Do you mean, how am I so ...
- A: ... big.
- B: ... fat?
- A: OK, yeah. Do you eat a lot of food?
- B: Yes, I do, but it's difficult.
- A: So, what's a typical day?
- **B:** Well, in a typical day, | get up at seven in the morning.
- A: And do you have a big breakfast?
- B: No, I don't. I never have breakfast.
- A: Oh ... I'm surprised ... So what do you do in the morning?
- B: I go to work. I do sport sumo training.
- A: And you aren't hungry? You do sport with no food ...
- **B:** Well, yes, I'm very hungry in the mornings ... always.
- A: When do you eat? Do you have lunch?
- **B:** Yes, we have lunch together at twelve. A big lunch.
- A: And do you eat junk food ... pizza, hamburgers things like that?
- B: No, I never eat pizza or other junk food. I usually eat 'Chanko-nabe'.
- A: 'Chanko-nabe'? What's that?
- **B:** It's Japanese it's with chicken, fish and vegetables.
- A: Very healthy!
- **B:** Yes, and I often have six litres of juice with lunch.
- A: Really? Six litres?
- B: And then, after lunch, I go to bed.
- A: You go to bed!
- **B:** Yes, I usually sleep about four hours in the afternoon.
- A: And in the evening?
- **B:** Sumo training ... a big dinner of Chanko-nabe and beer, and then sleep. I usually go to bed at about ten.
- A: Well, that's very interesting. Thank you, George. Now I'm er ... hungry.
- B: Let's have lunch!
- A: Chanko-nabe?
- B: Of course!

## UNIT 5 Recording 3

**AUDIO SCRIPTS** 

- 1 gym
- 2 café, gift shop, restaurant
- 3 hairdresser's
- 4 swimming pool, guided tour
- 5 money exchange

## UNIT 5 Recording 4

- A: Excuse me?
- B: Yes, can I help you?
- A: When does the guided tour leave?
- B: It leaves every hour from ten in
- the morning.
- A: So at ten, eleven, twelve and so on?
- B: Yes, at ten, eleven, twelve ... then one, two, three, four and five. Oh, sorry, there isn't a guided tour at five today.
- A: OK, thanks. Erm ... what time does the ticket office open?
- B: It opens at nine a.m., and ten a.m. on Sunday.
- A: When does it close?
- **B:** At five p.m. and at eight p.m. on Saturday. On Saturday we have an evening tour at eight.
- A: How much does it cost?
- **B:** It's twenty-five euros. And ten euros for children.
- A: Right. Where does it leave from?
- **B:** It leaves from the ticket office, but it stops here at the hotel, too.
- A: Thank you very much.
- B: You're welcome.

## UNIT 5 Recording 5

1

## A: Good morning.

B: Good morning. Can I help you?

C: Do you have a money exchange?

C: Great. What time does it open

B: It opens at ten and closes at four.

B: Good afternoon. Can I help you?

D: Yes, do you have a map of the city?

- A: Yes. What time is lunch?
- B: It starts at twelve and finishes at two, but it's half past two now. I'm sorry.
- A: That's a shame.
- 2

3

# C: Excuse me?B: Yes, can I help you?

B: Yes, we do.

and close?

C: Right. Thank you.

B: Yes, here you are.D: Great, thanks.B: You're welcome.

## UNIT 6 Recording 1

1 café

## 2 internet café

- 3 hotel
- 4 payphone
- 5 newsagent's
- 6 cash machine
- 7 restaurant
- 8 pharmacy

## UNIT 6 Recording 2

- 1
- A: North Street, please.
- B: Do you have any bags?
- A: Yes, these, but they're OK here.
- B: North Street?
- A: Yes, the Garden Hotel.
- B: Right, I know it. Where are you from?
- C: We're from New Zealand, Auckland.
- **B:** Ah ... and is this your first time in Belfast?
- **C:** Yes, and it's our first time in Ireland.
- **A:** We're on holiday here, for two weeks.
- **B:** Ah, well, it's a good time to visit
- because ...

## 2

- A: Tea or coffee, sir?
- B: Er ... coffee, please.
- A: With milk?
- **B:** Yes, and can I have sugar, please? Er, what time is it in Moscow now?
- A: It's ... er, quarter to three.
- **B:** And do you know ... about the weather?
- A: Yes, it's hot. It's thirty degrees.
- B: That's hot. Thanks.
- A: Enjoy your drink.
- 3
- A: Do you go to the city centre?
- **B:** Where do you want to go?
- A: To the Summer Café. In Old Street.
- B: Yes, we go there.
- A: OK, one adult and two children, please.
- B: That's two fifty.
- A: I don't know the town. Can you tell us when we get there?
- **B:** Yes, no problem. It's ... er ... five stops from here.

## UNIT 6 Recording 3

- 1 single ticket
- 2 ticket office
- 3 return ticket
- 4 passenger
- 5 monthly pass
- 6 gate

26

## UNIT 6 Recording 4

- A: A ticket to Canberra, please.
- B: Single or return?
- A: Return, please.
- B: For today?
- A: Sorry, no, for tomorrow.
- B: When do you want to go?
- A: In the afternoon.
- B: And when do you want to come back?
- A: On Friday, in the morning.
- B: OK, that's eighty-three dollars.
- A: What time's the bus?
- B: There's one at quarter to nine.
- A: When does it arrive in Canberra?
- B: At quarter to eleven.
- A: Thanks a lot.

## UNIT 6 Recording 5

- 1 A: It's bus number thirty-nine.
- **B:** Sorry? Twenty-nine?
- A: No, thirty-nine.
- 2
- A: That's forty-nine euros.
- B: Sorry? Forty-five?
- A: No, forty-nine.
- 3
- A: The plane leaves from gate fifty-eight.
- B: Sorry? Gate eighty-eight?
- A: No, gate fifty-eight.
- A: The bus leaves at quarter past five.
- **B:** Sorry? Quarter to five?
- A: No, quarter past five.
- 5
- A: I'm fifty-four years old.
- B: Sorry, sixty-four?
- A: No, fifty-four.

## REVIEW 3 Recording 1

- 1
- A: And here's your room key. Anything else?
- **B:** Yes. Is there a café in the hotel?
- A: No, there isn't. There's a restaurant.
- B: And is breakfast in the restaurant?
- A: Yes. Breakfast is in the restaurant from half past six.
- **B:** Great. When does the restaurant open for dinner?
- A: Breakfast is from half past six to eleven, lunch from eleven to three.
- B: And dinner?
- A: From five to ten.
- B: Five to ten. OK, thank you.

## 2

A: Can I help you?

of the old town.

B: Is it a walking tour?

B: What time does it leave?

very big.

to four

A: Seventeen euros.

B: Seventeen euros. OK.

B: Yes, I do. Very much.

B: Lovely. When is it?

At eight o'clock.

B: Wonderful. How much is it?

A: Tomorrow at half past seven.

park now.

no theatre.

B: Oh?

A: It's free

is that?

B: OK, thanks.

A: Excuse me?

please?

3

B: How much is it?

A: Twenty-five euros.

B: Yes, can I help you?

it's a slow train.

B: Single or return?

A: Return, please.

A: We don't know.

A: OK.

A: Thirty-six pounds?

B: Put your card in ...

B: Yes, I'm a tourist here. I'm here for three days. What is there to do?A: Well, there's a very good guided tour

A: No, it's a bus tour. The old town's

B: Great. How much does it cost?

A: OK, so ... Do you like the theatre?

A: Well, we have summer theatre in the

A: Hmm ... Today's Monday, so there's

A: Tonight there's a concert in the park.

B: Great. Free. And the theatre? When

A: When is the next train to Brighton?

A: That's OK. Can I have two tickets,

B: When do you want to come back?

B: OK. That's thirty-six pounds, please.

B: Yes, eighteen pounds for one return.

B: To Brighton? Let's see ... it's a quarter

to two now. There's a train at two, but

A: There's a tour at guarter past ten. Oh

wait, it's half past ten now, sorry. So,

the next tour is at half past one in the

afternoon. And there's one at quarter

## REVIEW 3 Recording 2

- 1
- A: And here's your room key. Anything else?
- B: Yes. Is there a café in the hotel?
- A: No, there isn't. There's a restaurant.
- 2
- A: Breakfast is in the restaurant from half past six.
- **B:** Great. When does the restaurant open for dinner?
- A: From five to ten.

## 3

- A: No, it's a bus tour. The old town's very big.
- B: What time does it leave?
- A: There's a tour at quarter past ten.
- A: And there's one at guarter to four.
- **B:** Great. How much does it cost?
- A: Seventeen euros.

## 5

- A: When is the next train to Brighton?
- B: To Brighton? Let's see ... it's a quarter to two now. There's a train at two, but it's a slow train.

## 6

- A: Return, please.
- B: When do you want to come back?
- A: We don't know.

## UNIT 7 Recording 1

- 1 New Year's Day is the first of January.
- 2 Valentine's Day is the fourteenth of February.
- 3 The first of May is May Day.
- 4 Independence Day in the USA is the fourth of July.
- 5 International Women's Day is the eighth of March.
- 6 The eleventh of August is Son and Daughter's Day.
- 7 The twenty-fifth of December is Christmas Day.
- 8 The tenth of June is Children's Day.
- 9 The second of April is Children's Book Day.
- **10** Halloween is the thirty-first of October.

## UNIT 7 Recording 2

- 1 travel
- 2 try
- 3 move
- 4 play
- 5 arrive
- 6 start
- 7 talk
- 8 walk
- 9 wait
- **10** stop

## UNIT 7 Recording 3

- Emperor penguins are very big, but every winter they go on a very long walk. Every year, the penguins walk between fifty and a hundred and twenty kilometres in the snow to find food in the sea.
- 2 A black and white cat named Tom was lost in a British Airways plane for two months. In these two months he travelled about eight hundred thousand kilometres and visited a lot of different countries.
- 3 Another amazing cat named Tom was a great traveller. He was from the USA and his family moved home from Florida to California, but Tom wasn't with them. He was left in Florida. Tom walked four thousand kilometres to find his family. He arrived at the new house in California after two years.
- 4 Everybody knows that milk comes from cows, not from the supermarket. The average cow gives two hundred thousand glasses of milk in its lifetime – and its lifetime is sometimes twenty-five years long!
- 5 Many parrots talk, but they don't know a lot of words – maybe ten or twenty. In 2004, in a test, N'kisi, an African grey parrot, used 950 words.

## UNIT 7 Recording 4

- 1 lived
- 2 closed
- 3 opened
- 4 listened
- 5 looked
- 6 studied
- 7 emailed
- 8 texted
- 9 stopped
- 10 answered

## UNIT 7 Recording 5

- 1 worked
- 2 wanted
- 3 asked
- 4 played
- 5 repeated
- 6 watched

## UNIT 7 Recording 6

- 1
- A: How's your food?
- B: mm-MM-m.
- 2
- A: How's your food?
- B: MM-mm-m.
- 3
- A: How's your food?
- B: MM.
  - . .
- A: How's your food?
- B: MM-MM.5
- A: How's your food?
- B: MM-mm.

## UNIT 7 Recording 7

- 1 mm-MM-m, delicious
- 2 MM-mm-m, terrible
- 3 MM, great
- 4 MM-MM, all right
- 5 MM-mm, awful

## UNIT 8 Recording 1

## J = Jocelyn A = Andreas

J: I met Clare last year in an Italian class. I wanted to learn Italian because I love Italy and I wanted to go to Italy on holiday. Anyway, Clare sat next to me in class. At first, I didn't like her, because she was good at Italian and I wasn't very good. But every day we went home on the same bus and we talked and became friends. Then one day Clare phoned me and said, 'Hey, let's go to India together!' I was very surprised. I said, 'You mean Italy, not India.' She said 'No, India,' because she loved Indian food. I love it, too. We went to India together last

summer and we had a fantastic time.
We're great friends now.
A: I met my best friend Raji on the internet. It was in 2007, after I

internet. It was in 2007, after I finished university. My first job was in Canberra. So I moved home, from Sydney to Canberra. All my friends were in Sydney and I didn't know anyone in Canberra.

I was bored in the evenings and I had a lot of free time. So I went on the internet a lot. And there was a blog, called Vindaloo, about Indian food. I love Indian food. And on the blog I talked to a guy called Raji. He knew a lot about Iridian cooking. So I emailed him and I got an email back. He lived in Canberra, too. So we met, and we were instant best friends.

## UNIT 8 Recording 2

- 1
- A: Excuse me. Where's the underground?
- **B:** It's near the cash machine.
- A: Opposite the trains?
- **B:** Yes, that's right.
- 2
- A: Excuse me. Where are the
- men's toilets? B: They're on the right of the cash machine.
- 3
- A: Excuse me. Where are the women's toilets?
- B: They're on the right of the men's toilets.
- A: On the right of the men's toilets?
- B: And opposite the café.
- A: OK, thanks.
- 4
- A: Excuse me. Where are the taxis?
- **B:** They're on the left of the buses.
- A: So between the buses and the café?
- B: Yes.
- A: Thank you.

## UNIT 8 Recording 3

- 1
- A: Oh, you're a teacher. And what's your husband's job?
- B: What's that?
- A: You know doctor, teacher, secretary.
- B: Oh! He's a pilot.
- 2
- A: What fruit do they have in the supermarket today?
- B: I don't understand.
- A: Like, do they have apples, bananas, oranges?
- **B:** Oh, OK. They have apples and oranges.
- A: Do you know another adjective for 'good'?
- B: Another what?
- A: For example, good, bad, hot, cold, happy ...
- B: Oh, I understand. I know another word for 'very good'. Fantastic!

## REVIEW 4 Recording 1

- 1 liked
- 2 started
- 3 spoke 4 knew
- 5 cried
- 6 looked
- 7 wanted
- 8 talked
- 9 became
- 10 said
- 11 took
- 12 thought
- 13 stopped 14 listened
- 14 listened15 studied
- 16 met

## REVIEW 4 Recording 2

- 1
- A: Is there a good restaurant near here?
- B: There's a good Chinese restaurant
- over there.
- A: Where?
- **B:** On the left of the bank.
- A: I see it. Is the food good?
- **B:** Well, I think it's delicious.
- 2
- A: Do you know the Chinese restaurant near here?
- C: Yes.
- A: Is it good?
- C: It's all right, but I like Italian food. There's a great Italian restaurant opposite the school.
- A: Where?
- C: Behind the bus over there. Next to the newsagent's.
- A: Oh, right. Yes. How's the food there?
- C: We ate there last night. It was fantastic.

## UNIT 9 Recording 1

## Speaker 1

I'm not a dancer, so I wasn't very good. I liked the music, you know, and I went with Cheryl – she's a great dancer. We laughed a lot. It was fantastic. I'm happy that we went, it was a great gift.

## Speaker 2

It's just so fast. I mean, I usually drive fast, 120 kilometres an hour on the motorway, but this was different. You don't have time to think. I was really scared. I didn't like it. I thought it was too dangerous.

## Speaker 3

Amazing, really. Everything was so small from up there, so far away. I felt relaxed, very relaxed. We took hundreds of pictures. The countryside was beautiful.

## Speaker 4

We were a small group – five of us. We went out to this place near the sea. A very quiet, beautiful place. We sat and waited. And waited. We didn't speak. Our guide said, 'Just wait.' And then two or three birds were there, but nothing 'amazing'. The guide said it was a bad day for it, sometimes they don't come. So it wasn't very good, really. I was angry because I know it was expensive.

## UNIT 9 Recording 2

- 1
- A: What would you like?
- B: I'd like a cheese sandwich.
- A: Would you like white bread or brown?
- B: Brown, please.
- 2
- A: Can | help you?
- B: Yes, I'd like that sweater, please.
- A: This one?
- B: No. I'd like that brown one, please.
- 3
- A: Come in. Sit down.
- B: Nice flat!
- A: Thanks. Would you like a drink?
- B: Yes, I'd love an apple juice
- or something.

## UNIT 9 Recording 3

- 1 How was the weather yesterday?
- 2 How do you spell beautiful?
- 3 What would you like for dinner?4 Where is your best friend now?



- 1
- A: How was the weather yesterday?
- B: Let me think. Um, it was sunny and cold
- z

## 2

A: How do you spell beautiful?

B: Er ... b-e-a-u-t-i-f-u-l.

- 3
- A: What would you like for dinner?
- B: Well ... Oh, I don't know.
- 4
- A: Where is your best friend now?B: Let me see ... she's in California, I think.

## UNIT 10 Recording 1

## Speaker 1

I started the job on Friday, and the first day was OK. But then on Saturday, a lot of people came into the shop and there were only two of us. People asked me questions and I didn't know the answers. I know about computers, but I don't know the shop or the prices of things. So some customers became angry. It was very difficult. My boss wasn't happy with me.

## Speaker 2

I studied a long time for this job. I know the city and all the tourist places. I speak three languages: English, German and Japanese. Then on my first day, they gave me a group of Japanese tourists. I said 'Hello' in Japanese, and they said nothing. Nothing! I thought OK, let's do the tour. So we walked around the old town, I talked in Japanese about everything – my Japanese is really good. They all looked unhappy, but they didn't say anything. Then finally at the end one man said to me in English, 'We're not Japanese, we're Korean. We didn't understand you.' What a terrible mistake! I felt very bad.

## Speaker 3

People think it's an easy job, but it isn't. I started one month ago and things were OK, but then a woman came in and asked for a simple hair cut. 'Just a little cut,' she said, 'and a shampoo.' I cut her hair and washed it, and then when she looked in the mirror, she screamed 'Arrrggh! It's too short!' Then I made a big mistake. I laughed. I didn't see a problem – her hair was good. Then my boss came out and he said, 'Go!' so I left. I thought I lost the job. An hour later he phoned me. He wasn't angry, he just said, 'Come back, but next time, don't laugh! OK?'

## UNIT 10 Recording 2

- He can't remember names, but he can remember numbers.
- 2 She can swim, but she can't ride a bike.3 He can't drive a car, but he can ride a horse.
- 4 She can throw, but she can't catch.
- 5 He can play the guitar, but he can't sing.
- 6 She can't cook, but she can make coffee.

## UNIT 10 Recording 3

- 1
- A: What do you think of the food?B: I think it's really good. It's a nice restaurant.
- A: Let's have a coffee.
- B: No, thanks. It's very late.
- A: Oh ... is that the time? My train is at eleven o'clock.
- **B:** Yes. And I have a meeting tomorrow at eight o'clock.
- A: Oh! That's early!

## 2

- A: Hi, how are you?
- B: I'm fine, thanks. I'm Katie.
- A: I'm Sam. This is a great party.
- **B:** Yes, it's really good. So are you from around here?
- A: No, I'm from Sydney in Australia. Er ... I'm sorry, I can see an old friend over there.
- B: Oh. Well ... nice to talk to you.
- A: You too. I hope we meet again.
- B: Yes. Maybe.

## UNIT 10 Recording 4

- 1
- A: I hope you're at the party on Friday.
- B: I hope so, too.
- 2
- A: This is a nice place.
- **B:** Yes, it's really good.
- 3
- A: I hope you like the film.
- B: I hope so, too.
- 4
- A: This is my email address.
- B: Here's mine.
- 5
- A: I like this restaurant!
- B: Yes, it's really good.
- 6
- A: Here's my card.
- B: Here's mine.
- 7
- A: I hope we meet again.
- B: I hope so, too.
- 8
- A: Very nice to meet you.
- B: You too.

## REVIEW 5 Recording 1

- A: Good morning. Would you like a drink?

AUDIO SCRIPTS

- B: It's very hot. Um ... I can't think.
- A: Well, would you like a cup of tea?
- B: Nice idea. Can I have three?
- 2
- A: Is that the time? My train's at three.
- B: Here's my card. James Bond that's me.
- A: Goodbye. I hope we meet again.
- **B:** Let's meet tonight at half past ten.
- 3
- A: This is my friend from work, Marty.
- **B:** Nice to meet you. How's the party?
- **C:** The music's bad, I hate this place, but nice to see a friendly face.

4

- A: Sorry, I can see an old friend over there, the woman near the office chair.
- **B:** That's not your friend! That's my wife, Flo.
- A: Well, nice to meet you. Time to go!

## LEAD IN

Ac	ross	Down				
3	three	1	four			
5	six	3	two			
6	one	4	eight			
8	ten	5	seven			
9	five	7	nine			

100

```
210 37 42 59 65
```

## 24

number, phone, chocolate, bus, football

## B

0	00	00
phone bus	number <u>choc</u> olate football	ho <u>tel</u>

## 3A

- 2 Sorry, which page?
- Can you repeat that, please? What's *autobus* in English? 3
- 4
- 5 Can you say it, please?
- 6 Sorry, I don't know.

#### What's autobus in English? 2

- Sorry, which page? 3
- Can you repeat that, please? 4
- 5 Sorry, I don't know.
- Can you say it, please? 6

## â

2 Goodnight 3 Hello 4 Good evening 5 Good afternoon 6 Hi

## UNIT 1

## 1

- 3 I'm not Sue Green.
- 4 You aren't in the Hilton Hotel.
- 5 Am I in room 2?
- Are you from Canada? 6
- You aren't a student. 7
- 8 Am I late?

## 

- 1 B: I'm on the bus.
- A: Are you from England? 2
- B: No, I'm not. I'm from Scotland. A: Hi, I'm John Smith. 3
- B: I'm John Smith, too. Nice to meet you. A: Are you from Australia?
- B: Yes, I am. I'm from Sydney.

## 34

- 1 Ireland, Germany
- 2 Russia, Australia, Turkey
- Japan, Poland, South Africa
- 4 China, Brazil, Spain, Italy

## 8

- 1 Spain 2 Ireland, Russia, Turkey, Poland, China 3 Japan, Brazil
- 4 Germany, Italy 5 Australia, South Africa

## 40

80

2 Venezuela 3 Perth, Australia 4 Italy 5 Johannesburg, South Africa 6 Portugal

## P

- 1 Deni, Vera 2 Deni 3 Claudio, Vera
- 4 Deni 5 Claudio 6 Claudio, Vera

## 100

- 1 I'm Wei Ling and I'm from Beijing in China.
- 2 I'm Eva. I'm a teacher from Germany.
- I'm Maria, from Rome, and I'm a student of 3 English.
- Good morning. I'm Ahmet, from Turkey. 4

## 1.2

## IA

ß	D	0	C	T	0	R	B	F	Р	0
	С	В	U	Е	0	м	U	Q	S	L
N	н	0	v	J	D	Ν	S	Z	F	D
G	$\square$	A	Х	Т	D	R	1	V	E	R
E	E	В	В	0	J	м	Ν	$\mathbb{M}$	w	U
R	A	н	Т	1	U	D	E	A	w	D
1	С	Q	Y	D	Е	Т	S	1	к	A
0	н	Q	U	м	R	L	S	Т	X	S
н	E	A	С	Т	0	R	м	E	Р	V
х	R	G	R	R	E	к	А	R	Y	C
Ζ	R	J	E	Ν	G	Ι	Ν	E	Ε	R
_					~		-	_		

## -

1 waiter 2 singer 3 engineer 4 actor 5 teacher 6 businessman 7 taxi driver 8 doctor

## 24

- 2 You're a New York taxi driver.
- 3 Are you an actor?
- 4 I'm an engineer from Madrid. 5 I'm a hotel waiter.
- 6 Are you a singer?
- 3A 1a 2b

8 Ed: Canada Cathy: student, Ireland Misaki: teacher, Japan Anna: nurse, Poland Lynn Baker: doctor, England Jan: nurse, Russia

## C

- 2 No problem. I'm Ed.
- 3 And you, are you English?
- It's my first time here. 4
- Look, here's a nurse. 5 6 Are you from Poland, too?

## A.A

3 It's 4 She's

## 8

- 2 Where is Lima?
- Is it in Los Angeles or Washington? 3 4 Where is she in France?
- Sale .

## 1b 2a 3b 4a

SA

2 re 3 ls 4 is 5 s 6 ls 7 isn't 8 is 9 Are 10 m

## 14

2E 31 4H 5Y 6D

## 490

2 Giacomo 3 Walsh 4 Vicky 5 Zhu 6 Rufus

## 100

- 2 How do you spell Thompson
- What's your first name 3
- what's your nationality 4
- 5 What's your job
- 6 What's your phone number 7 What's your email address

## â

SA.

23

3

4

5

6

7

8

2 Hello

I'm from Spain

Good evening

Thank you

surname's

UNIT 2

2 1

1A

24

R

3

4

5

6

3A

B

1 B 2 C 3 A

6 Dan 7 Miranda

5 Tom, James 6 Cindy

7 you 8 we

is a student

2 johanna999@gomail.com

2 number 3 phone 4 email 5 nationality 6 address 7 surname

What's your phone number

2 brother 3 father 4 parents 5 son

Answer to the question: A happy family

2 you 3 we 4 they 5 we 6 they

B: Yes, they are. They're from Paris.

A: Are you and Charlie brothers?

B: No, we aren't. We're friends.

A: Are Jack and Diane English?

B: No, they aren't. They're American.

B: No, I'm not. I'm an actor.

2 Tom 3 Sam 4 Jenny 5 Ricky

2 Sam, Tom 3 Jenny 4 Dan and Miranda

2 A: Are they from France?

A: Are you a pilot?

A: Is your car new?

B: No, it isn't. It's old.

6 wife 7 husband 8 mother

9 sister 10 children

Meg: mother, wife

Rob: son, brother

Alan and Meg: parents

Katy: daughter, sister

Rob and Katy: children

- heidiho251@itmail.com 3
- 4 jorgelopes@toggle.com

## **4**A

## 2 a 3 c 4 h 5 f 6 b 7 e 8 d

## В

- 2 Hi, Paul. Lisa isn't here. Her phone's here. I'm Sarah, a friend.
- 3 Oh, hi, Sarah. Where's Lisa?
- 4 She's with Kenji. They're at the cinema.
- 5 Who's Kenji?
- 6 He's a student. We're in the same class.
- 7 Is he from Japan?
- 8 Yes, he is.

## 2.2

## 14

3 twelve 4 50 5 a hundred 6 11 7 forty-five 8 31 9 seventy-six 10 26

## В

**2** 26 **3** 11 **4** 12 **5** 31 **6** 45 **7** 64 **8** 13 **9** 76 **10** 100

## 24

singers, actors, chefs, sportspeople

B

1 a actors b is

2 a sportspeople b isn't

## С

1 His father: actor His mother: actress His sister: film actress Jack: actor Dave: teacher 2 Celeste: sportswoman/tennis player Her mother: sportswoman/swimmer Her father: sportsman/footballer Her sister: sportswoman/tennis player

## 3

1 their 2 My, my 3 Our, we're 4 It's, its 5 I'm, my 6 Her, her 7 Our, we're 8 My, I'm 9 It's, it's

## **4**A

2 she 3 he 4 He's 5 his 6 our 7 their

## B

- 2 Where's she from?
- 3 Where's he from?
- 4 He's from Spain.
- 5 What's his surname?6 Where's our bus?
- 7 Where's their room?
- 5
- -

2 my 3 our 4 their 5 Your 6 his

## 2.3

1

AcrossDown3 bored1 thirsty4 hungry2 cold5 tired4 hot

## 5 tired

24

2 not 3 Let's 4 work 5 problem 6 m 7 too 8 stop 9 idea

## **3**A

2 a 3 b 4 b

## **REVIEW 1**

## 1A/B

1 twenty-one N, businesswoman J, bored A 2

tired A, children F, engineer J, seventy-eight N

forty-four N, husband F, actor J, cold A

thirsty A, taxi driver J, thirty-five N, daughter F

## С

3

children, husband, actor, thirsty, daughter

## 24

2 is 3 are 4 isn't 5 's/is 6 are 7 are 8 are 9 aren't 10 is

## B

- 2 What's your job?
- 3 Is your brother married?4 Where is his wife from?
- 4 Where is his wife from?5 Where are Emilia and Pe
- 5 Where are Emilia and Pehuen?6 How old are their children?
- 7 Are your parents in Brazil?
- 8 Is their summer house in the city?

## С

- 2 I'm a pilot.
- 3 Yes, he is.
- 4 She's from Poland.
- 5 They're in Korea.
- 6 They're fifteen and seventeen.
- 7 No, they aren't. They're in Greece.
- 8 No, it isn't. It's in the countryside.

## 3

2 They're 3 They 4 They're 5 His 6 she's 7 they're 8 you 9 your 10 My 11 Its 12 it's

## **4**A

2 ICN 3 ESB 4 AMM 5 FCO 6 HEL 7 PEK 8 YOW 9 KUL 10 IAD 11 BER 12 DME

## В

- 2 ICN: Seoul, Korea
- 3 ESB: Ankara, Turkey
- 4 AMM: Amman, Jordan
- 5 FCO: Rome, Italy6 HEL: Helsinki, Finland
- 7 PEK: Beijing, China
- 8 YOW: Ottawa, Canada
- 9 KUL: Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- 10 IAD: Washington, America
- 11 BER: Berlin, Germany
- 12 DME: Moscow, Russia

## **5**A

**b** go **c** hours **d** not **e** Good **f** 'm **g** 's **h** restaurant

## В

3 a 4 g 5 d 6 h 7 b 8 e

## 6A

2 What's your phone number?3 What's your email address?

## С

Gon**d**a

4**57**-1**76**2 adel**327@c**mail.com

## **CHECK 1**

1b 2c 3b 4c 5c 6c 7a 8c 9b 10c 11c 12b 13a 14b 15a 16a 17c 18a 19b 20b

**ANSWERKEY** 

## UNIT 3





pen, chair, key, table, box, notebook, cup

2 countries 3 classrooms 4 businessmen

8 children 9 hotel managers 10 glasses

1 paper -- China 2 email -- USA 3 pencil -- England 4 aspirin -- Germany

2 aspirin 3 margarine 4 wheelchair 5 email

1 this 2 those 3 that 4 These 5 this

2 What are these boxes here on my chair?

These **are** my parents, Steve and Beth. Is **that** a number 43 bus over there?

These are my parents, Steve and Beth.

Note: in boxes, the pronunciation of 'x' is /ks/,

What are these boxeshere on my chair?

These are my parents, Steve and Beth.

Sthat a number 43 bus over there?

Are those your books over there?

Who (s) that woman with Harry?

Is that a number 43 bus over there?

Are those your books over there?

Are those your books over there?

Who is that woman with Harry?

This is my friend, Domingo.

Who are those children?

This is my friend, Domingo.

This Smy friend, Domingo.

Who are those children?

Those are her brothers.

Are those your chairs?

This is my business card.

81

Who is this student?

1 Is that picture old?

4 That is Susan's key.

These are the new students.

so this is also possible.

5 pizza – Italy 6 chocolate – Mexico 7 wheelchair – Spain

8 margarine - France

В

C

24

R

D

3

6 those

4A

3

4

5

6

7

8

B

3

4

5

6

С

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

2

3

4

В

2

3

5A

1, 4, 7, 8

2 pens 3 chairs 4 keys 5 tables 6 boxes 7 notebooks 8 cups

5 buses 6 students 7 universities

## 3.2 1 TSWEATERH RBROWNSSA JTGEHATB 0 UFKSQDUDL S W W H I T E Z U E J B I P Y M W E R A L R K E R E D S K A T S H I R T J A C K E T P X N N X K Y E L O W 2 1 white, blue 2 vellow 3 blue 4 brown 5 black 6 green 34 2 sweater 3 trousers 4 jacket 5 shoes 6 skirt 7 T-shirt 8 jeans B 1D 2A 3B C 1 red 2 yellow 3 brown 4 2 A: Where is Nasra's coffee? A: is Andy's room . 3 4 B: He's my husband's manager. 5 A: How old are Kamal's brothers? B: She's one of Maria's friends .... 6 B: No, that's a woman's bag. 7 8 A: What's your mother's name? A: What's Lidia's nationality? 9 10 B: It's on Felipe's chair, 5 3 is 4 P 5 P 6 is 7 is 8 P 6 1 b but c but 2 a and b but c but

3 a but **b** and **c** and 4 a and **b** but **c** and 5 a and **b** and **c** but 6 a but **b** and **c** but

## 3.3

## 1

2 coffee 3 cola 4 mineral water 5 cake 6 sandwich

## 2

- 1 brown, cappuccino
- still, two (chocolate) cola, sparkling, cake
- 3

## 3

- B: Can we have two mineral waters, please? A: Still or sparkling?
- B: One sparkling and one still, please.
- A: Anything else?
- B: No, thank you.
- A: How much is that? B: That's five euros fifty.

## 4

82

- 2 Nineteen pounds fifty
- Eleven euros twenty-five 3
- 4 Eight euros ten
- Twenty-two dollars seventy-five 5
- 6 One pound ninety-nine

2d 3b 4a 5e 6c 6 A5 B1 C3 D4

## UNIT 4

145

5

## 14

2 have 3 work 4 go 5 do 6 live 7 like 8 drive

#### B

2 <del>go</del> 3 drive 4 like 5 live 6 work 7 go 8 study

## 2A

1C 2A 3B

## B

- 1 b the shops in the old market
- c always thirsty 2 a the taxis are yellow
- b people say 'Have a nice day!' c doesn't have winter clothes
- a music everywhere b the city is on the beach c hundreds of tourists

## 3

2 read, don't read 3 drive 4 study, don't study 5 work, don't work 6 listen, listen, listen 7 like 8 have, don't have

## 4

- 2 A: Do I write my name here?
- B: Yes, you do.
- 3 A: Do we work in the evenings?
- B: No, we don't./No, you don't. 4 A: Do your children like the countryside?
- B: No, they don't. 5 A: Do your parents live in the city?
- B: Yes, they do.
- A: Do you study Spanish? 6 B: Yes, I do./Yes, we do.

## 54

2 do you live 3 do you live 4 do you live 5 's your job 6 do you work

## C/D

- 2 Where do you live?
- 3 Why do you live in two cities?
- 4 Who do you live with?
- 5 What's your job?
- Where do you work? 6

## 6

2 and 3 because 4 and 5 because 6 and 7 because 8 because 9 and 10 and

## 4.2

LA

2 does 3 teaches 4 listens 5 asks 6 stops 7 says 8 reads 9 knows 10 watches 11 writes 12 goes

## B

/s/ asks, stops, writes /z/ does, listens, says, reads, knows, goes /1z/ teaches, watches

- 2 doesn't play tennis. He plays golf.
- 3 drives a bus. She doesn't drive a taxi. doesn't cost €40. It costs €400. 4
- 5 teaches English. He doesn't teach French.
- 6 doesn't have a cat. She has a hat.

## 34

## b

2

1T 2T 3F 4T 5F 6F

C

R

236 32 44 517 66

## 44/C 2 Tuesday 3 Thursday 4 Friday

5 Wednesday 6 Monday 7 Saturday 5

## 2 in the afternoon 3 in the evening

4 at night 5 on Monday 6 every Wednesday 7 at the weekend 8 every day

6A

2 in 3 every 4 at, in the 5 every, in

## 4.3

14 party, festival, play, concert, film

1 festival, concert, film 2 play, film 3 match

## 24

2A 3F 4B 5G 6C 7H 8D

## B

1

B

2 three o'clock 3 half past four 4 quarter to two 5 quarter to one 6 eight o'clock

## C 2 c 3 b 4 c 5 a 6 b 7 a 8 c

3A

2 e 3 c 4 b 5 a

2 3d 4a **2** b

4 2 clock 3 ten o'clock

## **REVIEW 2**

## AL

2 don't know 3 says 4 ask 5 think 6 has 7 drives 8 plays 9 lives 10 doesn't play 11 doesn't drive 12 does 13 doesn't watch 14 don't have 15 watch

#### 8

7

- 2 Do people think you're a doctor?
- Why do people think you're a doctor? 3
- 4 Where do you live?

8 Do you want a Porsche?

5 Do you play golf? 6 What do you do at the weekend? Are you happy?

- C
- 2 Yes, they do.
- Because I'm a doctor on TV. 3
- 4 (I live) in a big house.
- 5 No. I don't
- I watch football on TV (every Saturday). 6
- 7 Yes, I am. 8 No, I don't.

## 2

- 1 A: What time is it now?
  - B: It's quarter to three.
  - A: So let's have a coffee
  - B: Can I have a tea?
- A: The film is at eight. 2
  - B: Oh good, it's at ten.
  - A: Not ten, it's at eight!
- B: Can you say that again? 3
  - A: Can I have water?
  - B: Sparkling or still?
  - A: I think I want sparkling. I feel very ill. A: I'm tired and hungry.
- B: So let's have a break
  - A: Can I have a coffee?
  - B: Can I have a cake?

## 3

2 These 3 that 4 this 5 that 6 are 7 Is 8 These 9 those 10 this 11 these 12 this

## Δ

- 2 Dan's hat 3 Tom's house keys 4 Bence's computer 5 Jean's (leather) bag 6 Ann Marie's (favourite) T-shirt
- 7 Peter's phone

## 5

C concerts D days E evening F Friday G gloves H homework I idea J jacket K keys L live M match N news O office P party Q quarter R red S Saturday TT-shirt U university V verbs W Wednesday X exercise Y yellow Z zero

## CHECK 2

1a 2b 3b 4c 5b 6a 7a 8b 9c 10b 11a 12c 13c 14a 15a 16c 17b 18c 19a 20a

## UNIT 5

5.1

14

2 have dinner 3 have lunch 4 go to bed 5 have breakfast 6 get home 7 go to work

## R

have breakfast - 2 go to work - 3 have lunch – 4 get home – 5 have dinner – 6 go to bed – 7

## 24

Actions in the picture are (possibly) 2, 6, 9, and 10.

## B

- сT dT eS fT gT hS
- C b8 c10 d9 e2 f6 g1 h4

## D

- 2 does 3 comes 4 doesn't eat
- 5 doesn't drink 6 listens
- 7 doesn't send/doesn't read 8 asks

## 3A

Calvin isn't a good student.

## B

- 2 Does he ask questions in class?
- 3 Does he listen to the answers?
- Does he speak English in class? 4 Does he write in the class blog? 5
- 6 Does he read English books?
- Does he watch films in English? 7
- 8 Does he do his homework?

## C

2 Yes, he does. 3 No, he doesn't. 4 No, he doesn't.5 Yes, he does.6 No, he doesn't.7 Yes, he does. 8 No. he doesn't.

## 4.

2 does, have/drink 3 does, make 4 does, go 5 does, meet 6 does, watch 7 does, go

## B

- 2 What does she read in the morning?
- Where does she go after breakfast? 3
- 4 Where does she meet her friends?
- What does she do in the evening? 5
- Who does she phone in the evening? 6 When/What time does she go to bed on school nights?

## 5.2



P	A	S	T	A	Е	P	L	0	B
Е	D	Т	Α	F	G	н	Α	D	
F	E	E	н	М	Ρ	E	S	γ	S
U	C	A	J	к	L	E	Т	С	C
R		K	S	F	1	S	H	н	U
E	м	R	В	Α	R	E	D	Т	I.
$\square$	н		C	К	Е	N	A	Ν	Т
E	D	S	Ν	L	0	E	G	G	5

## R

2 vegetables 3 pizza 4 milk 5 lettuce

## 24

2 usually 3 often 4 sometimes 5 not (very) often 6 never

## R

She's a dancer.

## C

- 2 She never has breakfast.
- She sometimes does sport in the morning. 3
- She doesn't eat pizza very often.
- 5 She usually drinks water with her lunch.
- She often works in the evening. 6
- 7 She's always hungry at night.

## 3

- 2 I often go to bed late and I'm usually tired. They don't often have money, but they're
- always happy
- We never study for the test, but we usually get 100%.
- It isn't often/It's not often hot here, but it's never very cold.
- She sometimes gets home late, but she 6 always has dinner with her family.

## **4**A

## 1F 2T 3T 4F 5T 6T

## С

- b He has lunch at 12.
- He has 6 litres of beer for lunch. c He sleeps about 4 hours in the afternoon. d
- He goes to bed at about 10. e

1 asks 2 typical 3 very 4 have 5 with, fish 6 have

## 5c

5.3

1A

4

6

7

1

2

3 gym

5 café

R

24

C 2

3 4

5

34

R

You too.

**UNIT 6** 

6.1

14

R

G

M W L A

Α F х

C

(H 0 Т Ε L Т

Ν C A F E) С (N Е W S

E

Ρ 0

W

W N 1

A F Е P Α Y) F L 1

2d 3e 4c 5a

Across

money exchange

swimming pool

hairdresser's

5 money exchange

gift shop

restaurant Down

2 Then 3 After 4 Then 5 After 6 Finally

First, on Saturday I don't get up. I sleep all day.

Then I get up at six in the evening and have

breakfast. I make a tea and go online. After

that, I go to a party or I go to bed. Then on

Sunday I get up at ten or eleven o'clock. My

we go out and walk, but not very far. Finally,

we have dinner in a nice restaurant.

1 gym 2 café, gift shop, restaurant 3 hairdresser's 4 swimming pool

4 does it cost 5 does it leave

It costs 10 euros for children.

It stops at the hotel, too.

(PHARMAC

Т Α

C G

F

U R

С Т К

Α М

G Ε

0 Ν E C

В

PH

L к L W R А

A

S

z E S Y  $\square$ M

Α N

R

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T)

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S

S

83

Т

Ν

Е н

T

2 does the ticket office open 3 does it close

The ticket office opens at 10a.m. on Sunday.

The ticket office closes at 8p.m. on Saturday.

friends come to my flat and we talk. After that,

## 8

2 internet café 3 hotel 4 payphone 5 newsagent's 6 cash machine 7 restaurant 8 pharmacy

## C

- 1 hotel, payphone, restaurant
- 2 newsagent's, cash machine, pharmacy

## ê

- 2 There's a cash machine, but there isn't a money exchange.
- 3 There's a restaurant, but there aren't any waiters.
- 4 There aren't any buses, but there are taxis.
- 5 There isn't a computer, but there's a printer.
- 6 There are five men, but there aren't any women.

## 3

- 2 ls there an internet café? No, there isn't.
- 3 Are there any payphones? Yes, there are.
- 4 Are there any cash machines? No, there aren't.
- 5 Is there a newsagent's? Yes, there is.
- 6 Are there any toilets? Yes, there are.
- 7 Is there a hairdresser's? No, there isn't.
- 8 Is there a clock? Yes, there is.

## AA/B

The train station is in Spain.

## C

b2 c4 d5 e3

## 0

- 2 They are both near water.
- 3 They are both old. There are places to eat in both stations.

## 54

There are two emails.

## B

My computer is big, my desk is small and my office is cold. W Are you free on Friday evening? F Jim F Derrick Jameson W Please get me a small computer, a big desk, and a new sweater. W See you soon, F Is 8 o'clock OK? F Let's have dinner at the Chinese restaurant. F Dear Ms Clements, W I am happy in my job, but there's a problem. W

## С

84

 Hi Lesley, Are you free on Friday evening? Let's have dinner at the Chinese restaurant. Is 8 o'clock OK? See you soon, Jim

## 2 Dear Ms Clements,

I am happy in my job, but there's a problem. My computer is big, my desk is small and my office is cold. Please get me a small computer, a big desk and a new sweater. Regards,

## Derrick Jameson

## 6.2

## 14

plane, train, car, motorbike, bus, bike, underground

## 8

2 train 3 bike 4 car 5 motorbike 6 plane 7 bus 8 underground

- 2A
- 1e 2c 3a

## 8

b New Zealand c don't know
 d white e 2.45 f hot

3 gOld Street h two i five

## С

1 OK 2 Hotel, know 3 two 4 know 5 drink 6 city 7 fifty 8 know

## 222

2 are a lot of 3 aren't any 4's a 5 ls, a; 's an 6 are some

## 40

2 some 3 any 4 a lot of 5 an 6 any 7 an 8 an 9 some 10 some 11 a lot of 12 any

## B

1 a café 2 a newsagent's 3 a school

## 5A

- Some words on this page have four letters.
   There are some names of people on the page.
- 4 There **aren't** any words with twelve letters.
- 5 This sentence doesn't have a letter 'B' in it.
- 6 There aren't any numbers on the page.

## B

## 1 / 2 / 5 /

## 6.3

## IA

2 ticket office3 return ticket4 passenger5 monthly pass6 gate

## С

- 1 Four: single ticket
- 2 Four: ticket office
- 3 Four: return ticket
- 4 Three: passenger
- 5 Three: monthly pass6 One: gate

## 24

- B: Single and or return?
- A: Return, please.

B: For today?

- A: Sorry, no, on for tomorrow.
- B: What When do you want to go?
- A: At In the afternoon.
- B: And when you do do you want to come back?
- A: On Friday, when in the morning.
- B: OK, that's eighty-three dollars.
- A: When What time's the bus?
- B: There's one at guarter to nine.
- A: When does it arrive for in Canberra?
- B: At quarter to eleven.
- A: Thanks a lot.

## 34

2 No, forty-<u>nine</u>. 3 No, gate <u>fifty</u>-eight. 4 No, a quarter <u>past</u> five. 5 No, <u>fifty</u>-four.

## 44

places	type of ticket	ways of travelling
ticket office platform station	single monthly pass return	train car plane bus

B

2 return 3 train 4 platform

## **REVIEW 3**

## AL

2 buses 3 vegetables 4 guided tour 5 have breakfast 6 chicken 7 go to bed 8 motorbikes 9 ticket office 10 biscuits 11 swimming pool 12 newsagent's 13 have dinner 14 passenger

## B

- 1 guided tour, swimming pool
- 2 have breakfast, go to bed, have dinner

2 Where does he ask 3 What does he do 4 What does he read 5 When does he get

He reads the menu for ten minutes and

He reads another passenger's newspaper.

He gets to the bus at one minute to ten./

He gets to the bus one minute before the

2 The bad passenger never asks questions at

He always asks questions at the ticket

The bus is often late because of the bad

6 He sometimes says, 'It's hot on the bus.'

**1**6.30 **2**11.00 **3**11.00 **4**3.00 **5**5.00

6 10.00 7 10.15 8 3.45 9 €17 10 8.00 11 free 12 7.30 13 €25 14 2 15 £18

2 When does 3 time does 4 much does

2 Are there any 3 Is there 4 Are there any

1 are 2 some 3 a lot of 4 have

5 some 6 an, a 7 's 8 a

5 is there 6 Are there any

7 What does he eat 8 Does he say

- 3 ticket office, newsagent's, passenger
- 4 vegetables, chicken, biscuits5 buses, motorbikes

6 Where does he have

2 At the ticket office.

bus leaves.

No, he doesn't.

then gets a coffee.

He has his ticket in a bag.

the information desk.

He usually has a lot of bags.

He eats fast food and chocolate.

24

b

B

C

3

5

6

7

8

D

3

4

5

34

B

C

44

R

office.

passenger.

1C 2B 3A

5 When is 6 When do

**C b**5 **c**2 **d**6 **e**1 **f**4

## **CHECK 3**

1a 2a 3c 4a 5b 6b 7c 8b 9a 10a 11a 12b 13c 14b 15c 16b 17a 18b 19c 20c

## UNIT 7

## 7.1

14

2 a 3 b

#### В

- 2 Was the lunch at Mark's house?
- 3 Was Diana at the lunch?
- 4 Were Diana and Alan's children at the lunch?5 Were George and Maria in France? OR Were Maria and George in France?
- 6 Was the weather good?

## C

2 No, it wasn't. 3 Yes, she was. 4 Yes, they were. 5 No, they weren't. 6 Yes, it was.

#### D

- 2 When was Mark's birthday?
- 3 How old was Mark?
- 4 Where were George and Maria?
- 5 Why was the lunch in the garden?

## 2

- 2 we weren't here.
- 3 my wife was in Tokyo on business.
- 4 Larissa's parents weren't here.
- 5 George and Maria were in Greece.
- 6 it was a big party.
- 7 the weather was terrible.
- 8 lunch was in the house.

## 34

2 A 3 D 4 B 5 C

## В

**2** 2000 **3** 2000 **4** 1900 **5** 1900 **6** 2000 **7** 2000 **8** 1900 **9** 1900 **10** 2000

## 44

- **b** the eleventh of August
- c the twenty-fifth of December
- d the eighth of March
- e the tenth of June
- f the first of January
- g the thirty-first of October
- h the first of May
- i the fourteenth of February
- j the fourth of July

#### B

a4 b8 c10 d3 e6 f1 g9 h5 i2 j7

С

2i 3h 4j 5d 6b 7c 8e 9a 10g

## SA/B

World Hello Day is on 21st November every year. Say 'hello' to ten people on the bus, on the train, at work, at school and in the street. Try it this year. It's so easy! In the USA, the Sunday after 7th September is

Grandparents' Day. It's a great day to visit your grandparents or to go out with them. Why? Because they're <u>your</u> grandparents.

## 7.2

## 14

Across: 2 try 6 start 3 move 8 walk 4 play 9 stop

Down: 5 arrive 7 talk 8 wait

#### В

2 play, wait 3 talk, walk 4 try, arrive 5 start 6 travel 7 stop

## 24

1c 2b 3a 4c 5c

C

2c 3e 4a 5b

## 34

2 wanted 3 wanted 4 lived 5 walked 6 arrived 7 liked 8 visited 9 talked 10 stayed 11 waited 12 helped

## В

- 2 Jean didn't want to stay at home. He wanted to go on a journey.
- 3 Jean didn't travel by bus. He walked.4 Jean didn't live in Atlanta in the USA. He
- lived in Montreal in Canada./He walked to Atlanta.
- 5 He didn't work in people's homes. He stayed in their homes.
- 6 Jean's wife didn't hate him. She waited for him./She helped him.

## 4A

2 closed 3 opened 4 listened 5 looked 6 studied 7 emailed 8 texted 9 stopped 10 answered

## B

/t/ looked, stopped /d/ closed, opened, listened, studied, emailed, answered /td/ texted

## С

/t/ worked, asked, watched /d/ played /Id/ wanted, repeated

## 7.3

14

2 great 3 terrible 4 awful 5 boring 6 delicious 7 fantastic 8 not bad 9 all right 10 not very good

## В

1 R 2 C 3 F 4 H

## С

- 1 Delicious, fantastic
- 2 not very good, interesting
- 3 great, boring, terrible4 not bad, all right, awful

## 2

- B: It's not very good.A: Why not?
- B: There's no music and no food. It's awful!
- A: Who's there?
- B: Well, three people all students. They're
- boring. Where are you? A: I'm at home, but I was at a rock concert.
- B: How was it?
- A: It was interesting.
- B: Interesting? Was it good?
- A: Well, no it wasn't very good.

## **3**A

2 terrible 3 great 4 all right 5 awful

## UNIT 8

## 8.1

## 1

2 sat 3 went 4 saw 5 took 6 said 7 knew 8 broke

The taxi didn't take James to the station.

2 became, didn't become 3 came, didn't come

4 had, didn't have 5 thought, didn't think

Clare

1

1

1

2 on 3 at/in 4 on 5 in/at 6 at/in

She's at university in Shanghai. I'm in a taxi in the city centre.

They're on the table. No, I was in my car.

2 have 3 be 4 drink 5 speak

What do people have in their bags?

2T 3T 4F 5F 6T 7T 8F

6 meet 7 go 8 see

a 3 b 1 c - d 2

9F 10F

When did you go?

What did you see?

What did you eat?

What did you drink?

Who did you travel with?

Did you go to Hiroshima?

Did you speak Japanese?

Was the weather good?

b4 c6 d1 e3 f2

Did you have a good time?

Did you meet (any) local people?

Their laptops.

We saw it on television last night.

Andreas

1

1

1

1

1

Raii

1

1

1

85

2 He didn't go to the gym.

They both love Indian food.

6 gave, didn't give

Jocelyn

We didn't meet in China.

I didn't know her brother.

## 2 2 3

45

3

44

B

1 1

2 1

3

4 1

5

6 1

7

8

**5**A

7 on

6

2

3

4

5

6

1

24

B

3A

2

3

4

5

6

B

2

3

4

5

6

C

8.2

**8** at

## n

**b** | didn't **c** it was **d** it wasn't

e we did OR I did **f** we didn't OR I didn't

## 4

- 2 The restaurants were expensive, so I
- cooked every evening. I spoke English with the local people 3 because I don't speak French.
- 4 There was a party in the hotel, so we went to bed very late.
- The train was late because it snowed at night. 5
- The hotels were all full, so we went camping. 6 7 We took a taxi because people said the
- underground was dangerous. 8 I don't like hot weather, so we went there
- in April

## 120

- 2 I was hungry, so I ate dinner early.
- 3 Jason didn't go to the concert because he didn't have a ticket.
- They sat down because they were tired.
- The shops were two kilometres from the 5 house, so we drove there.
- The film was awful, so Yvette and I left 6 after ten minutes.

## 8.3

## 1

## Across

- 5 on the left
- 6 opposite
- 7 behind

## 24

- B: It's between of the trains and the buses.
- A: OK. Thanks. And where are at the payphones?

Down

1 in front

2 next to

4 between

3 on the right

- B: Do you see the café over on there? A: Yes, I do see.
- B: They're behind of the café.

## 8

ticket office: A payphones: C

## 1

- 1D 2E 3F 4B
- 3A

2 know 3 fruit 4 adjective 5 example

## **REVIEW 4**

## 1A

2 didn't go 3 didn't stay 4 were 5 travelled 6 went 7 weren't 8 drove 9 arrived 10 had 11 started 12 walked 13 went 14 loved

2 Did you stay 3 Did you have 4 Were you 5 Did you go 6 Did you have

## r

b4 c3 d6 e1 f2

a we didn't b we were c we didn't d we did e we did f we didn't

## ZA

86

2 How did he travel? 3 When did he go? 4 Who did he go with? 5 What did they do on holiday? 6 Why were they late home?/ Why were they home late?

#### 8 2

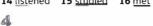
- He travelled by plane.
- He went in July. 3
- He went with his family./He went with his 4 wife and his children./He went with Nina and the children.
- The children played and Bob and his wife 5 did a lot of reading.
- 6 Because there were problems with the plane.

## 3A

- 2 started 3 spoke 4 knew 5 cried 6 looked 7 wanted 8 talked 9 became
- 10 said 11 took 12 thought 13 stopped
- 14 listened 15 studied 16 met

## r

3 <u>spoke</u> 4 <u>knew</u> 5 <u>cried</u> 6 <u>looked</u> 7 <u>wanted</u> 8 <u>talked</u> 9 became 10 <u>said</u> 11 <u>took</u> 12 <u>thought</u> 13 <u>stopped</u> 14 listened 15 studied 16 met



S	E	Ē	0	L	D	B	U	1	L	D		N	G	S
Y	J	Y	N	0	٧	E	M	В	E	R)	L	D	A	B
N	F	M	G	E	F	В	0	Ρ	P	0	S	Τ	T	E
X	A	A	A	G	В	A	K	H	G	Ζ	В	Х	E	T
B	N	L	Ρ	0	Ζ	Т	Ρ	Q	G	1	R	С	R	W
E	Т	K	Α	C	Y	U	н	Q	Х	Α	R	Х	R	E
H	Α	۷	Ε	A	G	0	0	D	T	T	М	E	Π	E
T	S	Ζ	Q	M	Y	L	Р	Х	E	L	J	Α	В	N
N	Т	R	G	P	L	Α	V	T	R	Α	V	E		Q
D	1	R	w		В	Т	G	N	E	A	R	М	E	B
L	C	Œ	Α	N	υ	Α	R	Ø	(A	W	F	IJ	D	0
κ	J	A	В	G	G	S	E	Ρ	Т	E	М	В	Ε	B
Ρ	Κ	В	М	W	н	K	(I	U	N	E	Ν	Ρ	Т	1
5	P	Ε	A	Κ	Ε	Ν	G	L	1	S	H	С	F	N
Z	R	K	В	X	Y	Α	L	T	R	Y	F	А	Ζ	G

go camping, speak English, have a good time 1 travel, try, play, walk 2

- January, November, September, June 3
- opposite, behind, near, between 4
- 5 terrible, awful, fantastic, boring
- 5

Chuck

## 6a

2 There's 3 On the left 4 delicious 5 near 6 all right 7 There's 8 opposite 9 Behind 10 Next to 11 How's 12 fantastic

## **CHECK 4**

1a 2a 3c 4b 5b 6c 7b 8c 9b 10b 11a 12c 13b 14a 15a 16a 17b 18a 19c 20c

## UNIT 9

## CAL

1A

52232 SP*64							
P	A		D	C	0	S	T
A	E	G	GO		K	К	D
Y	A	P	D	G	A	٧	E
S	B	0	U	G	н	T	Ν
G	F	5	S	R	N	G	М
Q	S	J	н	В	н	T	J
E	E	1	B	F	G	V	0
L	L	Ρ	U	S	G	E	T
Q		R	Y	S	0	L	D

2 bought 3 cost 4 cost 5 paid 6 pay 7 sold 8 sell 9 got 10 get 11 give 12 gave

## 24

## good gifts for women: flowers

bad gifts for women: a photo frame (with no picture, with man's photo), a vase, a cookbook, luggage, clothes, a gift certificate to a gym

## C

2 luggage 3 a gift certificate to a gym 4 flowers 5 a photo frame (with a picture of him) 6 a vase 7 clothes

## 34

2 you 3 him 4 she 5 it 6 we 7 them

## 12

2 him 3 it 4 it 5 me 6 it 7 her 8 it 9 me 10 you 11 us 12 it 13 them

## A

2 She, her 3 it, It, it 4 We, us 5 them, They 6 I. I. me

## 5A

1A 2B 3D 4C

B

## 1 Bedroom clock

Would you like a free clock? Someone gave it to my mother. It is her clock. It is white and quite big. She says it is new. She likes it, but she doesn't use it.

Music!

My best friends Tim and Carla write and play music. They are very good and their new music is great. They want to practise it. Tim and Carla play Friday and Saturday evenings. Phone and talk to them about times and dates.

## Car radio

Does anyone want a car radio? It is from my brother's car, but his car doesn't work, so he doesn't want the radio. It works well, but we don't need it.

## Dolce and Gabbana jeans I bought some Dolce and Gabbana jeans last year. They are size 8 and very nice, but they are too small for me now, and I don't want them.

2 Kate likes dancing. Theo hates dancing.

Kate loves driving. Theo doesn't like driving.

Kate likes bananas. Theo loves bananas.

5 getting up 6 walking 7 losing 8 arriving

1 breaking2 coming3 crying4 laughing5 leaving6 making7 moving8 staying9 seeing10 talking11 waiting12 watching

2 don't like 3 making 4 do 5 hate 6 like 7 don't 8 talking 9 do 10 seeing

7 chatting online 8 playing computer games

2 swimming 3 running 4 cooking 5 going to the theatre 6 relaxing

9 going for long walks 10 camping

Kate hates cats. Theo likes cats.

2 drinking 3 eating 4 dancing

9.2

## Sandy

3

4

5

2

3A

8

4

## 5A 1C 2D 3A 4E

Speaker	liked (✓) it didn't like it (४)	because
2	×	She was really scared. It was dangerous.
3	J	He felt relaxed. The countryside was beautiful.
4	×	It wasn't good. There were only two or three birds. It was expensive.

## 9.3

## 1A

2 entertainment 3 luggage 4 lighting 5 clothes 6 children's 7 drink 8 computers 9 toys 10 women's 11 sports

24

a3 b2 c1

## B

- 1 B: I'd like a cheese sandwich.
- A: Would you like white bread or brown?B: Brown, please.
- 2 A: Can I help you?
- B: Yes, I'd like that sweater, please.
- A: This one?
- B: No. I'd like that brown one, please.
- 3 A: Come in. Sit down.
- B: Nice flat!
- A: Thanks. Would you like a drink?B: Yes, I'd love an apple juice or something.
- 38

#### **3**5

She doesn't answer question 3: What would you like for dinner?

#### C

b4 c2 d3 e5 f6

## UNIT 10

## 10.1

## 1

2 England 3 a piano 4 a seat 5 golf 6 bean 7 a plane 8 words

ZA

2e 3d 4b 5a

## 8

1 shop assistant 2 tour guide 3 hairdresser

```
C
```

**2**3 **3**2 **4**1 **5**3 **6**2

## 3A

- 2 can swim, but she can't ride a bike.
- 3 can't drive a car, but he can ride a horse.
- 4 can throw, but she can't catch.
- 5 can play the guitar, but he can't sing.
- 6 can't cook, but she can make coffee.

## 4

2 can you read the email address 3 I can't see it very well. 4 What languages can you speak? 5 I can speak Russian and Italian. OR I can speak Italian and Russian. 6 but not very well. 7 I can cook. 8 can you cook Spanish food? 9 I can cook it quite well.

## 10.2

## 1A

2 change 3 help 4 get 5 stop 6 lose 7 work 8 learn 9 spend 10 get

#### B

**b**4 **c**10 **d**7 **e**3 **f**8 **g**6 **h**2 **i**1 **j**9

## 2 got, fit 3 changed jobs 4 got, organised 5 worked, relaxed 6 spent, with

## 28

**b**7 **c**3 **d**1 **e**6 **f**2

## T

2 'm going to talk
3 'm not going to climb
4 're going to go
5 's going to help
6 aren't going to come
7 're going to buy
8 aren't going to drive
9 's going to look
10 isn't going to sell

## 4

- A: Oh, really? I'm going to see them tomorrow. B: Yeah, they're only going to be here for a week.
- Then they are going to fly back to Saigon.
- A: I know. I'm going to go to Saigon in June.
- **B:** Great. So do you want to meet this weekend?
- A: Well, yeah. I'm going to go on a long walk tomorrow. Do you want to come with me?
  B: Sure I'm not going to work tomorrow so
- **B:** Sure. I'm **not** going to work tomorrow, so let's meet.
- A: How about Barry?
- B: He isn't going to come. He's going to stay home and study.

## 

- 2 I'm going/not going to move house soon.
- 3 My friends and I are going/aren't going to meet this weekend.
- 4 My teacher's going/isn't going to teach me next year.
- 5 I'm going to/not going to do sport this weekend.
- 6 Liam and Otto are going/aren't going to phone me tonight.

## 6

## Hi Elif,

Did you get my email? I was in Istanbul for three days. I wanted to meet, but I didn't get a text or email back from you. I saw Istanbul alone. I went to the Blue Mosque on Monday. It was fantastic? On Tuesday I went to the market and bought a jacket, a ring and a lamp. It was really interesting. I took a lot of photos. Jayne

## 10.3

## 14

- 2 Let's to have a coffee.
- 3 This is be a great party.
- 4 So are you from all around here?5 Oh ... is that the late time?
- 6 Hi, how are you do?
- 7 I hope we meet us again.
- 8 I have to a meeting tomorrow ...
- **9** I can <del>to</del> see an old friend over there.
- 10 Nice to talk <del>on</del> to you.

# b2 c5 d8 e6 f3 g4 h9 i10 j7 a3 b4 c1 d2 a3 d4 c 5a 6c 7d 8b 3A

in, see, touch, later, soon, two, keep, bye, weeks

## 8

2 Keep in touch. 3 See you in two weeks.4 See you later. 5 Bye.

## REVIEW 5

## 14

- 1 b dance c can't d like e going
- f to g's 2 a went b hated c him d can't
- e are f us g's going
  3 a studying b do c like d going
  e are f can g it

#### 8

- 2 Does he like dancing?
- 3 Can Matilda dance?
- 4 Does Matilda like dancing?
- 5 Can Wally swim?
- 6 Does Wally like water?
- 7 Does Daniel do his homework?
- 8 Can he read and write English?

## C

2 doesn't 3 can 4 does 5 can't 6 doesn't 7 does 8 can

Many people say they can't dancing dance.

Can you walk? Can you jump? Then you can

she loves you. You're going to be fine!

dance. Remember, Matilda loves dancing and

Wally don't can can't stay home alone, he's 14 and

that's very young. He can Can he take swimming

lessons? Or can you go on a mountain holiday?

You say you don't often speak in class. But

do you sometimes speak? Can people they

computer, Clothes, cook, coffee

smoking, soon, Shoes, something

2 like 3 Can 4 time 5 again 6 meet

1b 2a 3b 4a 5a 6a 7c 8a

9c 10c 11b 12b 13c 14a 15c

87

time, theatre, tennis, touch

W: words, weight, weeks, walks

O: others, organised, online, old

16b 17a 18b 19c 20b

understand you? Then your pronunciation is not a problem and you can to speak English just fine.

## ZA

#### Dear Martin,

Dear Kensie,

Dear Daniel

L: languages, later, less

3

C:

T:

S:

F٠

44

fit, food,

CHECK 5

PH:photos, phone

7 place 8 there 9 to



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