# Developing Conversation Strategies

tudent Book

Jack C. Richards & Kerry O'Sullivan

مرجع زبان ايرانيان















www.irLanguage.com **OXFORD** 

# JOIN IN Developing Conversation Strategies

Student Book

Jack C. Richards & Kerry O'Sullivan



این مجموعه با لوگوی مرجع زبان ایرانیان به صورت نشر برخط و حامل به ثبت رسیده است. کپی برداری از آن خلاف قانون، شرع و اخلاق است و شامل پیگرد خواهد شد.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

#### Introduction

Welcome to *Join In*. This is a three-level speaking and listening series that teaches an important aspect of English: developing conversation strategies for *what* to say and also *how* to say it. This will help you improve your English.

#### Student Book

There are two lessons in each of the 12 units in the Student Book. Each lesson focuses on a different aspect of the unit topic. The lessons are organized into five sections, each one with carefully graded activities that provide opportunities to speak and listen.

#### Lesson 1

Lesson 1 begins with a conversation. It presents language and vocabulary that will be practiced throughout the lesson in context. **Language focus** presents and provides practice with a grammar point. The **Listen and Understand** activities help you to understand what people say. These sections help you improve your overall listening comprehension skills.

#### Lesson 2

Lesson 2 begins with presentation of more vocabulary related to the unit topic. Conversation strategy focuses on a feature of spoken English. This allows you to practice how to say what you want to say. Using these strategies will help you speak English in a more natural way. The **Listen and Understand** activities help you to understand what people say. These sections help you improve your overall listening comprehension skills.

#### Join in

**Join in,** the last section in each lesson, gives you the chance to speak to your classmates about the lesson topic. It also lets you practice the language focus and conversation strategy from earlier in the lesson.

#### Audio Program

There are various types of spoken English on the CDs—including casual conversations, telephone conversations, interviews, and messages. The complete audio program for the Student Book is on the Class CDs. There is also a Student CD on the inside back cover of this Student Book for self study. The Student CD contains the Conversations from page 1 of each unit (the conversation from Activity B and the practices from Activity C).

# Scope and Sequence

irLanguage.com

Unit	Lesson	Language Focus	Conversation Strategy
Entertainment page 6	<ul><li>1 Likes and dislikes</li><li>2 Going out with friends</li></ul>	questions with <i>like</i> and <i>interested in</i> ; object pronouns	inviting, accepting,
			and declining
Health and Illness	1 Health problems	present perfect tense and past tense	What does 'So
page 12	2 Treating health problems	undi Stort I	expressing sympathy
You and Your Clothes	1 Describing preferences	comparatives	
page 18	2 Shopping		answering and giving additional information
The Neighborhood	1 Neighborhood favorites	superlatives	ad-dU-dA
page 24	2 Neighborhood problems	4640	complaining and apologizing
The Weekend	1 Last weekend	simple past questions	
page 30	2 Next weekend		buying time by asking double questions
Customs	1 Things to remember	verbs of obligation	rang A. Al
page 36	2 Interesting customs		clarifying understanding
Stories and Explanations	1 Cause and effect	past tense and past continuous	
page 42	2 Problem situations		keeping a story going
Vacations Vacations	1 My next vacation	going to and will for future	SOLUTION AND ADDRESS OF THE SO
page 48	2 Vacation jobs	.89308	using questions to confirm understanding
Socializing	1 Interests	quantifiers	
page 54	2 Making small talk		making small talk
Talents and Learning	1 Talents	modal verb <i>can</i>	Paid, Pactic
page 60	2 School learning		asking for more details
People in the News	1 Famous people	tag questions	
page 66	2 Celebrities		expressing degrees of certainty
Shopping	1 In a store	embedded questions	
page 72	2 Shopping problems		polite complaints

### unit

## Before You Start

#### **CLASSROOM LANGUAGE**

A.	Use	the	expressions	below	to	complete	the	conversations.
----	-----	-----	-------------	-------	----	----------	-----	----------------

What's a chef? What's this called in English? What does "boring" mean? How do you pronounce this word? Could you repeat that? How do you spell that? 1. A: \_\_\_\_\_ B: Which word? This one? A: Uh-huh. That one. B: Comfortable. 2. A: B: It means not interesting. 3. A: \_\_\_\_\_ **B:** A person who cooks food in a restaurant. A: \_\_\_\_ B: C-h-e-f. 4. A: \_\_\_\_ B: This? It's called a tennis racket. **A:** I'm sorry. \_\_\_\_\_



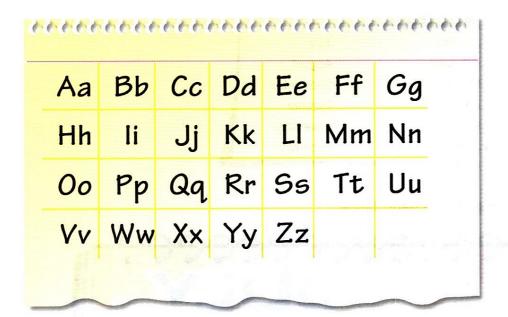
Track? B. Listen and check your answers.

B: Tennis racket.

C. Pairs. Practice the dialogues above. Take turns.



#### A. Review the alphabet.





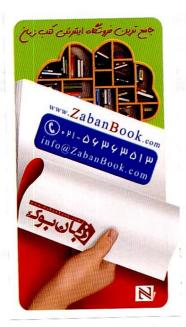
#### Track 3 B. Listen and complete the missing information.

First name: \_\_\_\_-U-Z-I-\_\_\_

Last name: \_\_\_\_-U-R-\_\_\_-H-Y

#### C. Pairs. Ask and answer these questions.

- 1. What's your name? How do you spell that?
- 2. Where do you live? How do you spell that?



#### **MONTHS AND DATES**



A. Listen and practice saying the months.

Months	
January	July
February	August
March	September
April	October
May	November
June	December



Track 5 B. Listen and complete the dates below.



	Name	Date	
1.	Bob	January	
2.	Sally	July	
3.	Jun	February	
4.	Alex	September	

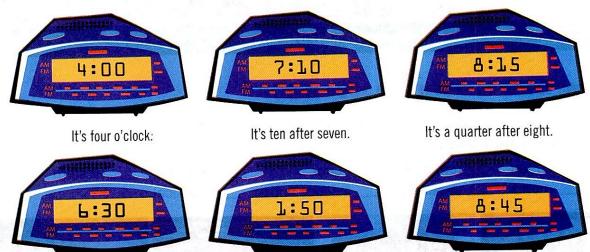
#### C. Pairs. Ask and answer these questions.

- 1. What date did English class start?
- 2. What is today's date?
- 3. What day is your birthday?

#### **TELLING TIME**



#### Track 6 A. Listen and practice saying the times.



It's half past six.

It's ten to two.

It's a quarter to nine.

#### B. Pairs. Look at these times. Say what time it is. Take turns.



1. A: What time is it?

**B**: It's \_



3. A: What time is it?

**B**: It's \_\_\_\_\_



2. A: What time is it?

**B**: It's \_\_\_\_\_



4. A: What time is it?

**B**: It's \_\_\_\_\_



Track 7 C. Listen and write times you hear.

1. SQ21 from Tokyo \_\_\_\_\_

2. TG83 from San Francisco \_\_\_\_\_

3. SQ22 from Toronto \_\_\_\_\_

4. OM99 from Beijing \_\_\_\_\_

D. Pairs. Ask and answer these questions.

1. What time does English class start?

2. What time does class end?

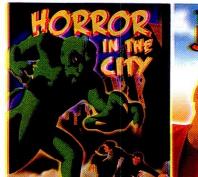
## Entertainment

#### LESSON 1: Likes and dislikes

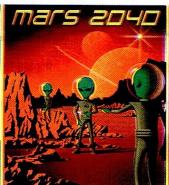
#### WHAT KINDS OF MOVIES DO YOU LIKE?

A.	Pairs. Check ( / ) the kinds of movies you like	ke.	Talk with	a partner
	and compare answers.			

ac	ction	romance	_ horror	comedy	western
dr	ama	_ animated	_ science fiction	musical	











#### Thank B. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Do you want to see a movie tonight?
- B: 1 Maybe. What's on?
- A: Well, there's a comedy with Eddie Murphy, I think.
- B: No, I don't think so.
- A: 2 Well, how about an action movie? There's a good Hong Kong action movie on right now. Do you like action movies?
- B: Yes, I do. I like them a lot.
- A: 3 Great. Let me check the Internet and see what time it's on.

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 Sure. What's showing?
- Well, do you like Korean movies? There's one showing at the Rex.
- 3 OK. I'll pick up some tickets this afternoon.

#### Practice 2

- 1 OK. Are there any good ones at the moment?
- Well, do you like musicals? I think there's one on this week.
- 3 Good. I'll check the movie times in the paper.

## LANGUAGE FOCUS: QUESTIONS WITH LIKE / INTERESTED IN; OBJECT PRONOUNS

#### Track 9 A. Listen and practice.

Do you like action movies?	Yeah, I like them a lot.
	Yes, I love them.
	They're OK.
	No, I don't like them very much.
1800000 000	No, I can't stand them.
Do you like film music?	Yes, I really like it.
Are you interested in pop music?	Yes, I am. I like it a lot.
	No, I'm not very interested in it.
Are you interested in old movies?	No, I don't like them at all.

	Pairs. Complete the conversations with items from the language box in A. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.
10 E	<ul> <li>A: Do you like horror movies?</li> <li>B: Not really. I don't like very much. Do you?</li> <li>A: Yes, I do. I like them a lot. One of my favorites is Night of the Living Dead.</li> </ul>
	B: Oh, I never saw  2. A: Are you interested in action movies?
	B: Yes, I am. I always see as soon as they come out.
	A: And what do you like about them?  B: They're so exciting and fun. I really love
	<ul> <li>A: Do you like classical music?</li> <li>B: No, not really. I find a bit boring.</li> <li>What about you?</li> <li>A: Um, I really like</li> </ul>
	4. A: Are you interested in jazz? Do you listen to very much?
	B: No, I don't like at all. How about you?
	A: I like some of the Japanese players.  B: I haven't heard any of



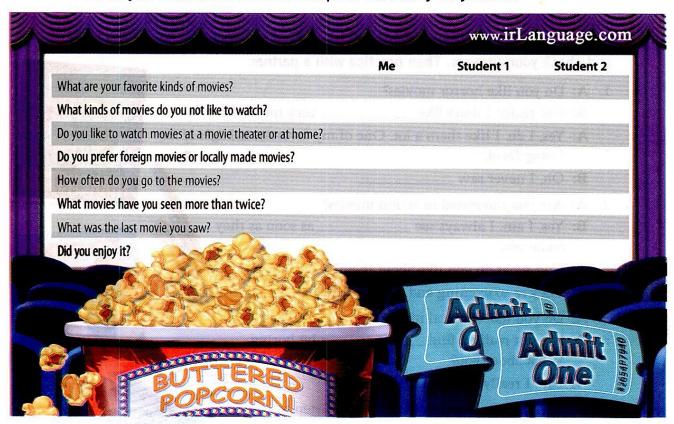
A. Ted and Anna are talking about movies. Listen and check (🗸) the kinds of movies they like.

	Horror	Sci-fi	Action	Comedies	Dramas	Not often	Pretty often
Ted							
Anna							

B. Listen again. How often do Ted and Anna go to the movies?

#### **JOIN IN**

A. What do you think about movies? Complete the survey for yourself.



- B. Groups. Ask and answer the questions from A with your group members. Ask and answer follow-up questions.
  - A: Do you prefer to watch movies at a theater or at home?
  - B: I prefer to watch them at a movie theater.
  - A: Oh, do you have a favorite theater?
  - A: How often do you go to the movies?
  - B: I go about twice a month.
  - A: That sounds like fun. Who do you usually go with?

#### LESSON 2: Going out with friends



#### THINGS TO DO AND SEE



Track 12 A. Look at the events below. What do you think of them? Write your opinions in the chart below. Then listen and repeat.

1 =It sounds very interesting.

2 = It sounds OK to me.

3 = It sounds kind of boring.







a dance competition

a play

a talent show







a baseball game

a tae kwon do demonstration

a car show







an art exhibition

an ice-skating competition

a rock concert

- B. Pairs. Ask and answer questions about the events. Are you interested in the same things?
  - A: What do you think about going to a dance competition?
  - B: It sounds very interesting. What do you think?
  - A: I agree. I think it sounds like fun!
- C. Pairs. What are two things you would like to do this weekend? Talk with a partner.
  - A: I'd like to go to a concert. And I'd also like to see a movie. How about you?
  - B: I'd like to...

## CONVERSATION STRATEGY: INVITING, ACCEPTING, AND DECLINING



#### Marking A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Would you like to do something on Saturday night?
  - B: Maybe. What are you thinking of?
  - A: Well, there's a good movie showing downtown. It's a new action movie.
  - **B**: *That sounds interesting.* What time is the first showing?
  - A: It's at 8 o'clock. I can get tickets if you like.
  - B: Thanks. That would be great.
- 2. A: Do you want to go to the electronics fair on Saturday afternoon?
  - **B:** Saturday afternoon? Oh, I can't. I have a guitar lesson in the afternoon.
  - A: Yeah? Well, how about on Sunday afternoon then?
  - B: Sure. Sunday afternoon is OK for me.
  - A: Great. Let's go to the exhibition after lunch.
  - B: OK. That's fine.



B. Notice how we make invitations and respond to invitations. We can also use these expressions:

#### Inviting:

Would you like to see a movie on Saturday?

How about seeing a movie on Saturday?

Are you interested in seeing a movie on Saturday?

#### Accepting:

Sure. That sounds interesting. Yeah. That would be great. Yes, a movie sounds fine.

## Declining and giving a reason:

Sorry, I can't. I have an appointment. I'd like to, but I have a guitar lesson.

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to invite, accept, and decline.

C. Pairs. Use phrases from B to invite your partner to the events below. Your partner will accept or decline. Also add information of your own. Then change roles and practice again.

a car show on Friday night

a fashion show on Saturday afternoon

a pop concert on Saturday night

a picnic on Sunday afternoon

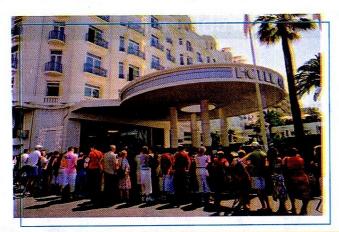
D. Pairs. Practice the conversations from A again. This time use your own information.

#### 3

#### LISTEN AND UNDERSTAND



Listen to people talking about the events below. Write the dates and times for each event.



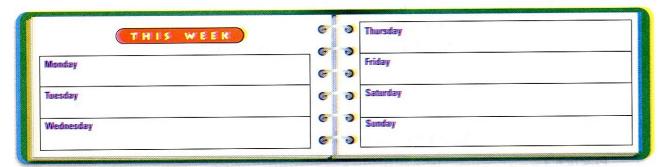
Event	Dates	Times	Tickets [adults]	Tickets (children)
talent show			\$	\$
film festival			\$	\$
ice-skating show			\$	\$

B. Listen again. Write the ticket prices in the chart above.



#### JOININ

A. This is your schedule for the week. Choose two evenings when you are busy and can't accept an invitation to go out with friends. Write the reason below.



- B. Now write three events you would like to invite a classmate to do with you this week. Write the day and time also.
- C. Groups. Invite classmates to the events you wrote in B. Check your schedule when you accept or decline an invitation.
  - A: Kazu, would you like to play video games on Thursday evening?
  - B: Sure, that sounds fun. What time ...?

## LESSON 1: Health problems

www.irLanguage.com

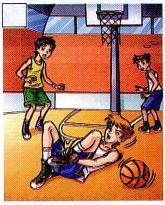
#### WHAT HAPPENED?

#### A. What do you think happened to each person? Number the pictures below.

- 1. She broke her arm.
- 3. She fainted.
- 2. He twisted his ankle.
- 4. He got stung by a bee.











#### Track 15 B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Wow! What happened?
- B: 1 I broke my arm on Friday.
- A: Oh, no! How did it happen?
- **B**: 2 I fell off my bicycle going home from school.
- A: That's too bad. Was it painful?
- B: 3 Yes, it was pretty bad. Have you ever broken your arm?
- A: No, I haven't, fortunately.
- B: I don't recommend it!

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 I twisted my ankle over the weekend.
- 2 I was hiking in the mountains, and I just slipped.
- Yes, it was. Have you ever twisted your ankle?

#### Practice 2

- 1 I broke my nose.
- 2 I ran into a glass door at work. I didn't see it at all.
- 3 Yes, it was. Have you ever done that?

#### LANGUAGE FOCUS: PRESENT PERFECT TENSE AND PAST TENSE

#### Track 16 A. Listen and practice.

Have you ever broken your arm?	Yes, I have.
tive of the pictures from 1 to 5	No, I haven't.
	Yes, I broke my arm a few years ago.
I've twisted	my ankle a couple of times.
He's also twisted	his ankle.
She's never twisted	her ankle.
I twisted	my ankle last summer.

# B. Pairs. Use the words in parentheses to complete the conversations. Use either the past tense or the present perfect. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.



1.	A:	_ you ever	(have) acupuncture?
	<b>B</b> : Yes, I	(have). I	(have) it many times.
	A: Why?		
	<b>B</b> : I	(have) a lot of injur	ries from playing sports.
2.	A:	_ you ever	(have) food poisoning?
	<b>B</b> : Yes, I	(have). I	(have) it about a year ago.
	<b>A:</b> What	(happen)?	
	<b>B</b> : I	(eat) some bad seat	food. I(go) to the hospital
3.	A:	_ you ever	(be) in the hospital?
	<b>B</b> : Yes, I	(have). I	(be) in the hospital twice.
	A: Oh? Why	(be) you t	here?
	<b>B</b> : I	(break) my leg, and	d then I (burn) my arm.
4.	A:	_ you ever	(have) a bee sting?
	<b>B</b> : Yes, I	(have). I	(be) stung last summer.
	<b>A:</b> What	(happen)?	
	B: We were car	nping when some bee	es(sting) us.

C. Pairs. Practice the conversations again. Use true information.

A. Look at the pictures below. When do you use these items?



Track 18 B. Listen to people talking about injuries. Number five of the pictures from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.







eye patch

neck brace

cast







bandaged arm

sling

bandaged foot

- C. Listen again. What was each person doing when they got hurt? Number the events from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.
  - \_\_\_ going to work
  - \_\_\_\_ sunbathing
  - \_\_\_ cooking
  - \_\_\_\_ jogging
  - \_\_\_\_ playing sports



#### JOIN IN

- A. Role play. It's been a terrible week. Everyone has a small injury. Practice conversations with different classmates.
  - A: What happened to you?
  - B: I've got a sore neck.
  - A: Hmm. How did it happen?
  - B: I hurt it at the basketball game.
  - A: That's too bad. Is it painful?
  - B: Yes, it is.

## LESSON 2: Treating health problems

#### **DRUGSTORE ITEMS**

Track 19 A. Circle the items you have used in the past month. Then listen and repeat.



1. cough drop



2. antacid tablets



3. aspirin



4. eye drops



5. bandage



6. antiseptic cream



7. muscle ointment



8. throat spray



9. lotion

- B. Pairs. When do you use the items above? Talk with a partner. Use the words in the box.
  - A: What do you use muscle ointment for?
  - B: You use it for muscle pain. What do you use...?
- C. Pairs. What else can you do for the problems in the box? Talk with a partner.
  - A: When I have a headache, I turn off the lights and try to relax.
  - B: That sounds like a good idea. Going for a walk usually helps my headaches go away.

#### Try these

for a cut or scratch

for a cold

for an infection

for a sore throat

for muscle pain

for dry skin

for a sore eve

for a headache or fever

for indigestion

15

#### CONVERSATION STRATEGY: PRESSING SYMPATHY



- A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.
  - 1. A: Hi, Tim. How are things?
    - **B:** Not too good. My throat's really sore.
    - A: That's too bad. Have you taken anything for it?
    - B: Not yet.
    - A: You should get something from the drugstore.
    - B: Yes, I will.
  - 2. A: Hi. How are you feeling today?
    - B: Much better, thanks. My throat is feeling much better today.
    - A: I'm glad to hear it. What did you take for it?
    - **B:** I got some medicine from the drugstore. It really worked well.
    - A: That's good.



B. Notice how we can respond to news about someone's health. We can also use these expressions:

Responding to bad news:

That's too bad.

Sorry to hear that.

Sorry you're not feeling well.

Responding to good news: I'm glad to hear it.

That's good news.

I'm glad you're feeling better.

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to respond to bad and good news.

C. Class activity. Everyone in the class has been unwell or is just recovering from an illness. Ask several classmates how they are and give suitable responses.

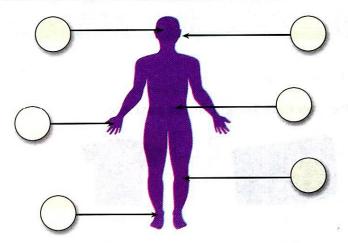
A: Hi. How are you feeling today?

B: Terrible. I didn't sleep at all last night.

D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.



Track 21 A. Listen to people describing health problems. Where is the problem? Number the body parts from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.



B. Listen again. What medicine does the doctor give the patient? More than one answer is possible. Check (/) the correct answer. irLanguage.com

	Drops	Antibiotics	Cream	Tablets
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				. I'd like to get a couple
5.				

#### JOIN IN

- A. Role-play. Take turns being a patient and a doctor at a health clinic. Use the sample dialogue and problems below. Student A looks at this page. Student B looks at page 78.
  - A: What can I do for you today?
  - B: I have \_
  - A: That's too bad. How long have you had the problem?
  - B: For a week.
  - A: Mmm. I see. Well, I'll give you \_\_\_\_\_.
  - B: Thank you very much.

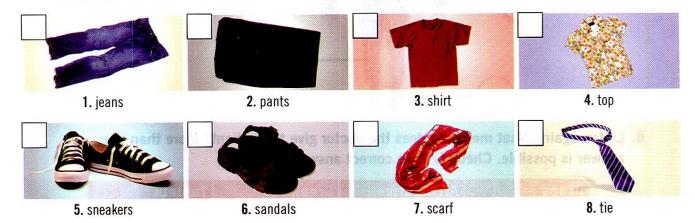
Problem How long?		Treatment		
a backache	a week	muscle cream and some tablets to take for the pain		
an earache	three days	ear drops and some antibiotics		

## You and Your Clothes

#### **LESSON 1: Describing preferences**

#### WHAT KIND DO YOU PREFER?

A. Check ( ) the clothes you have bought in the past year.



#### Track 22 B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: I'd like to get a couple of new shirts.
- **B:** Something like the one you're wearing?
- A: 1 No, something a little more stylish.
- B: Well, have a look at these.
- A: Yes, they look good. And I like the design. Are they silk?
- B: Yes, they are. What do you think?
- A: 2 Well, they're very nice, but I think I like these better.
- B: They're cotton. Do you prefer cotton?
- A: I do...
- **B**: 3 And it's less expensive, too.

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 No, I prefer something more colorful.
- 2 They're OK, but I think these are nicer.
- 3 Yes, it's much cooler.

#### Practice 2

- 1 No, I want something more casual.
- 2 They're very nice, but these are much cheaper.
- 3 Yeah, and it's easier to wash too.

#### LANGUAGE FOCUS: COMPARATIVES

#### Track 23 A. Listen and practice. To sell the land of the argument of the land of the land

Which one do you like better?	I like this one better.
Which one is more expensive?	This one is more expensive.
Which ones are cheaper?	These are cheaper.
Which one costs more?	This one costs more.
Do you think this one is good?	No, I like this one better.
Silk is more expensive than cotton.	
It's more comfortable.	
Silk is lighter than cotton.	
Cotton is easier to wash.	

B. Pairs. Use the words in parentheses to complete these conversations with comparatives. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.



1.	A:	Which do you like(	good): dark colors or light colors?
	B:	Light colors, I think. I think they s	uit me(good).
	A:	: I do too.	
2.	A:	: Do you like cotton(	good) than silk shirts?
	B:	Yes, I do. They're (ea	sy) to wash.
	A:	: Really? I like silk(go	od).
3.	A:	: Which do you think is	(good) for school: jeans or pants?
	B:	: Jeans, I think. They're	(cool) than pants.
	A:	: I agree. And they're	(comfortable) too.
4.	A:	: Do you like to wear sneakers or sh	oes?
	B:	: I like sneakers better. They're	(easy) to clean.
	A:	: I like shoes better. I think they look	k (good) than sneakers
5.	A:	: Do you think cotton socks are	(warm) than wool ones?
	B:	: No, I think wool socks are.	
	A:	: I agree. And they feel	_ (soft) too.

C. Pairs. Practice the conversations again. Use true information.

Track 25 A. Listen to people talking about the things below. Circle the one they prefer.



B. Listen again. Why do they prefer each item? Check (✓) the correct column. (More than one answer is possible.)

	Price	Quality	Brand	Color	Style
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					

#### 4 JOIN IN

A. Pairs. Which of these items of clothing are better for...the beach, school, the office, a job interview? Talk with a partner.

pants

shorts

a suit

a T-shirt

ieans

long-sleeved shirt

I think pants are good for the office. They're more formal than jeans.

B. Pairs. Which clothes would you wear on these occasions? Why? Talk with a partner.

a wedding

a barbecue

a long plane flight

a hike in the mountains

#### LESSON 2: Shopping



#### **COOL THINGS**

Track 26 A. Look at the pictures below. Circle the things you are wearing today. Then listen and repeat.



B. Pairs. Which of the things from A do you have? Talk with a partner and compare answers.

I have a tie that's purple and gray.

You do? I don't have any ties.

C. Pairs. What do you think of the items above? Talk with a partner. Use the words in the box.



#### **CONVERSATION STRATEGY:** ANSWERING A QUESTION AND GIVING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: What's your favorite color for a shirt?
  - **B:** I guess yellow. *I like bright colors*. What's yours?
  - A: Mine is light blue. I have lots of things that are light blue.
- 2. A: Are you going shopping?
  - B: Yes, I need to buy some shoes. I want some for school.
  - A: Are you going downtown? Do you need anything else while you're there?
  - B: Yeah, I really need some socks. I haven't bought any for ages.
- 3. A: Where do you like to go shopping?
  - **B:** I like to shop at Superstore. They always have good prices. How about you?
  - A: I usually shop at David Jones. I like the staff there.



جع آموز ش زمان ایرانیان

- B. Pairs. Notice how we often give additional information when we answer a question. Practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to answer questions and give additional information.
- C. Pairs. Think of extra information to add to these conversations. Then practice with a partner.
  - 1. A: Have you bought any new clothes recently?
    - B: Yeah, I bought some new boots last weekend. \_
    - A: Really?
  - **2. A:** Are you going shopping this weekend?
    - **B:** Yes, I want to go to Superstore.
    - **A:** Yeah, it's a good place to shop.
  - 3. A: Where did you buy that watch?
    - **B:** I got it downtown.
    - A: It's really cute.
    - B: Thanks.
  - 4. A: Is that a new cell phone?
    - **B**: Yes, it is. \_\_\_\_\_
    - A: Oh? Was it expensive?
    - **B:** No, not really.
- D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.

Track 28 A. Listen to people as they are shopping. Where do you think they are? Number five of the pictures from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.



B. Listen again. Do they decide to buy something?

	Yes, they do	No, they don't
1.		
2.	n practice with a partner.	Pairs, Listen to the conversation, The
3.	and the state of t	
4.		
5.		4,410,750,10

#### JOIN IN

- A. Role-play. Take turns being a sales clerk and a customer in a clothing store. Use the information below and practice conversations like this.
  - A: Can I try on these shoes, please?
  - B: Sure. What size do you wear?
  - A: I usually wear size 9.
  - B: OK, just a minute please...here you are.
  - A: Thanks. Yes, these are good. I'll take them.
  - B: Sure. And how would you like to pay for them?
  - A: I'll use a credit card.

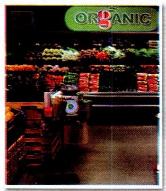
Item	Size	Payment
jeans	32	credit card
shirt	medium	gol cash garad W States At strong a Words word but A . 1
boots	10	check

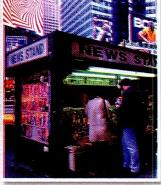
## The Neighborhood

#### LESSON 1: Neighborhood favorites

#### WHERE'S THE BEST PLACE TO SHOP?

A. Pairs. How often do you shop at these places? What do you usually buy there? Make some notes and then talk with a partner.









supermarket

newsstand

convenience store

drugstore



#### B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Excuse me. I'm new here. Can I ask you a few questions about the neighborhood?
- B: Of course.
- A: Great. 1 Well, first, where's the nearest supermarket?
- **B:** There's one about 10 minutes from here, on Grey Street. It's pretty good.
- A: Thanks. 2 And what about a bus stop? Where's the nearest one?
- B: It's just around the corner.
- A: Great. 3 Just one more thing. Where's the best place to walk my dog?
- **B**: Oh, there's a nice park about 15 minutes north of here.

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 First, is there a good cafe around here?
- And is there a post office in the neighborhood?
- And also, where's a good place to jog?

#### Practice 2

- First of all, is there a subway station nearby?
- 2 And how about a movie theater? Where's the closest one?
- And what about a children's play area?

#### 2 LANGUAGE FOCUS: SUPERLATIVES



Track 30 A. Listen and practice.

What's the nearest subway stop?	It's on Main Street.
Where's the best supermarket?	It's near the subway.
What's the closest park?	It's Brookdale, just around the corner.
What's the busiest street?	Main is the busiest.
Where are the most interesting shops?	In the mall.
Note: use most with beautiful, famous,	interesting, expensive, popular

CD Track 31	B. Pairs. Use the superlative form of the words in parentheses to complete the
1 0	conversations. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.

CO	nver	rsations. Listen and check	your answers. Then practice with a partner.
1.	A:	What's the	The state of the s
		park in this neighborhoo	d?
	B:	Kennedy Park down by t	the river.
2.	A:	What's the	
		(interesting) street for cafe	es?
	В:	Oh, that's Ninth Avenue really cool place.	
3.	A:	What's the	_(famous)
		building in this area?	
	B:	The Science Museum.	
4.	A:	What's the	_ (close)
		shopping mall?	
	B:	I guess it's City Central.	
5.	A:	What's the	_(popular)
		restaurant in the neighbo	
	B:	Oh, the Silver Moon. Ev	erybody
		goes there.	
6.	A:	: Where's the	(good) place to jog or walk?
	B:	Probably the college cam	npus, I guess.
7.	A:	: What's the	_(tall) building in town?
		That apartment building	
Q			the (busy) street in the
0.	11.	neighborhood?	(0.05)
	B	: Oh, Market Street, for st	ure.

C. Pairs. Take turns asking and answering the questions above. Use true information about your neighborhood.



A. Listen to Robyn talking about favorite places in her neighborhood. Number the places from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.

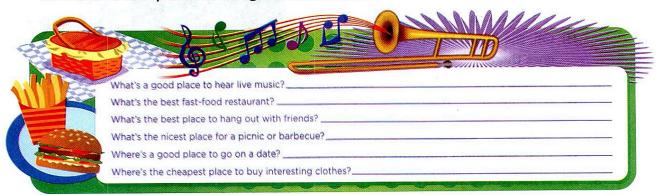


B. Listen again. What does she like most about each place?

	Friendly staff	Convenient location	Prices	Variety
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.			this area?	
5.				

#### JOIN IN

A. Answer these questions using true information.



- B. Pairs. Ask and answer questions about preferences, using information you wrote in A and adding more information.
  - A: What's a good place to hear live music?
  - B: Joe's Cafe is good. They have a great jazz group there.
  - A: How often do they play?
  - B: Every weekend, I think.



#### LESSON 2: Neighborhood problems

#### NEIGHBORHOOD CONSIDERATIONS



Track 33 A. Look at things people often think about when choosing a neighborhood. How important are they to you? Rank them from 1 (most important) to 9 (least important). Then listen and repeat.







safety and security

rents and costs

convenience







parking

noise levels

services







public transportation

recreational facilities

schools

- B. Pairs. Compare your answers from A. Do you agree on what's most important in a neighborhood? Talk with your partner.
  - A: For me, convenience is the most important thing. I want to live close to the city.
  - B: For me, the most important thing is rents and costs. After that, the next most important is...
- C. Pairs. What else is important to you in choosing a neighborhood? Talk with a partner.

## CONVERSATION STRATEGY: COMPLAINING AND APOLOGIZING



#### Track 34 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Hello. I'm in the apartment next door. Sorry to bother you, but your TV is very loud. Would you mind turning it down?
  - B: Sorry, I didn't realize it was so loud. I'll turn it down now
  - A: Thanks a lot.
- 2. A: Excuse me. Is that your red car in the parking lot?
  - B: Yes, that's mine.
  - A: I can't get into my parking space. Would you mind moving it, please?
  - **B:** Oh, I'm sorry. I forgot I parked it there. Let me go out and move it right now.



B. Notice how we can express complaints and apologies. We can also use these expressions:

#### Complaining:

→ state the problem and request a solution

I hate to bother you...

I hope it wouldn't be too much trouble...

#### Apologizing:

- → say you're sorry
- $\rightarrow$  give an explanation
- → offer to fix the problem

I'm so sorry. I didn't remember...

Why don't I... / Give me a minute and I'll...

My apologies.

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to express complaints and apologies.

#### C. Put the apologies in order.

1.	[The	neighbo	or's dog	is	barking.
----	------	---------	----------	----	----------

A: Sorry to complain, but your dog is making a lot of noise.

**B:** \_\_\_\_ I'll take him out right now.

\_\_\_\_ Sorry, I didn't notice.

\_\_\_\_ I guess he needs to go for a walk.

#### D. Pairs. Practice complaining and apologizing about the situations below.

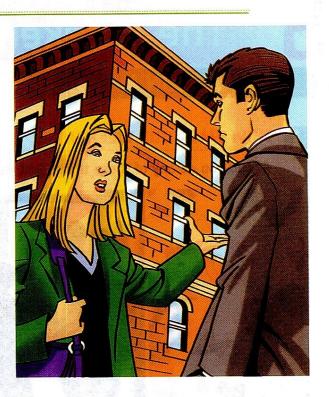
- 1. You want your neighbor to turn down the radio. You're studying for an exam.
- 2. You want your neighbor not to play the guitar after 11 p.m. at night. You go to bed around that time.



of their apartment building. Number the things they complain about from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.

	It has happened before	This was the first time
noise		
parking		
cleanliness		
elevator		60 2
mail		

B. Listen again. Have these problems happened before? Check (✓) the correct column above.



#### 4

#### JOIN IN

A. You are staying in a student dormitory. Think of complaints you have about the things below.

The issue	Your complaint
noise	Paris Listed to the conversation. Then provide with a partner
visitors	Chambers that against the PT-A
the student lounge	
parties	Annual Company of the
telephone calls	

- B. Role-play. Think of a situation. One student is complaining. Another is responsible for the problem. Then think of another situation, switch roles, and role-play again.
  - A: Can I talk to you about the noise from your room?
  - B: What noise?
  - A: Sorry, but there's a lot of noise coming from your room at night.
  - B: Oh, sorry. My roommate and I love playing video games. We'll try to keep the noise down.
  - A: Thanks. That would be great.

## The Weekend



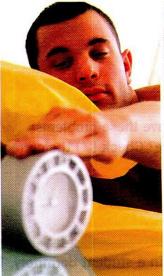
#### LESSON 1: Last weekend

#### **HOW WAS YOUR WEEKEND?**

A. Did you do any of these things last weekend? Circle the things you did.









1. eat out

2. visit friends

3. sleep in

4. go to a party



#### Track 36 B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: 1 So how was your weekend?
- B: It was pretty good, thanks.
- A: 2 Did you do anything interesting?
- B: Well, I didn't do much on Saturday. 3 But on Sunday I went to a birthday party. It was fun. How about you? Did you have a good weekend?
- A: 4 It was pretty good, thanks. I went to the swimming pool on Saturday.
- **B**: Did you go with your girlfriend?
- A: Yeah, I did.

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 Did you have a nice weekend?
- 2 What did you do?
- 3 But on Sunday afternoon I went bowling.
- 4 I had a terrific weekend, thanks.

#### Practice 2

- 1 Did you enjoy your weekend?
- 2 So how did you spend the weekend?
- 3 But on Sunday I saw that new Jim Carrey movie.
- 4 My weekend was pretty good, thanks.

#### LANGUAGE FOCUS: SIMPLE PAST QUESTIONS

CD	Track 37	A.	Listen	and	practice
11		<b>71.</b>	LISCOIL	unu	piaotio

about last weekend.

Did you have a good weekend?	Yes, I did.
Did you go to a movie on Saturday night?	No, I didn't. I stayed home.
What did you do on Sunday?	I saw a movie.
Where did you go?	I went to a party.
Who did you go with?	I went with a few friends.
How was your weekend?	It was great.

CD Track 38	В.	Pairs. Use the past tense of the words in parentheses to complete the
		conversations. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner

L.	A:	:(do) you have a good	ع زبان ایرانیان		
		weekend?	ے دیاں تیزیتاں		
	B:	: Yes, it (be) good, thanks.			
	A:	: Did you stay home on Friday night?			
	B:	: No, I didn't. I (see) a concert			
		at the college.			
2.	A:	: Where ( <i>do</i> ) you go on	A PARTY		
		Saturday night?			
	B:	: I didn't go out. I (invite) some			
		friends over and we (watch) a			
		DVD.			
	A:	: What movie did you (watch)?			
	B:	: We(see) a Korean movie. It			
		was a comedy. It (be) funny.			
3.	A:	: How (be) your Sunday? Did you go an	ywhere?		
	B:	: Well, in the morning I stayed home. I (speak) to friends			
		online for a while. And then in the afternoon I (take) my			
		dog for a walk to the park. How about you?			
	A:	: I(have) a nice weekend. Some friends	(come)		
		over and we played video games.			
4.	A:	: Did you study over the weekend?			
	B:	S: No, I didn't, actually (do) you?			
	A:	: Yes, I (study) all weekend.			
	B:	: Wow. You didn't go out at all?			
	A: Well, I(go) for a walk on Sunday afternoon but that				
		(be) all.			
			and the second		
Pa	irs	Rased on the questions above, ask and answer quest	tions		



Track 39 A. Listen to Roland talking about his weekend. Which of the things below did he do? Check ( ) the things he did.

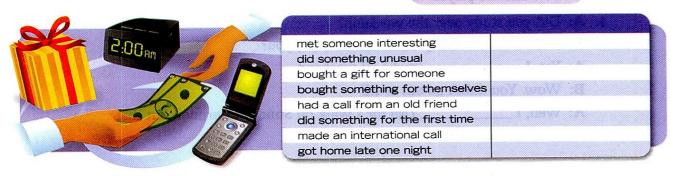


#### JOIN IN

A. Class activity. Talk to your classmates. Did anyone do the things below last weekend? Ask follow-up questions to find out more about what they did.

Did you meet anyone interesting?

Did you do anything unusual?



B. Group activity. Share three interesting things your classmates did and answer any questions.

#### LESSON 2: Next weekend

#### WEEKEND EVENTS IN TOWN

irLanguage.com

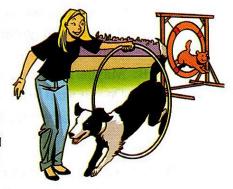
Track 40 A. Have you ever been to any of these events? Circle the events you've been to. Then listen and repeat.



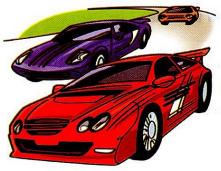
1. world music festival



2. farmer's market



3. dog show



4. speed car race



5. street festival



6. international food fair

- B. Pairs. Which of the events in A would you like to go to? Which ones wouldn't you like to go to? Talk with a partner.
  - A: Would you like to go to a world music festival?
  - B: Yes, I actually went to one in Hong Kong last summer.
  - A: Did you enjoy it?
  - B: Yes, it was fantastic. Would you...?
- C. Class activity. What interesting events are happening in your city this weekend? Talk to your classmates and see if they know about any interesting events.
  - A: There's a fashion show at the Fashion Institute on Saturday afternoon.
  - B: Oh, yeah? I think there's a...

## 2 CONVERSATION STRATEGY: BUYING TIME BY ASKING DOUBLE QUESTIONS



Track41 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Do you have any plans for the weekend? Are you going to watch the speed car race?
  - **B:** I'm not sure. I haven't decided yet. How about you? Are you going to watch the race? Do you like car races?
  - A: Definitely.
- 2. A: Do you like world music? Are you interested in going to the world music festival?
  - B: Maybe. But how about the street festival?

    Do you want to see what it's like?
  - A: Sure. That would be fun, too.



- B. Notice that in conversation we often ask a general question first and then a more specific question. Practice the conversations in A again, using different questions to buy time.
- C. Pairs. Add a suitable second question from the ones below to these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

Are you interested in seeing the new Nicole Kidman movie? Do you have any plans?

Do you want to try some delicious Middle Eastern dishes?

Do you want to check out the summer sales?

- A: Are you busy this weekend? \_\_\_\_\_\_
   B: I haven't made any plans yet. But there are a few things I need to do. Do you want to go to the mall? \_\_\_\_\_\_
   A: Maybe. I need to buy some running shoes.
   A: Are you interested in going to the food fair on Saturday afternoon?
  - B: Yeah. Why not.
  - A: And how about on Saturday night? Do you want to see a movie?
  - **B**: Sure. She's one of my favorite actresses.
- D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.



A. People are calling a visitor information center for information about weekend events. Correct this information about the events.



B. Listen again. Do you think the caller is likely to attend each event? Circle the main reason for their decision.

Yes No		Main reason			
1.		the cost	the location	the competitors	
2.		the cost	the location	the timing	
3.		the cost	the location	the date	

### 4. JOIN IN

A. Class activity. Talk to four classmates and find out what their weekend plans are. Complete the chart.

Name	Weekend plans	مرجع زبان ایرانیان
	250 Ft - 8 500 TO 0 (2 TO 16 708 TO 16 TO	
	Academic in a set of the set	
		Teniba

B. Group activity. Talk about what you found out in A.

Is anybody you spoke to...

doing anything that sounds like fun?
going somewhere exciting?
planning to do something unusual?

- A: Tony's doing something that sounds like fun. He's going to enter a talent show on Friday night.
- B: I hope he wins a prize.

# unit Lustoms

## LESSON 1: Things to remember

### WHAT CAN I BRING?

A. What do you usually take when a friend invites you to their house for supper? Check (1) the things you usually take.

candies \_\_\_\_ flowers \_\_\_\_ a small gift \_\_\_\_ something else \_\_\_\_ nothing







- B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.
  - A: My American friend has invited some of us to her house on Saturday.
  - **B**: That's nice. Is it a dinner party?
  - A: Yes, it is. 1 Do you think I need to bring anything?
  - B: Well, yes, maybe you could take some flowers or some chocolates. 2 But you don't need to bring any food.
  - A: OK. And she said to come at around 7 o'clock. 3 So, does that mean exactly at 7 o'clock?
  - B: No, it's all right to come a little later, say at 7:15, but not earlier.
  - C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 Do you think I ought to bring something?
- 2 But you shouldn't spend more than about \$10.
- So, should I arrive right on time?

#### Practice 2

- 1 What's the custom? Do I have to bring anything?
- 2 But you don't have to spend more than a few dollars.
- So, do people usually arrive on time?
- D. Groups. Talk to several classmates to find out who arrives on time to a party, and who comes late. Ask follow-up questions to learn more.

### LANGUAGE FOCUS: VERBS OF OBLIGATION

### Track 44 A. Listen and practice.

What do I have to bring?	You don't have to bring anything.
What should he bring?	He has to bring a gift.
Do we have to bring anything?	You could bring some flowers.
Does she <i>need to</i> bring something?	She <i>ought to</i> bring something.
You shouldn't arrive late.	
You need to arrive on time.	to the control of the control of the control of

# B. Pairs. Complete the conversation with items from the language box in A and the words below. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.

	I've been invited to my teacher's house for What kind of clothes I wear Well, you wear anything too	?	Try t	shouldn't
Δ.	You should try to dress "smart casual."  OK. And what time I arrive	? Is it OK	should	need
Π.	to get there early?	. 20 10 022		
В:	No, you arrive early.  It's all right to arrive a little late, but you shouldn't arrive too late. You to be there about 10 or 15 minutes after the time your host has said.		A	
A:	And what about bringing a friend? Is it	Meser The	A POPULATION OF THE POPULATION	60
	OK to bring a friend?	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9/7	
В:	No, you bring a friend unless you ask your host first.		FE	
A:	And do I to bring			
	anything, like a gift or something?	200	POP	
B:	Well, you bring something if you like maybe some flowers.		399	

## C. Pairs. Make a list of things to bring on the occasions listed below. Talk about them with a partner.

a child's birthday party your grandparents' wedding anniversary dinner a school picnic a friend's high school graduation

- A: What do you think you should bring for a child's birthday party?
- B: Oh, I guess you ought to bring a gift...
- A: Yeah, or maybe you could bring...



- Track 46 A. Sami is going to a bridal shower. Listen and circle the advice her friends give her.
  - 1. You should / shouldn't bring a gift.
  - 2. Guests can / shouldn't buy something together.
  - 3. You should / shouldn't bring some food to the party.
  - 4. Guests need to / shouldn't arrive exactly on time.
  - 5. You need to / don't need to call if you want to bring a friend.
  - 6. You should / shouldn't invite male friends.



#### B. Listen again and select the best option based on the advice.

1. food to bring

a. nothing

b. spring rolls

c. steak

2. gift to bring

a. a CD

b. a book

c. a vase

3. time to arrive

**a.** 2:00

**b.** 2:15

c. 3:00

4. what to wear

a. jeans and a T-shirt

**b.** a suit and hat

c. slacks and blouse

### JOIN IN

A. Pairs. What does a visitor to your country need to know about the following customs in your country? Work with a partner and give suggestions for each situation.

Situation	Things it is good to do	Things to avoid
When you visit someone at their house	to the second of	
When you meet someone for the first time	so urug  r something?	A: And do t anything, like a gift to Well you
When you eat at a restaurant with friends		व इंक्यूडिंग अंदर्ग स्थान

### B. Groups. Compare your answers from A with your group.

A: When you visit someone's house, you need to let them know you're coming. You shouldn't just drop in on them.

B: Right. And you ought to...

## LESSON 2: Interesting customs



### LOCAL CUSTOMS



- A. Match each custom with a situation when it usually happens (answers can be used more than once). Then listen and repeat.
  - 1. on someone's birthday
- 4. at a special time of the year
- 2. on a national holiday
- 5. on an anniversary day
- 3. on someone's wedding day
- 6. at New Year's







sing traditional songs

send a card

give money











wear special clothes

eat special food

exchange gifts



light firecrackers



give flowers



put up decorations

- B. Pairs. Are there other times in your country when you do any of the things from A? Talk with a partner.
  - A: We can send a card when someone is sick.
  - B: Yeah, and also ...
- C. Pairs. What customs do you have that aren't listed in A? Talk with a partner.

People sometimes light firecrackers on a national holiday.

### CONVERSATION STRATEGY: CLARIFYING UNDERSTANDING



### Track 48 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: We often give people flowers on their birthday.
  - B: So does that mean you give flowers to men as well as women?
  - A: Well, we usually give flowers just to women.
- 2. A: We normally sing traditional songs for family celebrations.
  - **B**: *So you don't* sing them at other times of the year?
  - A: Yes, we do sometimes.
- 3. A: We don't normally bring anything when we're invited to someone's house for a meal.
  - B: So that means I don't need to buy something like flowers or chocolates?
  - A: That's right. People don't expect anything.



B. Notice how we can clarify our understanding of what people say. We can also use these expressions:

So are you saying...

Do you mean that...

Oh, does that mean you can...

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to clarify understanding.

C. Pairs. Choose expressions to clarify understanding in these conversations. Then practice with your partner.

So does that mean you'll be buying some tomorrow then?

So does that mean you don't give her a gift?

So you don't put them up at other times of the year?

1. A: We usually cook breakfast for our mom on Mother's Day.

A: Oh, no. We do that, too.

2. A: We always put up decorations in the house on a national holiday.

B:

- A: No. We put them up at other times, too.
- 3. A: We usually buy flowers for our children's teacher on the first day of school.

B:

**A:** Yes, I guess we should.

D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.



A. Listen to people talking about customs. Number the pictures from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.







bringing a birthday cake



bringing gifts to a wedding



writing a thank-you note



giving gifts at a baby shower



throwing confetti at a wedding

- B. Listen again. Check (✓) the statements that are true.
  - 1. People in Matthew's country don't usually take their shoes off before entering a house. \_\_\_\_
  - 2. They both have similar customs regarding birthdays. \_\_\_\_
  - 3. James gave advice about how much the gift should cost. \_\_\_\_
  - 4. Malee is planning to call her professor. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5. People sometimes bring food to this type of party.

### 4 JOIN IN

- A. Pairs. Imagine you are on a school visit to another country. You have to give a short presentation to a school group on some customs in your country. Work with a partner and prepare a short talk on how you normally celebrate these events.
  - an important birthday
  - a high school graduation

a wedding anniversary the birth of a new baby

B. Group activity. Take turns making your presentation from A to others. They may want to ask for clarification, so be ready to answer questions. We'd like to start by telling you how we celebrate an important birthday. In our country the child's first birthday is an important event. We usually...

# Stories and Explanations

### **LESSON 1: Cause and effect**

### TELL ME ABOUT IT!

A. Pairs. Look at these pictures. Talk with your partner about what you think happened in each case.





- B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.
  - A: Hey. What happened to your car?
  - B: 1 Oh, I ran into a wall while I was parking it the other day.
  - A: Oh, that's too bad. How did you do that?
  - B: 2 Oh, you know, I was talking on my cell phone, and I wasn't paying attention.
  - A: Well, I guess your insurance won't pay for that if it was your fault.
  - B: 3 No, they won't.
- C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 I had a little accident while I was driving the other day.
- 2 I bumped into another car while I was passing it, and I scratched it.
- 3 I guess not.

#### Practice 2

- 1 I damaged it while I was taking it out of the garage last night.
- 2 I was parked too close to the wall, and I wasn't looking where I was going.
- 3 I don't suppose so, but it's worth a try.
- D. Pairs. Close your books and practice the conversation again. Use your own words.

### LANGUAGE FOCUS: PAST TENSE AND PAST CONTINUOUS

CD	Track	3
2.	HUCK	_

A. Listen and practice.

I ran into a wall	while I was parking the car.
I damaged the car	while I was taking it out of the garage.
I bumped into another car	while I was passing it.



the	pa	past tense or the past continuous. Listen and check your answer practice with a partner.	
1.	A: B:	A: How did you break your glasses?  B: I(drop) them while I(get) out of a taxi.	f
2.	A:	A: Oh, no. That's a shame.  A: How did you lose your wallet?  B: It(fall) out of my pocket when I	
	A:	(jog) in the park. A: Yeah, that happened to me once.	
3.		A: What happened to your leg?  B: I(break) it while I(play) ice hockey.	
		A: Oh, that sounds painful.	
4.	В:	A: How did you damage your watch?  3: I(drop) it when I(show) it to my friend.  A: Oh, that's too bad.	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
5.	A:	A: How did you damage your bike?  B: I (hit) another bike when I (ride school.	e) to
	A:	A: That's going to be expensive to fix.	7 2
6.		A: How did your scratch your face?  B: I(play) with my dog in the park when she(scratch) me.	
	A:	A: Oh, I see. I'm sure she didn't mean to do it.	

C. Pairs. Practice the conversations in B again. Suggest other explanations for each of the problems.

A: How did you break your glasses?

B: I left them on the chair, and my brother sat on them.

A: No way!





Track S A. Listen to people explaining how these things happened. Number five of the things they talk about from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.



B. Listen again. What was each person doing when it happened? Choose from the answers below.

13.0cm xx			

a. riding

d. talking

2. \_\_\_

b. throwing

5.\_\_\_

e. cooking

c. running

### JOIN IN

- A. Pairs. Great excuses! Take turns thinking of creative explanations for the following situations.
  - 1. You borrowed your friend's bicycle and got a scratch on it.
  - 2. You borrowed your friend's book and got coffee stains on it.
  - 3. You borrowed a DVD and damaged it.
  - 4. You borrowed your brother's digital camera and lost it.
  - 5. You borrowed a white T-shirt and returned it with a tear in it.
  - 6. You arrived home from school without your shoes.

Oh, dear. What happened? My bicycle has a scratch on it.

I know. I'm so sorry. But it wasn't my fault. This is what happened...

### **LESSON 2: Problem situations**

### UNFORTUNATE EXPERIENCES



A. Look at these problems. Check ( ) the things that have happened to you. Then listen and repeat.



1. You lost your cell phone.



2. You got robbed.



3. You missed an important appointment.



4. You lost your ID.



5. You forgot your best friend's birthday.



6. You got lost in a city.



7. You borrowed something from a friend and damaged it.



8. An airline lost your suitcase.



9. You tripped and fell.

- B. Groups. Talk about the problems in A with your group. Ask and answer questions to find out what happened.
- C. Pairs. Have you experienced any other difficult situations like the ones above? Talk with a partner.

Have you ever lost your cell phone?

Yes, I lost it last month.

## CONVERSATION STRATEGY: KEEPING A STORY GOING



A. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

A: Have you ever lost your wallet?

B: Yes, I lost my wallet once when I was on vacation.

A: Really. What happened?

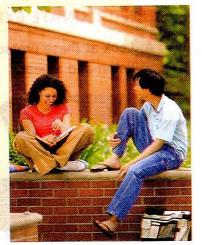
**B:** I took a taxi to visit a friend, and when I got there my wallet was missing. I think I dropped it while I was getting into the taxi.

A: So what did you do?

**B:** Well, I asked the driver to go back to where I got into the taxi.

A: So then what happened?

**B**: Luckily it was still there on the side of the road.



B. Notice how we can keep a story going by asking follow-up questions. We can also use these expressions.

How did that happen?

What did you do after that?

So what happened next?

Did you ever find it?

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to keep the story going.

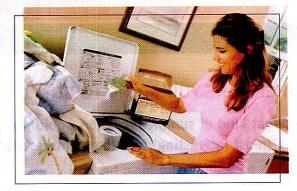
C	Pairs. Put these sentences in the correct order to tell a story. Then take turns
	telling the stories and asking follow-up questions like the ones above.

tei	ing the stories and asking rollow up questions like the chee the
1.	I cancelled my credit cards and asked my parents to send more money.
	I was visiting a crowded museum.
	I got pickpocketed last year in Italy.
	When I came out, my wallet was gone.
2.	Someone left it at the front desk for me.
	I left it on a table in the library.
	I went back to look for it, but it wasn't there.
	I lost my wallet last month.
3.	I got into trouble with my best friend last week.
	I bought her a more expensive new one.
	I borrowed her cell phone and then lost it.
	She forgave me.

D. Pairs. Practice the conversation in A again. This time use your own information.



- A. Listen to the story and number the events in the correct order.
  - her brother came home
  - she put the washing machine on
  - she watched TV
  - she discovered the problem

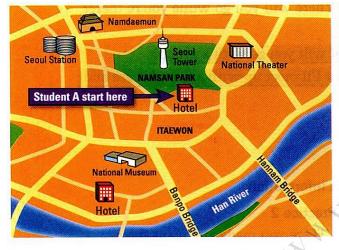


B. Listen again. Check (✓) if these statements are True (T) or False (F).

		True	False
1.	She washed her clothes at the hospital.		
2.	Her kid brother helped her with the washing.		
3.	She made a mistake when she put the clothes in the machine.		
4.	She watched television while the machine was on.		
5.	She wanted to change the color of her uniform.		

### JOIN IN

A. Pairs. Practice conversations about the story below. Ask follow-up questions to keep the story going.





One of you got lost on vacation in Seoul last summer. You went out for a walk and got lost. You didn't have any money with you. You asked a few people for directions, but they couldn't help you. You called the hotel to ask for directions. They told you how to get back to the hotel.

- A: So, where were you going when you got lost?
- B: I was trying to find a restaurant, but ...

#### WHERE ARE YOU GOING TO GO?

## A. What kind of summer vacation would you prefer? Rank these ideas from 1 (most interesting) to 5 (least interesting).

- \_\_\_ a vacation at a local beach
- \_\_\_\_staying home and doing nothing
- \_\_\_\_a camping trip in the mountains
- \_\_\_\_a long car trip with your family
- \_\_\_ a visit to a foreign country









#### B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: 1 What are you going to do for summer vacation?
- B: I'm going to go to Indonesia.
- A: Indonesia? That sounds interesting. Where will you go while you're there?
- B: I'll be going to Java and Bali.
- A: Bali. Wow. I hear it's fantastic. 2 And will you go with a group?
- **B:** No, I'm going to go on my own. 3 But I'll meet up with a friend there and we'll travel around together.
- A: So how long will you be there?
- B: 4 I'll be there for about a month.

### C. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 What are your plans for the summer?
- 2 Will you go with friends?
- 3 But a friend is joining me there.
- 4 For a few weeks.

#### Practice 2

- 1 Have you made any plans for the summer?
- 2 Are you going to go with your family?
- 3 I like traveling by myself.
- 4 I'll be there for over a month.

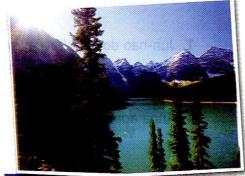
### **LANGUAGE FOCUS:** GOING TO AND WILL FOR FUTURE

Track 10 A. Listen and practice.

What are you going to do for summer	I'm going to go to Indonesia.
vacation?	
What will you do for summer vacation?	I'll probably go to Indonesia.
Are you going to travel with friends?	Yes, I am.
Will you travel with friends?	Yes, I will. / No, I won't.
	No, I'm not going to.

CD Track 11	B.	Pairs. Complete the conversations with items from the language box in A. Listen
		and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.

1.	A:	Where are you to go for your next vacation?
	B:	I'm to go hiking with
		some friends.
	A:	Oh, yeah? Where you go?
	B:	We'll probably take the train to the lake and
		hike in the mountains behind the lake.
	A:	That be terrific.
2.	A:	you going to do anything for
		the long weekend?
	B:	Not really. How about you?
	A:	Yes, going to visit some
		friends at the shore.
	B:	That'll be nice. What are you
		to do there?
	A:	Oh, I guess we'll just relax and enjoy
		the ocean.
3.	A:	you be here for the summer?
	B:	No, I'm going go to Taiwan.
	A:	Yeah? What you going to
		do there?
	B:	I'm going to take a Chinese course in Taipei.
	A:	Good luck. How longyou
		be there?
	B:	be there for six weeks altogether





C. Pairs. Take turns asking and answering the questions above. Use true information.



Track 12 A. People are talking about their vacation plans. Listen and check (1) the chart. More than one answer is possible.

help make something? take a train trip? use her computer skills? just relax at home?		Who is going to Jun-hao Carla Martin Anna
use her computer skills?		help make something?
		take a train trip?
just relax at home?		use her computer skills?
	The Landson	just relax at home?

B	Listen again. Check (✓) if these statements are True or F	alse.	
		True	False
	1. Jun-hao doesn't have a lot of money this year.		
	2. Carla is going to work to help pay for her trip.		
	3. Martin and his uncle will work with a team of people.		
	4. Anna applied to work on the film.		

	CHARLE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	
. Pairs. Interview a partner about the answers. Ask follow-up questions		Check (✓) their
<ol> <li>What kind of places do you preduce big cities the mountains</li> <li>Who do you like to travel with?</li> </ol>	fer? small towns	
a group nobody 3. What do you like to do on vacat	one other person tion?	
shop and go sightseeing just relax		
4. Where do you prefer to stay?  at a hotel with friends or family	at a youth hostel	

B. Pairs. Suggest a good vacation for your partner based on the information you learned in A.

Well, you like big cities, you like to travel with a group, and...so I think you should...

### LESSON 2: Vacation jobs

### HOTEL JOBS

Track 13 A. In which jobs do you do these things? Number the pictures below (more than one answer is possible). Then listen and repeat.

- 1. wear a uniform
- 3. work outside
- 5. talk to guests

- 2. work in an office
- 4. work in a restaurant







bellhop

telephone operator

security guard







chef

server

receptionist







room attendant

driver

kitchen assistant

- B. Pairs. Do you know anyone who has one of the jobs from A? Talk with a partner.
  - A: A friend of mine is a chef. She works at the Shang Hotel.
  - B: How does she like it there?
  - A: Oh, she likes it a lot.
- C. Pairs. What other jobs can people do in a hotel? Talk with a partner and make a list. Then compare lists with another pair.

### CONVERSATION STRATEGY: USING QUESTIONS TO CONFIRM UNDERSTANDING



Track 14 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: How was your vacation?
  - B: It was great, thanks.
  - A: The flights were good?
  - B: Yes, they were.
- 2. A: How was the hotel restaurant?
  - B: It was so-so.
  - A: The food wasn't very good?
  - B: No, and the meals were expensive.



B. Notice how we sometimes respond to comments with sentences that have rising intonation. We use these to confirm our understanding. We can also use these expressions:

You had a good time?

The service was bad?

You were able to relax and enjoy yourself?

You didn't like your food?

Practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to confirm understanding.

C. Pairs. Add confirming questions from the ones below to these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

You took tourists around sightseeing?

You wore a uniform?

You worked in a restaurant?

You want to earn extra money?

- 1. A: I got a part-time job last summer as a kitchen assistant.
  - B:
  - A: Yes, in that hotel down by the beach.
- 2. A: Every summer my classmates and I work at the Metro Hotel.

  - A: No, it's part of our training. We work as receptionists.
- 3. A: Last summer I got a job as a driver at that new hotel downtown.

  - A: No, just to and from the airport.
- 4. A: I worked as a security guard last summer.

  - A: Yes, it was really cool. Dark blue and white.
- D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.



Track 15 A. Listen to people talking about vacation experiences. Check ( ) what they liked about the experience. Write X about what they did not like.

		Flight	Hotel	Tours	Food	Surprised	Not surprised
1.	Pei-ting						
2.	Miguel						TO CHARLES THE PARTY.
3.	Lilly						
4.	Kazu						

B. Listen again. Were their friends surprised? Check (✓) the correct column above.

### JOIN IN

A. Pairs. Complete this survey about your last vacation. Then compare with a partner. Ask follow-up questions to find out more information.



- A: Where did you go on vacation?
- B: I went to... What about you? Where did you go?
- A: I went to...
- B. Pairs. Work together to make up your dream vacation. Then answer the questions from A about this dream vacation.

# Socializing

### LESSON 1: Interests

### DO YOU WATCH MUCH TV?

A. Check (✓) your favorite free-time activities. Talk with a partner and compare answers.



1. watching TV

2. reading

3. playing sports

4. listening to music



### Track 16 B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: So, do you watch much TV?
- B: 1 I guess so. I usually watch it in the evenings before I go to bed.
- A: What kind of programs do you like to watch?
- B: 2 Oh, you know. The usual. Soap operas, movies, and sports.
- A: 3 I watch a lot of documentaries. I love the National Geographic channel.
- B: Yeah, it's great, isn't it?
- A: It is. 4 I really enjoy nature programs.
- B: Do you? I don't watch them much myself.
- C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- Yes, I watch it a lot.
- Mostly news and documentaries.
- I like documentaries too.
- I also enjoy watching old movies.

#### Practice 2

- 1 Sure. I love TV.
- Oh, I just watch whatever is on.
- 3 I have a few favorite programs.
- I also love game shows.
- D. Do you watch a lot of TV? Practice the conversation again. Use your own ideas.

### LANGUAGE FOCUS: QUANTIFIERS

### Track 17 A. Listen and practice.

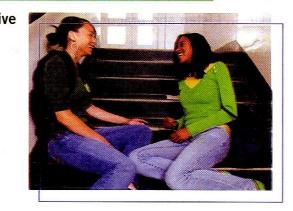
information.

Do you read a lot of / many books?	Yes, I read a lot (of books).		
	I read quite a lot.		
	No, I don't read many.		
	No, I don't read any.		
Do you watch a lot of / much TV?	Yes, I watch a lot of TV.		
	I watch quite a lot.		
	No, I don't watch much (TV).		
	No, I don't watch any (TV).		

1.	A: Do you read books and magazines?
	B: I read quite a of magazines but not many books.
	A: What kinds of magazines?
	B: I read mostly sports and entertainment magazines.
2.	A: Do you play sports?
	B: a lot. I only play squash on the weekends.
	A: I don't play either. I'm always too busy.
3.	A: Do you listen to music?
	B: Yeah, I listen to music. I listen to my
	MP3 all the time.
	A: What kind of music do you listen to?
	B: Mainly country and western. And pop, too.
4	. A: Do you watchTV?
	B: Yes, I watch itbut mainly on the weekends.
	A: What do you like to watch?
	<b>B:</b> I watch a lot of movies and sports programs.

CD Track 19	A.	Listen to people talking to friends and number f	i
		of the topics they talk about from 1 to 5 in the	
		order you hear about them.	

\_\_\_\_a movie \_\_\_\_a TV program \_\_\_\_a concert \_\_\_\_a sporting event \_\_\_a book \_\_\_\_an opera

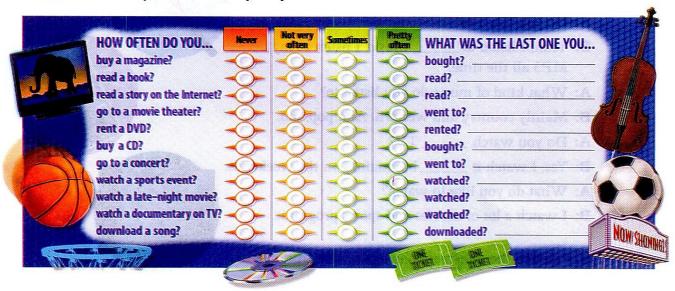


B. Listen again. Did the friends like the events? Check (✓) the correct answer.

	They both liked it	One of them liked it	Neither of them liked it
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

### JOIN IN

A. Pairs. Complete this survey for yourself.



B. Pairs. Ask and answer the questions from A. Then talk with a partner about your answers in the last column.

A: How often do you buy a magazine?

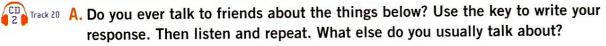
B: Not very often. I guess about two or three times a month.

A: What was the last one you bought?

B:\_\_\_\_\_

### LESSON 2: Making small talk

### THINGS PEOPLE TALK ABOUT



 $\checkmark$  = often  $\checkmark$  = sometimes 0 = never





4. music 5. your family 6. vacations



7. hobbies 8. studying 9. shopping

B. Pairs. What topics would you talk about with the people below? Choose from the list above, or add your own ideas. Talk about it with a partner.

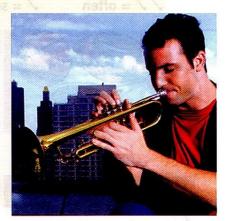
People	Topics
a best friend	shopping
a friend's parents	
a classmate	
a foreign visitor	
grandparents	
a teacher	

C. Pairs. Choose one of the topics from A and talk about it with a partner. Use conversation strategies you've learned to keep the conversation going.

## CONVERSATION STRATEGY: MAKING SMALL TALK



- Mark 21 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.
  - 1. A: Do you like sports?
    - B: Yes, I enjoy them a lot. Especially tennis.
    - A: Oh, yeah? How long have you been playing tennis?
    - B: For about two years.
  - 2. A: Do you like playing video games?
    - B: Yes, I do. I've got some great games at home.
    - A: And do you spend a lot buying new games?
    - B: Yeah, my parents are always complaining about it.
  - 3. A: Are you interested in music?
    - **B:** Yes, I am. I'm always downloading stuff from the Internet.
    - A: I see. And do you play any musical instruments?
    - B: Yeah, the trumpet.



B. Notice how small talk is usually about topics of shared interest. We can also use expressions like these to initiate small talk.

Have you seen any good movies lately?

We're having great weather at the moment.

Have you been to any of the summer sales yet?

There are some great programs on TV this week.

Do you watch much football?

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to make small talk.

C. Pairs. You are at a party and you meet the people below. Think of three questions to ask each person. Don't use the same question twice. Then practice asking questions and making up good answers.

A flight attendant	A visitor from Australia	A music student	A retired person
			ainsteahasta

D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.



Track 22 A. Listen to people meeting at a party. What do you think the occupation of each person is? Number the pictures from 1 to 3 in the order you hear about them.



B. Listen again. Check (✓) which of the two statements is true.

1.	a.	Andrew has never met Mr. Kim before.	
	b.	Both of the brothers are good at sports.	
2.	a.	Lek made only some of the food at the party.	
	b.	Lek is still learning her job.	
3.	a.	Simon has already graduated from college.	
	b.	Simon doesn't know what job he wants in the future.	

### JOIN IN

A. Add two topics to the chart. Then write two questions about each topic.



B. Class activity. Practice asking and answering your questions from A with your classmates. Ask follow-up questions to keep the conversations going.

# **Talents and Learning**

### LESSON 1: Talents

### WHAT ARE YOU GOOD AT?

A. Circle the activities you've had lessons in. What else have you taken lessons in?







1. piano

2. guitar

3. dancing









4. tennis

5. cooking

6. drawing

7. photography



#### Track 23 B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: I have a music lesson today.
- **B**: 1 What instrument do you play?
- A: Piano. Can you play the piano?
- B: 2 Well, sort of, but I can't play very well. I should take more lessons.
- A: Why not? I love the piano.
- **B**: 3 Can you play anything else?
- A: Yeah, I'm learning the guitar, too.

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 Really? What are you learning?
- 2 Not anymore. I could play when I was a kid.
- 3 Do you play another instrument?

#### Practice 2

- Yeah? What kind of lesson?
- 2 Yeah. I took some lessons a few years ago.
- 3 Are you learning anything else?

## 2 LANGUAGE FOCUS: MODAL VERB CAN

## Track 24 A. Listen and practice.

Can you play a musical instrument?	Yes, I can. I (can) play the piano.
	No, I can't.
How well can she sing?	She can sing pretty well.
The National Control of the Control	She's not too bad.
College of the Paris of the College	She can't sing very well.
Could he speak English three years ago?	Yes, he could.
	No, he couldn't.

CD Track 25	B. Pairs. Complete the conversations with items from the language box in A. L	_isten
	and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.	

1.	A:	you play any musical instruments?
	B:	Yeah, I can play the guitar and the drums.
	A:	You play the drums! Cool.
2.	A:	How can you sing?
	<b>B</b> :	I'm not too bad. I sing with a group at school. How about you?
	<b>A</b> :	My friends tell me I have a terrible voice.  They say I sing in tune and always miss the right notes.
	B:	you sing for me? Let me hear you sing.
3.	A:	Can you play tennis?
	В:	Not very well. I play quite well a few years ago, but I haven't played for a
7		while. Do you play?
	A:	Yeah, but I play very well. I'm taking lessons at the moment.
4.	A:	you speak English when you were 10?
		Yes, I could a little. I started studying English when I was seven you?
	A:	No, I I didn't start to study English until I was 12.
5.	A:	you speak any other foreign languages?
		Well, I can speak a little French. I love French.
		I speak French but I can speak a little Spanish.
		I'm taking Spanish 101 this semester.
	B:	Let me hear you say a few words in Spanish.
		I right now. I'm in a hurry. Maybe later!

C. Pairs. Practice the conversations again. Use true information.

CAN HE... SING WATER-SKI PHOTOGRAPHS KAYAK COOK

Yes, pretty well

Yes, but not very well

No

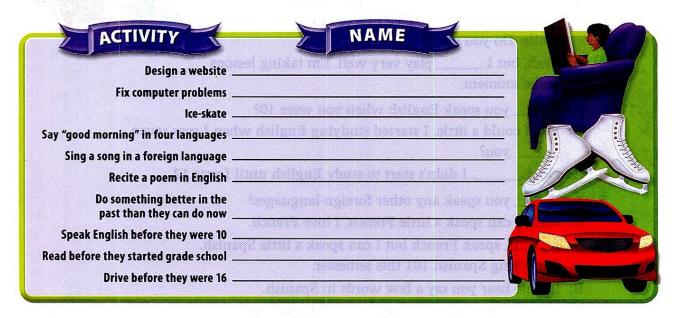
Learned a long time ago

Track 26 A. Listen to Carlo talking about these activities. Can he do these things?

B. Listen again. When did Carlo learn to do these things? Check (✓) the correct column above.

### 4. JOIN IN

A. Class activity. Talk to your classmates. Find people who can/could do the things below.



B. Class activity. Share with the class the two most interesting things you learned in A.

## LESSON 2: School learning

### THINGS WE LEARN AT COLLEGE

Track 27 A. Look at the subjects students can study at college in the United States. Check (✓) the ones that sound interesting to you. Then listen and repeat.







1. health education

2. urban planning

3. media studies



4. information and communication technology



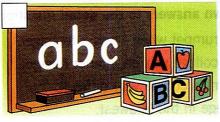
5. interior design



6. sales and marketing



7. sociology



8. childhood education



9. applied arts

B. Look at topics you can learn about when you study the subjects in A. Write the corresponding subject next to each topic. More than one answer is possible.

website design	
weaving and pottery	
road design	
filmmaking	
citizens' rights	
nutrition for teenagers	

how to persuade people	
choosing colors	-
parks and gardens	
teenage crime	
learning to read	-3
home decoration	_

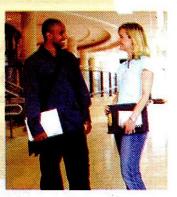
C. Pairs. What are your majors? What courses are you studying? Talk with a partner.

### **CONVERSATION STRATEGY: ASKING FOR MORE DETAILS**



### Track 28 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: I really enjoyed the course on information technology.
  - **B**: What did you study in the course?
  - A: Well, one of the things we learned was website design.
  - B: Hey, maybe you can design a website for me!
- 2. A: I took a home ec course recently. It was really useful.
  - **B:** Did the course teach you how to cook?
  - A: No, it was all about managing home finances.



B. Notice how we can respond to information by asking for more details. We can also use these expressions:

What did you like about it? You did? What was the teacher like? So what was the best thing you learned? It was? Did you learn how to sew?

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to ask for more details.

- C. Pairs. Match the statements to the detail questions. Then practice with a partner and give your own answers to the detail questions.
  - 1. I learned to play the trumpet when I was a teenager.
  - 2. My favorite course at college was on interior design.
  - 3. I'm finding my economics course very difficult.
  - 4. I went to a small college in the Midwest.
  - 5. I speak quite good Spanish. It's a language I like a lot.

Do you need to	be good at math to do the course?
Have you ever I	peen to Spain or Mexico?
Do you think it	was a good place to go to school?
Did the course	teach you how to open your own design business?
Did you take le	ssons or did you learn it on your own?

D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time add your own detail questions.



A. Listen to people talking about their college experiences. What is the topic of the detail questions? Number five of the topics below from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.

teachers	courses	cost	
reasons	examples	location	

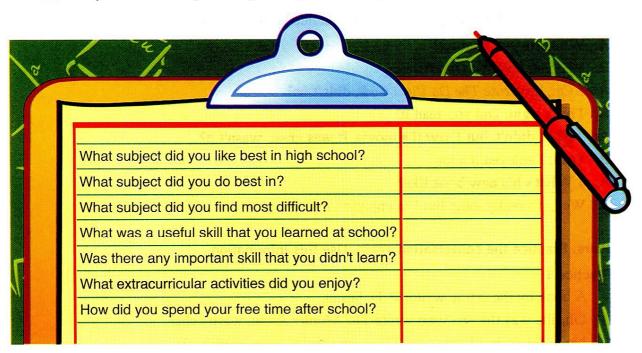
B. Listen again. Were the people surprised by the extra detail they heard?

Surprised		Not surprised idaminate com	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

### 4

#### JOIN IN

A. Complete the survey about your high school experience.



- B. Pairs. Compare your answers in A with a partner. Ask follow-up questions to get more information.
  - A: What subject did you like best in high school?
  - B: I guess it was chemistry.
  - A: Chemistry! What did you like about it?
  - B: We had a great teacher. He made it really fun and interesting.

## People in the News

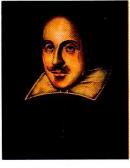


## LESSON 1: Famous people

### WHAT DID THEY DO?

A. Pairs. Look at the people in the photos. What were they famous for? Take notes and talk with your partner about what you know.











Walt Disney

Shakespeare

Indira Gandhi

Nureyev

Charlie Chaplin



#### Track 30 B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: What are you reading?
- B: 1 A new book by Dan Brown.
- A: 2 Oh, he wrote The Da Vinci Code, didn't he?
- **B**: That's right. Did you read it?
- A: 3 No, I didn't, but I saw the movie. It was great, wasn't it?
- B: Yeah, I enjoyed it a lot.
- A: 4 What's his new book like?
- B: Well, it's really long, but I'm enjoying it so far.

### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 A book by the crime writer P. D. James.
- 2 Oh, she was the one who wrote The Murder Room, wasn't she?
- No, I didn't, but I saw it on TV. It was really scary, wasn't it?
- How are you enjoying her new book?

#### Practice 2

- 1 A new book by Isabel Allende.
- Oh, she's great. She wrote The House of the Spirits, didn't she?
- Yes, I did. It was fantastic, wasn't it?
- What do you think of her new book?

### LANGUAGE FOCUS: TAG QUESTIONS

#### Track 31 A. Listen and practice.

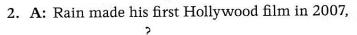
She was a writer, wasn't she?	Yes, she was.
	No, she wasn't.
They were in the Harry Potter movies,	Yes, they were.
weren't they?	No, they weren't.
He wrote The Da Vinci Code, didn't he?	Yes, he did.
A STATE OF S	No, he didn't.
They appeared in the <i>Titanic</i> movie,	Yes, they did.
didn't they?	No, they didn't

S	Track 3
CD	Track 3

B. Pairs. Complete the conversations with tag questions. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.

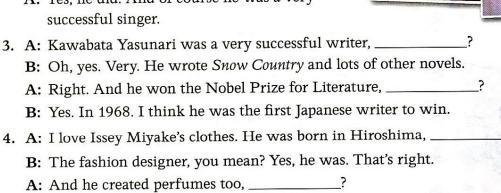
1.	A:	J. K. Rowling wrote the Harry Potter books,		
	B:	Yes, she did. I read all of them. They were		
		great,?		

**A**: Yes, they were.



B: Yes, I think so. And he used to act on television in Korea, \_\_\_\_

A: Yes, he did. And of course he was a very successful singer.



C. Groups. Write three statements about famous people you know about. Use tag questions. Then share them with the group. What else do your classmates know about these people?

A: Beyoncé was one of Destiny's Child, wasn't she?

B: Yes. Perfumes and colognes for both women and men.

B: Yes, she was. And so was Michelle Williams.



Track 33 A. Listen to conversations about people in the news. Number the people they are talking about from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.

a writer	an actress
an actor	a music group
a movie director	an opera singer

- B. Listen again and circle the correct words.
  - 1. His books have / haven't been made into movies.
  - 2. She almost never / quite often works in films.
  - 3. They write most / all of their own songs.
  - 4. They're going to see / have already seen her perform.
  - 5. They agreed / didn't agree about his last film.



### JOIN IN

A. Prepare six statements about famous singers, actors, writers, and movie directors. Make two of your statements false. Then read them to your parnter. Can they correct the false information?



Steven Spielberg directed the movie Seven Samurai, didn't he?

No, I don't think so. Kurosawa directed it.

### LESSON 2: Celebrities

### SUCCESSFUL PEOPLE IN THE ARTS

Track 34 A. Look at the occupations and the people below. Number the pictures with the correct occupation.

1. an opera singer

4. a novelist

7. an illusionist

2. a composer

5. a recording artist

8. a film director

3. an actress

6. an artist

9. a violinist



Pablo Picasso



David Blaine



Mozart



Yunjin Kim



Peter Jackson



Luciano Pavarotti



Vanessa Mae



Karena Lam



J. K. Rowling

- B. Pairs. What have the people in A done? Do you know their work? Talk about it with your partner.
- C. Class activity. Can you name five famous people in the arts today from your country or other countries you know? What do they do?

Sumi Jo is a famous opera singer. She's from Korea.

#### **CONVERSATION STRATEGY: EXPRESSING DEGREES OF CERTAINTY**



### Track 35 A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Do you know when the Beatles first became popular?
  - **B**: I'm pretty sure it was in the 1960s.
  - A: Are you sure? Wasn't it later than that?
  - B: It could have been in the 1970s. Somewhere around then, I think.
- 2. A: Do you remember who wrote the James Bond novels?
  - B: I'm not sure, but I'm almost certain it was Ian Fleming.
  - A: And when did he write them?
  - **B:** I'm not sure. I suppose it was in the 1950s or 60s.



B. Notice how we can express degrees of certainty. We can also use these expressions:

When did the Beatles first become popular?

It must have been...

more certain

I'm almost certain it was...

I'm pretty sure it was...

It was most likely...

It could have been...

I suppose it was...

less certain



Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to show degrees of certainty.

C. Pairs. Practice asking and answering these questions. Choose expressions to express how certain you are of the answer.

- 1. A. Who recorded the song We Belong Together?
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_ (Madonna, Mariah Carey, CoCo Lee)
- 2. A. Who wrote the opera Madam Butterfly?
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_ (Puccini, Mozart, Elton John)
- 3. A. Who wrote the song *Imagine?* 
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_(Elvis Presley, Stevie Wonder, John Lennon)
- 4. A. When did the first Harry Potter movie come out?
  - \_\_\_\_\_(1999, 2001, 2003)

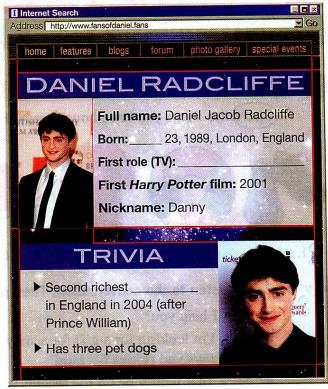
D. Pairs. Practice the conversations in A again. This time use your own information.

#### LISTEN AND UNDERSTAND



Track 36 A. Listen to information about people in the arts. Add the missing information.





B. Listen again and correct any errors in the information you wrote.

#### 4 JOIN IN

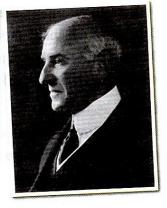
A. Pairs. Work together to prepare four questions like this about famous people.

Who was the musical Phantom of the Opera written by? Was it Elton John or Andrew Lloyd Webber?

When did Picasso live? Was it in the 19th century or the 20th century?







B. Group activity. Take turns asking and answering your questions from A.

# unit Shopping

### LESSON 1: In a store

#### WHERE CAN I FIND CHILDREN'S TOYS?

A. (Circle) the items you have bought recently. What else have you bought?





#### B. Pairs. Listen to the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Can I help you?
- B: Yes. I'm looking for a gift for a six-year-old. 1 Can you tell me where I can find toys and things for kids?
- A: Sure, that would be on the second floor, near the elevator.
- B: Thanks. 2 And do you sell sandwiches or cakes here?
- A: No, I'm afraid not. There are no restaurants or other places to eat in the store.
- B: OK. 3 Well, do you know where I can get something light to eat around here?
- A: Actually, there's a very nice cafe about a block down the street. It's called Superchef. It's great.
- B: 4 Thanks very much. I'll try it.

#### C. Pairs. Practice the conversation again. Use this information.

#### Practice 1

- 1 Do you know where the children's section is?
- 2 Could you tell me if there's a cafeteria in the store?
- 3 Do you know if there's a cafe or something near here?
- It sounds perfect. Thanks.

#### Practice 2

- Do you know if there's a toy section here?
- 2 Is there anywhere to buy food in the store?
- 3 Can you tell me where I could get something to eat?
- That'll do. Thanks a lot.

### LANGUAGE FOCUS: EMBEDDED QUESTIONS



A. Listen and practice.

	Embedded <i>yes/no</i> questions
Is there a cafe near here?	Do you know if there's a cafe near here?
	Could you tell me if there's a cafe near here?
	Embedded Wh- questions
Where can I buy toys?	Can you tell me where I can buy toys?
Where's the closest ATM?	Do you know where the closest ATM is?
When does the store close?	Do you know when the store closes?
	Could you tell me when the store closes?

1.	A:	?	
		[What hours are department stores open here:	
	В:	Yeah, I think they usually open at 10 in the morning and close at 6 p.m.	I A A PA
2.	A:		
		[Is there a good store in this neighborhood?]	Clour Con Gab
	B:	Yes, I think Liberty House is pretty good.	
3.	A:	?	
		[Are they having any sales at the moment?]	
	В:	I'm not sure. But if you like, we can look in the paper to check.	irLanguage.com
4.	A:	Good idea.	? [And where's
		a good place to get computers and electronic s	tuff?]
	B:	Computer World on High Street is pretty goo	d. They have a good
		selection and their prices are reasonable.	
5.	<b>A</b> :	A couple more things	?
		[Where's a good place to buy clothes?]	
	B:	I always find they have good things at the sto	res on Pine Street.
6.	A:	OK	_? [And do all of the stores
		thora tales aredit cardell	
		there take credit cards?]	

C. Pairs. Practice the conversations again. Use true information.

#### LISTEN AND UNDERSTAND



- Track 40 A. Listen to people in different sections of a store. Number where they are from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.
  - B. Listen again. Check (✓) which of the two statements is true.

4		TT.	1 . 1		
	2	He	TIVAC	cotton.	
1.	a.	110	TITICO	COLLOII.	

- **b.** He bought them without trying them on. \_\_\_\_
- 2. a. He's looking for a table and chairs.
  - b. He decided to take the first set. \_\_\_\_

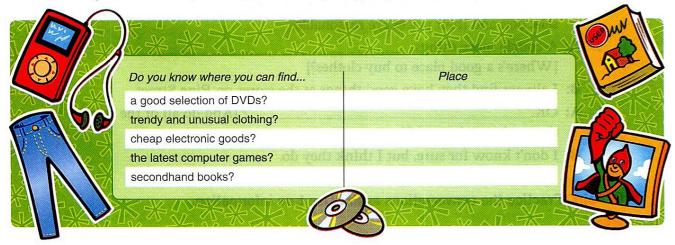
-			
3	2	The radio ha	is a maniial
J.	u.	The radio me	is a manage.

- **b.** They weren't able to tune into a Spanish station.
- 4. a. He is in the sporting goods department.
  - **b.** He wants to play ice-hockey. \_\_\_\_
- 5. a. He asked how long they would take to develop.
  - **b.** She advised him not to smile. \_\_\_\_



#### JOIN IN

A. Groups. Where is a good place to buy these things in your town or city? Complete the form, then discuss with your group members.



- A: Do you know where you can find a good selection of DVDs?
- B: Maybe at Studio Records. You can also get cheap DVDs at...

## LESSON 2: Shopping problems

#### PROBLEMS WITH PURCHASES



Track 41 A. Match the problems with the items. Then listen and repeat.

1. a tear

3. a crack

5. damaged

7. a stain

9. a scratch

2. a hole

4. broken

6. something missing

8. a burn mark



B. Pairs. Look at the things that people have purchased. How many problems can you find? Compare what you've found with your partner.







- A: The table has a missing leg.
- B: The leg of the table has a crack.
- C. Pairs. Look around the classroom. Can you find items in the classroom with any of the problems from A? Discuss what you find with your partner.

#### **CONVERSATION STRATEGY: POLITE COMPLAINTS**



#### A. Pairs. Listen to the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: I'm sorry, there's a problem with this shirt.
  - **B**: Really? What's the problem?
  - A: There seems to be a stain on it, right here.
  - B: Yes, I see what you mean. Let me get you a new one.
- 2. A: I think there's something wrong with this CD player.
  - B: Really? What seems to be the problem?
  - A: I don't think it's working like it should.
  - **B**: Let me check it for you.



B. Notice how we can make complaints politely by being vague. We can also use these expressions:

I think there might be a... Well, I just happened to notice... It seems like it just isn't working...

Pairs. Now practice the conversations in A again, using different expressions to make polite complaints.

C. Pairs. Choose phrases to complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

It doesn't seem to be working right. Well, the heel seems to be damaged. Yes, it seems to have a tear in the collar.

It looks like it has a crack in it.

- 1. A: Excuse me, but there's a problem with this watch.
  - **B:** Really? What seems to be wrong with it?

**A**:

**B**: I'll take a look at it for you.

2. A: There's something wrong with this shirt.

B: There is?

B: Yes, it does. Let me get another one for you.

3. A: Is that shoe OK?

B:

A: Really? Let me get another one for you.

D. Pairs. Practice the conversations again. This time suggest a different problem with each item.



#### LISTEN AND UNDERSTAND

Track 43 A. Listen to people describing problems with things they've bought. Number five of the items from 1 to 5 in the order you hear about them.











- B. Listen again. What happened in each case? Choose the correct answer.
  - a. The item was exchanged for another.
  - **b.** The store gave a refund.
  - c. The customer kept the item.
- 3.



#### 4 JOIN IN

A. Role-play. Take turns being a store clerk and a customer who is returning things to a store. First write about problems with the items below, then practice conversations like the one below.



Clerk:

Can I help you?

Customer: Yes, I bought this clock the other day, but there seems to be a problem

with it.

Clerk:

Really? What appears to be the problem?

Customer: Well, there seems to be something broken at the back.

Clerk:

Let me take a look. Yes, I see what you mean. Let me get you another

one. Do you have your receipt, by the way?

Customer: Yes, here it is.

Clerk:

Thanks. Sorry about the problem. I'll just be a minute.

# UNIT 2: Lesson 2



### 4 JOIN IN

- A. Role-play. Take turns being a patient and a doctor at a health clinic. Use the sample dialogue and problems below. Student B looks at this page. Student A looks at page 17.
  - A: What can I do for you today?
  - B: I have \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - A: That's too bad. How long have you had the problem?
  - B: For a week.
  - A: Mmm. I see. Well, I'll give you\_
  - B: Thank you very much.

Problem	How long?	Treatment
the flu	four days	rest and something for your throat
a fever	two days	some tablets and something to help you sleep

# QUESTIONS WITH LIKE / INTERESTED IN; OBJECT PRONOUNS

#### A. Review the language box.

Do you like film music?	Yes, I really like it.				
Does he like Jane?	Yes, he likes her.				
Does she like Bob?	Yes, she likes him.				
Do you like action movies?	Yeah, I like them a lot.				
	Yes, I love them.				
	They're OK.				
	No, I don't like them very much.				
	No, I can't stand them.				
Are you interested in pop music?	Yes, I am. I like it a lot.				
	No, I'm not very interested in it.				
Are you interested in old movies?	No, I don't like them at all.				

B.	Complete	the	conversations.	Use	language	from	Unit	1.
----	----------	-----	----------------	-----	----------	------	------	----

1.	A: Do you action movies?
	B: Yes, I do. What about you?
	A: Yeah, I like a lot. I'm crazy about Jet Li—his movies are great.
	B: Oh, I haven't seen
2.	A: Do you the Harry Potter movies?
	B: Yes, I do. Why?
	A: Well, there's a Harry Potter film festival next week. Are you in going?
	B: Sure! That sounds great.
3.	A: Do you baseball?
	B: Oh,OK. What about you?
	A: Um, I really like
4.	A: Are you in jazz music?
	B: I don't know. I don't know much about How about you?
	A: Yes, I really like
5.	A: Do you to watch science fiction movies?
	B: Oh, yes. They're my favorites. Especially the Matrix movies.
	A: Me too. I've seen two of The special effects are really cool.

### PRESENT PERFECT TENSE AND PAST TENSE

#### A. Review the language box.

Have you ever broken your arm?	Yes, I have.			
	No, I haven't.			
	Yes, I broke my arm a few years ago.			
Has he ever been in the hospital?	Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't.			
she	Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't.			
they	Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.			
l've twisted	my ankle a couple of times.			
He's also twisted	his ankle.			
She's never twisted	her ankle.			
I twisted	my ankle last summer.			

#### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 2.

1.	A:	you ever (play) baseball?
	B:	Yes, I (have). I (play) a lot—I'm on the school team.
2.	A:	What (happen) to Tom?
	B:	He(burn) his hand.
	A:	How did he do that?
	B:	Oh, he was cooking and the oil (be) too hot.
	A:	Oh, that's terrible. I hope it's not too serious.
3.	A:	I don't feel well. I have a really sore throat.
	B:	Oh, that's too bad you (take) anything for it?
	A:	No, not yet.
	B:	Well, you should get some throat spray from the drugstore.
4.	A:	So, how are you today?
	B:	Not very well. I have a backache.
	A:	I see. How long you (have) the problem?
	B:	For a week.
5.	A:	Have you (go) hiking?
	B:	Yes, I (go) last year. How about you?
	B:	Oh, yes. I ( <i>go</i> ) many times.

#### COMPARATIVES

#### A. Review the language box.

Which one do you like better?	I like this one better.
Which one is more expensive?	This one is more expensive.
Which ones are cheaper?	These are <i>cheaper</i> .
Which one costs more?	This one costs <i>more</i> .
Do you think this one is good?	No, I like this one better.
Silk is more expensive than cotton.	Sept days transfer on
It's more comfortable.	and the second second second second
Silk is lighter than cotton.	
Cotton is easier to wash.	
Note: use more with comfortable, expensive.	of any of the second and a second reservoir and a

D	Camandala Aba	conversations.	Hen	language	from	Unit 3
D.	Complete the	conversations.	OSE	ialiguage	HOIL	Ullit J.

1.	A:	What do you think? Should I buy the dark shirt or the light shirt?
	B:	The light one, I think. I think it suits you (good).
	A:	I do too.
2.	A:	Is Yuriko a (good) tennis player than I am?
	B:	I'm not sure. She hits the ball (hard) than you, but you
		move (fast).
3.	A:	So, how is college compared to high school?
	B:	Well, it's (difficult) than high school.
4.	A:	Which jacket are you going to buy Jae-won?
	B:	This one. It's (expensive) than the other one, but the cloth is better.
5.	A:	These sweaters are cute. Which do you like (good)?
	B:	They're both cute, but I think I like the pink one (good).
		It's (stylish).
	A:	I agree. And it feels (soft) too.

### **SUPERLATIVES**

#### A. Review the language box.

near the subway. Brookdale, just around the corner. n is <i>the busiest</i> .
is the businet
i is the pusiest.
ne mall.
ntown.
ne city center.
V

**B.** Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 4.

1.	A:	What's (interesting) city you've been to?	
	B:	Oh, Montreal—I think it's (pretty) city in Canada.	
2.	A:	What's (good) street for cafes?	
	B:	Oh, that's Ninth Avenue. It's a really cool area.	
3.	A:	What's (easy) way to get to the airport?	
	B:	The airport bus is (convenient) and it's also	
		(cheap)—a taxi costs a lot more.	
4.	A:	Who's (good) teacher at this school?	
	B:	Well, I think Ms. Santiago is (good).	
5.	A:	Who's (rich) person in the world?	
	B:	Well, some people say Bill Gates is (rich).	
6.	A:	What country has (big) population?	
	B:	I think China does.	
7.	A:	What's (tall) tower in the world?	
	B:	Is it the CN Tower in Canada?	
	B:	Yes, I think it is.	
8.	A:	What's(bad) thing in your neighborhood?	
	B:	My neighbors! They are (noisy) people I know.	

#### SIMPLE PAST QUESTIONS

#### A. Review the language box.

Did you have a good weekend?	Yes, I did.
Did you go to a movie on Saturday night?	No, I didn't. I stayed home.
What did you do on Sunday?	I saw a movie.
Where did you go?	I went to a party.
Who did you go with?	I went with a few friends.
How was your weekend?	It was great.
What did he do yesterday?	He studied for a test.
Where did she go Saturday?	She went out with friends.
Where did they go on vacation?	They went to Florida.

### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 5.

1.	A:	you (enjoy) your vacation?
	B:	Yes, it (be) terrific, thanks.
	A:	Where you (go)?
	B:	We went to Hawaii. It's gorgeous!
2.	A:	you (go) to the basketball game last night?
	B:	Yes, I did. It (be) great. What did you and Maria do last night?
	A:	We tired, so we (stay) home and (watch) TV.
3.	A:	you (go) anywhere last weekend?
	B:	Yeah, I (go) to the beach on Saturday.
	A:	Oh, yeah? you (go) surfing?
	B:	No, the waves weren't good, so I (swim) instead.
4.	A:	you (study) over the weekend?
	B:	No, I didn't ( <i>do</i> ) you?
	A:	Yes, I (study) a little bit.
5.	A:	your parents (buy) a new car?
	B:	No. Why do you ask?
	A:	I (see) a sports car in front of your house.
	B:	Oh, that's my uncle's car.

#### **VERBS OF OBLIGATION**

#### A. Review the language box.

What do I have to take?	You don't have to take anything.
What does he have to take?	He has to take a gift.
Do we have to take anything?	You could take some flowers.
Does she <i>need to</i> take something?	She <i>ought to</i> take something.
What should they take?	They should take a small gift.
You shouldn't arrive late.	Company of the Compan
You need to arrive on time.	
Note: could, should, and ought to are followed	owed by the base form of the verb.

### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 6.

1.	A:	I've been invited to a barbecue at my manager's house. What kind of clothes
		I wear?
	B:	Well, you wear anything too formal. You should wear
		something casual.
	A:	OK. And what time I arrive? Is it OK to arrive early?
	B:	No, you arrive early. It's all right to arrive a little late, but you
		arrive too late. You to be there about 15 to 30 minutes after the time
		your host has said.
2.	A:	Have you ever been to a baby shower before?
	B:	Yes, I have. Why?
	A:	I've been invited to one for someone from work, but I don't know
		what to bring.
	B:	Well, you buy a gift—for the baby.
	A:	Really? Do I to buy something expensive?
	B:	No, you don't to. You can buy a small present.

### PAST TENSE AND PAST CONTINUOUS

#### A. Review the language box.

I ran into a wall	while I was parking the car.
I damaged the car	while I was taking it out of the garage.
I bumped into another car	while I was passing it.
You dropped a dish	while you were cooking.
He called	while you were watching TV.
She lost her wallet	while she was traveling in Europe.
They saw the accident	while they were walking to work.
We fell asleep	while we were watching a movie.

### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 7.

1.		Where's your camera?
	B:	I (take) a picture at the river, and I (drop) it in the water.
	A:	Oh, no. It was a really nice one too.
2.	A:	What happened to your hand?
	B:	I (chop) vegetables and (cut) my finger.
	A:	Oh, no. Does it hurt?
	B:	Well, it did. But it's not too bad now.
3.	A:	I (see) Ken yesterday.
	B:	Really? Where did you see him?
	A:	Denise and I (eat) lunch at a cafe, and he (come) in.
	B:	Oh, and (talk) to him?
	A:	Yes, he (sit) down and we had a nice time.
4.	A:	So, how did you two meet?
	B:	I (work) in London when we (meet).
	A:	Really? What were you doing there?
	B:	I (work) in a bank and she (be) my boss.

#### GOING TO AND WILL FOR FUTURE

#### A. Review the language box.

What are you going to do for summer vacation?	I'm going to go to Indonesia.
What will you do for summer vacation?	I'll probably go to Indonesia.
What's he going to do for summer vacation?	He's going to go to Indonesia.
Are you going to travel with friends?	Yes, I am.
Will you travel with friends?	Yes, I will. / No, I won't.
	No, I'm not going to.
Is she going to travel this summer?	Yes, she is. / No, she isn't.
Are they going to visit friends?	Yes, they are. / No, they're not.

### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 8.

1.	A:	What are you do next summer?
	B:	I'm go to Blue Lake for a couple of weeks.
	A:	Oh, yeah? That sounds nice.
2.	A:	Are you go back home next summer?
	B:	Yes, I think I I really miss my family.
3.	A:	What are you do after you graduate?
	B:	I'm going go to Green Island.
	A:	Yeah? What are you do there?
	B:	Well, first I travel around for a while. But I also look
		for work there.
	A:	How long you stay there?
	B:	I'll be there for eight weeks altogether.
4.	A:	Hi, Mom. I'm study with Josh after class today.
	B:	OK you be home for dinner?
	A:	I don't know. I call you.
	B:	Well, all right.
5.	A:	What are you do this weekend?
	B:	I'm go to the movies with a friend. Do you want to come?
	A:	Sure That sounds great Thanks

### QUANTIFIERS

#### A. Review the language box.

read quite a lot.
lo, I don't read <i>many</i> .
lo, I don't read <i>any.</i>
es, I watch a lot of TV.
watch quite a lot.
No, I don't watch much (TV).
No, I don't watch any (TV).
Y

### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 9.

1.	A: Are you going to the concert this weekend?
	<b>B:</b> No, I'm not. I don't go to concerts because the tickets are so expensive.
2.	A: Are there students at your school?
	<b>B</b> : Yes, it's a big school, so there are of students.
3.	A: Do you go to football games?
	B: Yes, my friends are on the team, so I go to
4.	A: Do you like cooking?
	<b>B:</b> Yes, I like it In fact, I'm a chef!
5.	A: Do you like playing video games?
	B: Oh, yeah. I like them
	A: Do you spend time playing?
	<b>B:</b> Yes. And my parents complain about it!
6.	A: What kinds of programs do you like to watch?
	<b>B:</b> I watch of movies and sports programs.

### MODAL VERB CAN (FOR ABILITY)

#### A. Review the language box.

Can you play a musical instrument?	Yes, I can. I (can) play the piano.
	No, I can't.
Can you play a musical instrument?  How well can she sing?  Could he speak English three years ago?  Can they draw?	She can sing pretty well.
	Not too bad.
	She can't sing very well.
Could he speak English three years ago?	Yes, he could.
	No, he couldn't.
Can they draw?	Yes, they can.
	No, they can't.

#### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 10.

1.	A: Dad, when you were nine, you play the piano?
	B: Yes, I I played every day.
	A: Really? Why don't you play now?
2.	A: My mom is a terrific cook. She make all kinds of food.
	B: Oh, yeah? And what about you? you cook?
	A: No, I! I burn everything.
3.	A: you water-ski, Carlo?
	B: Not very well. What about you?
	A: I don't know. I've never tried water-skiing.
4.	A: Do you know anyone who design websites?
	<b>B:</b> Yes, my sister She's very creative.
	A: Well, do you think she design one for me?
5.	A: you speak English better now than you when you started
	this course?
	R. Yes I think I

#### TAG QUESTIONS

#### A. Review the language box.

You're in my English class, aren't you?	Yes, I am.
	No, I'm not.
She was a writer, wasn't she?	Yes, she was.
	No, she wasn't.
He wrote The Da Vinci Code, didn't he?	Yes, he did.
	No, he didn't.
We have a test tomorrow, don't we?	Yes, we do.
	No, we don't.
They were in the Harry Potter movies, weren't they?	Yes, they were.
	No, they weren't.
They appeared in the Titanic movie, didn't they?	Yes, they did.
	No, they didn't

### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 11.

B: I'm not sure. Do you go to City University?

1. A: Hi, I think we've met before, \_\_\_\_?

- A: Yes, I do.
- 2. A: Jim Carrey always makes comedies, \_\_\_\_?
  - B: Well, he usually does, but he has also made a drama.
  - A: Oh, yes, that's right.
- 3. A: I love action movies, and I really like Jet Li's movies.
  - B: Jet Li? He's from the U.S., \_\_\_\_?
  - A: No, I think he was born in Beijing.
- 4. A: You can play the piano, \_\_\_\_?
  - B: Yes, but I don't play very well.
- 5. A: Titanic was based on a true story, \_\_\_\_\_?
  - B: Yes. Definitely. It happened in 1912.
  - A: It was a great film, \_\_\_\_\_? Who was the star?
  - B: Um. I think it was Leonardo di Caprio, \_\_\_\_\_

#### **EMBEDDED QUESTIONS**

#### A. Review the language box.

	Embedded Yes/No questions
Is there a cafe near here?	Do you know if there's a cafe near here?
	Could you tell me if there's a cafe near here?
Are there any shoe stores around here?	Do you know if there are any shoe stores around here?
	Could you tell me if there are any shoe stores around here?
	Embedded Wh- questions
Where can I buy toys?	Can you tell me where I can buy toys?
Where's the closest ATM?	Do you know where the closest ATM is?
When does the store close?	Do you know when the store closes?
	Could you tell me when the store closes?
What's the nearest subway station?	Do you know what the nearest subway station is?

#### B. Complete the conversations. Use language from Unit 12.

1.	A:	? [Does this shirt come in a	
		different color?]	
	B:	No, I'm sorry. We only have it in blue.	
2.	A:	? [Is there an ATM near here?]	
	B:	Yes, there's one in the convenience store next door.	
3.	A:	Oh, no! There's a stain on my pants.	?
		[Where's the nearest dry cleaner's?]	
	B:	I'm not sure. But if you like, I'll look online to find out.	
4.	A:	Do you have everything you need for vacation?	
	B:	Almost. I just want to buy a book for the plane ride.	
		? [Where's a good bookstore	
		around here?]	
5.	A:	Welcome to the National Museum. How may I help you?	
	B:	? [Where is the Egyptian art?]	
	A:	It's on the second floor.	
	B:	Thank you very much.	

# Vocabulary

### **UNIT 1**

action

animated

art exhibition

baseball game

be interested in

car show

comedy

dance competition

drama

film festival

go out

horror

ice-skating competition

it

movies

musical

play(n)

rock concert

romance

science fiction

sorry

tae kwan do demonstration

talent show

them

western

acupuncture

ankle

antacid tablets

antiseptic cream

arm

aspirin

bandages

bee

brace

break (v)

cast

cold(n)

cough drops

cut (n)

dry skin

eye drops

faint (v)

fall

fever

headache

indigestion

infection

lotion

muscle ointment

muscle pain

scratch (n)

sling

sore eye

sore throat

sting

throat spray

twist (v)

#### **UNIT 3**

attractive

belt

better

boots

boring

bracelet

cheaper

cool

earrings

jacket

jeans

more expensive

necklace

old-fashioned

pants

sandals

apologize

best and the second sec

scarf

shirt

watch

shoes cleanliness

shorts complain

sneakers convenience

socks convenience store

stylish

sunglasses drugstore

sweater elevator

tie most

top neighborhood

umbrella newsstand

wallet noise level

public transportation

recreational facility

rent

safety

parking

security

services

supermarket

beach

car race

catch a wave

dog show

eat out

entry fee

events

farmer's market

food fair

go to a party

gym

I'm not sure.

international

mountains

movie theater

next

sleep in

stay home

street festival

video game

visit friends

weekend

world music festival

#### UNIT 6

anniversary

baby shower

birthday cake

bring

candy

card

confetti

could

decorations

exchange

firecrackers

flowers

gift

light (v)

ought

picnic

put up

send

should

shouldn't

sing

So that means...

take off

thank-you note

throw

traditional songs

accident

airline

appointment

best friend .

borrow

damage

ever

forget

get into trouble

get lost

ID

lose

miss (v)

mistake

pay attention

rob

trip (v)

What happened?

### **UNIT 8**

bellhop

by myself

camping trip

car trip

chef

driver

flight

foreign

guest

hotel

kitchen assistant

long

office

receptionist

room attendant

security guard

server

summer

telephone operator

uniform

vacation

a lot (of)

book (n)

concert

documentary

download

evening

family

hobbies

lately

listen

mainly

music

nature program

nightlife

opera

reading

sporting event

sports

studying

TV program

visitor

work

#### **UNIT 10**

piano

guitar

sort of

well (adv)

dancing

tennis

cooking

drawing

photography

kayak

health education

urban planning

media studies

information technology

interior design

sales and marketing

sociology

child education

applied arts

website design

how to persuade people

weaving and pottery

choosing colors

road design

parks and gardens

filmmaking

teenage crime

citizens' rights

learning to read

nutrition for teenagers

home decoration

cost

reasons

examples

location

#### **UNIT 11**

actor

actress

almost

artist

ballet dancer

certain

composer

film director

illusionist

most likely

movie director

music group

novelist

opera singer

pretty sure

recording artist

violinist

writer

#### **UNIT 12**

toy

CD

T-shirt

Do you know...?

magazine

chocolates

baseball cap

photography

electronics

children's

furniture

sporting goods

menswear

tear (n)

hole

crack (n)

broken

damaged

something missing

stain (n)

burn mark

seem to be

# Student CD Track List

This CD contains highlights from each unit plus new conversations for extra practice.

Unit	Track	Content
	1	Title and copyright
1		
	5	Page 12, Activity B
2		
	7	Page 12, Activity C, Practice 2
3		
	11	Page 24, Activity B
4		
	13	Page 24, Activity C, Practice 2
5		
	17	Page 36, Activity B
6		
	19	Page 36, Activity C, Practice 2

Unit	Track	Content
7		
	23	Page 48, Activity B
8		
	25	Page 48, Activity C, Practice 2
9		
	29	Page 60, Activity B
10		
	31	Page 60, Activity C, Practice 2
11		
	35	Page 72, Activity B
12		
	37	Page 72, Activity C, Practice 2

A separate Class Audio CD containing the complete audio program is available for teachers.

# And learn how to speak English naturally

JOIN IN develops speaking skills by focusing on what grammar and language to use and how to sound natural.

Conversation Strategies in every unit encourage students to notice a feature of spoken English before they practice it in conversation.

Conversation Strategies include how to...

- → Show interest
- → Use echo questions
- → Give polite negative answers
- -> Check understanding
- → Ask for clarification
- Express uncertainty

AND MANY MORE



. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .





Jack C. Richards & Kerry O'Sullivan

"To learn English, you need to understand what people say as well as notice how they say it. We hope that you will enjoy using JOIN IN to help you improve your English through guided practice in speaking and listening."

#### **AVAILABLE IN 3 LEVELS**

From false beginner to intermediate
Student Book with Student CD (contains audio
highlights for self study)
Teacher's Book

Class CDs Test Pack with CD







www.irLanguage.com





To order Oxford University Press publications, please see our latest catalog or contact your local Oxford office or sales representative.